The Courier-Journal.

VOL. XXXIX. LOUISVILLE, SUNDAY AND MONDAY, MAY 16 AND 17, 1869. NEW SERIES. NO. 275.

WASHINGTON.

The Alabama Question in a New Light.

A Slight Drawback to Mr. Motley's Mission.

Military Commissions to be Renewed in the South.

The Killing of Adkins to be Investigated.

Separations for the Ninth Census.

Removal of the Currency Printing to New York.

Twenty-one States Ratify the Fifteenth Amendment.

&c., &c., &c.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

ANOTHER PHASE OF THE ALABAMA QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—A letter has been received in this city from London from a prominent American and an ex-official of this government, in which the writer says that no matter what instructions this administration may send over regarding new negotiations on the Alabama question, the British government will never consent to the settlement of the claims except by international arbitration; and unless the administration accepts this from the start as the proper basis, no negotiations of any character need be expected. Minister Motley will be here next week to have a final conference with Secretary Fish before sailing for London.

ALLEGED OUTRAGES IN THE SOUTH.

After some discussion of the question it has been decided to instruct military commanders in [illegible] to [illegible] alleged outrages there, especially in Georgia. Instructions have been sent to the military commanders in Georgia to institute a thorough examination into the recent killing of Mr. Adkins, a member of the Georgia Legislature, and to find out, if possible, the perpetrators of the assassination, that justice may be meted out to them.

[illegible]

The sub-committee of the special committee of the House, appointed on the census, consisting of Messrs. Garfield, Holdeman, Laflin, Wilkinson and Collins, will get here on the 25th inst. to prepare a bill providing for taking the ninth census.

[illegible]

Workmen are now engaged in removing the heavy hydraulic presses from the upper story of the Treasury Department building, and they will be shipped to New York. About seventy-six of these presses [illegible] in the building, though fifty only were in working order. A number of engravers have been discharged from the currency division, and it is thought that the entire work of engraving and printing of the currency will be removed to New York in a short time, as Secretary Boutwell has already given a large portion of the printing that has heretofore been done in this division of the Treasury to the Bank Note Companies of New York.

HEAVY LAW SUITS.

The Commissioner of Patents having been employed as counsel in law suits in which parties were interested, has left the office temporarily in charge of a chief examiner, while these parties were before it. It was from parties interested that the telegram was sent to Senator Trumbull to prevent Fisher's confirmation, and stating that he was employed as counsel in five cases involving several millions of dollars.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.

Official advices have been received that twenty-one States have ratified the 15th constitutional amendment for universal manhood suffrage. The assent of three more States are necessary to make it a part of the Constitution.

[To the Associated Press.]

THE LUTHERAN SYNOD VISIT THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—About two hundred Lutheran ministers paid their respects to President Grant this morning. They were received in the east room. The President, on entering, was greeted with applause, when Rev. Dr. Palham, of New York, addressed him as follows: "It is not usual for ecclesiastic bodies, holding their sessions at the capital of the nation, to desire to pay their respects to the honored Chief Magistrate, but the custom of boring him with long speeches is, in my opinion, more honored in the breach than the observance. I shall, therefore, content myself with merely introducing these members of the General Synod, and these follow the example of the illustrious chief who said 'let us have peace,' and so I shall say, let us have peace. You see before you the representatives of the General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the United States. They are the representatives of twenty-two synods, and from various parts of the Union. They are not, however, representatives of the whole body of Lutherans in the country. There are large bodies of Lutherans in the South yet unreconstructed; others in the Far West not Americanized; and there are some in the Middle States who, unfortunately, are not with us to-day, but all true and loyal men. I trust the day will come when the entire Lutheran Church will be in the unity of the spirit and bonds of peace. I wish, sir, I could relieve you from the labor of shaking hands and do it by proxy. If you would give me a hearty shake of the hand and I then shake hands with all my brethren here, perhaps they would be satisfied with this."

GRANT REFUSES TO SHAKE HANDS BY PROXY.

There was a general response of "No, no; we want to shake hands with him." The President then said to Dr. Palham, Gen. Eaken, and Rev. Dr. Butler that he would shake hands with them individually. The ministers then separately approached the President, and were introduced and shaken by the hand. The President, when the ceremony was over, entered into conversation for a few minutes with the few who remained.

APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments have been made by the President: W. D. Farrand, Consul at Callao; Geo. R. Maxwell, Register of the Land Office for Utah; H. C. Bennett, Pension Agent at San Francisco; A. W. Scott, Receiver of Public Moneys at Helena, Ark. J. K. Remington, late of the Internal Revenue office, has been appointed chief clerk in the secret service division of the Treasury Department.

CURRENCY.

No fractional currency has been printed this week. Shipments, $684,400; amount redeemed, $334,200. National bank notes issued, $177,020. Actual circulation, $299,810,135.

CINCINNATI.

Enthusiastic Railroad Meeting—Probable Air-line from Cincinnati to Chattanooga.

CINCINNATI, May 15.—The committees of the City Council, Chamber of Commerce, and Board of Trade, held another meeting to-day on the subject of the Southern railroad. Speeches were made by Governor Scott, of South Carolina, General Harrison, President, and Colonel Lowe, Engineer of the Blue Ridge road, South Carolina; Mayor Burdett and Hon. John H. Crozier, of Knoxville; Colonel Terry, of the Knoxville and Kentucky railroad; Colonel [illegible], of the East Tennessee and Georgia railroad; Mr. J. B. [illegible], of Charleston, S. C.; Col. Gaw, of Chattanooga; Dr. Taylor, of Somerset, Ky.; Edward D. Mansfield, of Ohio. The meeting was the largest and most entertaining that has been held. South Carolina proposes to push the Blue Ridge road through if Cincinnati will meet her, and the East Tennessee and Georgia road agrees to permit Cincinnati to fix her own rates and form her own route. There was a large array of figures and estimates submitted in regard to the various routes, and the strongest desire expressed to have the connection made at the earliest period. Since the passage of the Ferguson bill the city has been constantly thronged with visitors from the South. Indications are that still more are coming. The meeting to-day was semi-official. The Council will fix the terminal of the road, probably next Friday. Intermediate points and connections will then remain to be determined. The probability is strong that the road will take an air line from here to Chattanooga.

Division of Church Property.

[From the Lexington Observer and Reporter, 8th.]

The various committees appointed by the two Presbyterian churches of this city to consult as to the distribution of their property in Lexington, met last Tuesday evening and resolved as follows:

That the congregations adhering to the General Assembly unite, and those adhering to the Southern Assembly unite, thus forming two churches.

That the Broadway church be valued at $[illegible],000 and the Market-street church property $[illegible]5,000.

That the property be divided between the two in proportion to membership, the party taking the Broadway church receiving from the other party a sum in proportion to the number of its members.

If the Southern Assembly people take the Broadway church, the other party are to pay them $23,000. If the Assembly party take it the Southern party are to pay them $17,000. The choice of the churches was claimed by and given to the Assembly party. This is the present condition of the controversy. The committees must now refer the whole matter back to the congregations and await their action. We presume further steps in this movement will be taken in a few days.

INDIANAPOLIS.

Adjournment of the Legislature—Radical Inconsistencies—Passage of the Amendment to be Conditionally Certified—Infamous Record.

[Special dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

INDIANAPOLIS, May 15.—Both branches of the Legislature met this morning, and, without transacting any business, adjourned until Monday morning. The constitutional limit of the special session will then expire, when the remaining members will adjourn sine die. The Radical members have placed themselves in a contradictory position in their legislative action. They have decided that they have no power to adjourn for want of the constitutional quorum and hence must continue in session until the constitutional term, forty days, expires. But the House by concurring in the Senate amendment to the specific appropriation bill, and adopting the Senate joint resolution accepting and ratifying the proposed constitutional amendment, where only fifty-six members were present, eleven less than a quorum, they assumed legislative powers. They say they have no legislative power to adjourn but they have to pass important measures. If less than a quorum have the power to ratify the amendment, an act which requires the presence of a constitutional quorum, it must have the power to terminate the session. The Radical members unwittingly furnish the best argument, in their conceding that they have no power to adjourn for want of a quorum but must sit the constitutional term of the session out, that can be made against the legality of their action on ratifying the amendment.

It is asserted by Lieutenant Governor Cumback that Governor Baker and the Secretary of State will certify that the Legislature has ratified the amendment, but some of his friends state that the certificate will set forth the circumstances under which the ratification took place. It is also rumored that Governor Baker will not sign the specific appropriation bill, but the constitution provides that it shall become a law within five days after the general adjournment of the Legislature, unless he returns it to the Secretary of State with his objections, which, it is claimed, he will not do. It will thus become a law, and the State officers will have the appropriations it provides for.

The Sentinel of this morning contains an address, signed by J. M. Hanna, of the Senate, and J. R. Coffroth and John T. Davis, of the House, setting forth all the facts in regard to the course of the Radical members of the Legislature upon the amendment question, and they make a most infamous record of bad faith, violated pledges, and fraudulent action by the dominant party.

NASHVILLE.

The Gubernatorial Contest—A High Old Time Predicted—Union of the M. E. Churches.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

NASHVILLE, May 15.—Almost the only matter of interest that at present disturbs the smooth current of events in Tennessee hinges on the coming Gubernatorial convention. Senter stock has been steadily going up for months past, but with all that, Stokes [illegible] predict his nomination. The convention meets here on Thursday next, and judging from present indications, there will be a high old time before the body adjourns. A number of counties have appointed two sets of delegates, and this, added to the fact that feeling all around runs pretty high, leads people generally to the prediction that the convention will break up in a row.

A lengthy correspondence between the Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church and the Methodist Episcopal Church South, looking to a reunion of the two churches, will be published in the Banner to-morrow. The correspondence was opened on the part of the Northern Bishops, and while it is quite fraternal on both sides, the conclusions arrived at do not warrant the hope of a very speedy union.

BARDSTOWN JUNCTION.

Murder of a White Man by a Negro.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

BARDSTOWN JUNCTION, KY., May 15.—A negro named William Taylor murdered a white man named Arch Jenkins at Nelson Furnace to-day at 10 o'clock. The negro was arrested by Marshal Frank Troutman, and is now at Shepherdsville in jail. He confesses the murder, and says he did it in self-defense. The negro has nearly bled to death from wounds received from a pick-ax, received from a party of three men, who, he says, attacked him. He cut Jenkins with a twelve-inch butcher-knife.

FOREIGN.

[BY OCEAN TELEGRAPH.]

AUSTRIA.

ADDRESS OF THE EMPEROR FRANCIS JOSEPH.

VIENNA, May 15.—The Emperor Francis Joseph, in the closing session of the Reichsrath yesterday, made a long and pleasant speech. He recalled the situation of Austria in 1866; compared that with the present condition of things, and traced the course of the legislation of the Riechsrath since that time. He was rejoiced at the friendly arrangements made with Hungary, and the condition of the finances, and the army, and felt peace was indispensable to national prosperity, and the present relations of Austria with other powers of the world assured him of its continuance. He reviewed the late reforms enacted by the Reichsrath, and hoped they would become the basis of harmonious and pacific relations between the Church and State. In concluding, he thanked all the members for their past exertions, and expressed the hope that all would support the constitution, as Austria offered full liberty to the people of every nation, and guaranteed their right of self-government. The Emperor was often interrupted by loud cheering.

FRANCE.

CONTINUED DISTURBANCES IN PARIS.

PARIS, May 15.—Political meetings in the city continue to be attended with disorder, and the police are frequently obliged to interfere. Several arrests have been made of parties prominent in creating disturbances. The Prefect of Police has issued an order prohibiting gatherings in the streets in the vicinity of the electoral meetings.

THE ARMY TO BE REDUCED.

LONDON, May 15.—Reports which are based on good authority are in circulation that the French Government will soon publish a peaceful manifesto, and simultaneously reduce the army.

DIED.

M. Matique is dead.

ENGLAND.

MR. JOHNSON TAKES LEAVE BY LETTER.

LONDON, May 15.—Mr. Johnson, the American Minister, took a formal leave of the Queen by letter, and not in a personal interview as was reported. He had an interview with Lord Clarendon, the Foreign Secretary, on Thursday, when he officially announced his retirement, and presented Mr. Moran as Charge d'Affaires until the arrival of his successor.

SPAIN.

THE CORTES VOTE AGAINST A REPUBLIC.

MADRID, May 15.—The Cortes have rejected the amendment to the constitution in favor of making Spain a federal republic. The vote stood 182 against to 64 for the amendment. A proposition for the creation of a triennial directory, to be appointed by the Cortes, has been introduced and is now under discussion.

BOSTON.

Railroad Investigation—How the Railroad Kings Operate.

BOSTON, May 14.—The railroad investigating committee of the Legislature had a public meeting this evening, when the testimony given before them in private was repeated. The officers of the Boston, Hartford and Erie railroad were examined, but nothing was shown of the payments of money to improperly influence legislation. Mr. Eldridge, the President, testified that in March of last year, when he was at the head of the New York and Erie railroad, and an exile from New York, Thomas Drew, who has been imprisoned twenty-five days for contempt of Senate, came to him in Boston and said that he proposed to publish certain articles against the management of the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad in the New York papers; and as they would have a tendency to depress the value and break down the securities of the company, and have a bad effect on the pending negotiations for a loan in New York, Eldridge gave Mr. Drew ten thousand dollars out of his own pocket, as he was then carrying from $500,000 to $600,000 worth of stock on his own risk and account, besides having the interests of both corporations pressing on him.

Drew said he could make $25,000 in the New York operation, and that a combination had been formed to affect the value of the securities, and he (Eldridge) knew that an effort had been previously made to break down the securities by telegraphing false sales to New York. The money paid Drew was not charged to either of the roads he was connected with, and was entirely from his private purse.

Mr. Eldridge explained that the charge that six millions had been paid by the Boston, Hartford, and Erie road for lobby purposes was caused by the fact that it was charged to agencies instead of profit and loss, from the difference between the price of stock and bonds in the market.

Drew was absent, and will be examined at a future meeting of the committee.

☞ Eugenie goes to Jerusalem this summer to fulfill a vow made years ago, that if she gave birth to a son she would go and thank God for it on the Mount of Calvary. The son who made the vow worthy of fulfillment goes to witness its observance.

NEW YORK.

State of the Financial and Commercial Markets.

Favorable Condition of the Bank Statement.

The Police Commissioners Don't Harmonize.

An Anglo-American Opinion of the Triple Alliance.

Adjournment of the Universal Peace Society.

&c., &c., &c.

[Special Dispatch to the Courier-Journal.]

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Money shows increased ease at 6@7 per cent. on call. The bank statement is favorable to the tenable resources of the banks, the deposits having increased $5,500,000 and the legal tenders $1,891,000, while in the loans there is an increase of only $1,012,000. The disparity between the increase of deposits and legal tenders shows that the banks are gaining largely in bank currency.

Gold was exceedingly active and buoyant, but toward the close it became evident from the increased cost of carrying that, there was not so much short interest to support the market. To illustrate the effect of Mr. Boutwell's policy upon gold, the rumor that he would purchase bonds caused a reaction of ½ per cent., followed by prompt recovery, but when the official advertisement for additional purchase appeared Government bonds further advanced, without reference to the foreign market.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

The official announcement that bonds purchased by the Treasury are to be applied to the establishment of a sinking fund caused considerable excitement. The rise was most marked on the new bonds, and the close was very firm.

MISCELLANEOUS BONDS AND STOCKS.

State bonds were dull. Railway mortgages were in demand and buoyant. Railway shares were drooping, and holders show a disposition to realize.

An article is published in the Financial Chronicle showing the extent to which the leading [illegible] have been watered in the past two years, and assisted the downward tendency. The larger dealings were in New York Central, Michigan Southern, Northwestern common and preferred, Rock Island and Toledo and Wabash, all of which declined with the report of a quarterly dividend of three per cent. Pacific Mail, Western Union Telegraph and Mariposa preferred are comparatively firm. The whole stock market closed somewhat irregular, but more firm.

POLICE BOARD FAILS TO ORGANIZE.

The Metropolitan Police Commissioners were unable to organize to-day, the vote being equally divided between Bosworth, Democrat, and Manierre, Republican. This is one of the first fruits of the action of certain Democrats in the Legislature in trading with the Seward Republicans. The Democrats would otherwise have control of the board.

The Albion of this week copies the Tribune's rumor about an alliance between England, France, and Spain against the United States, and appends this contradiction: "We have the best authority for saying that, so far as England at least is concerned, this report is entirely without foundation in fact, and the inference is therefore that it is equally untrue with regard to the other powers."

OUR OWN MARKET REPORT.

Specially Telegraphed to the Courier-Journal.

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Cotton goods—The expected improvement in trade has not arrived and some fabrics have declined. Brown sheetings are generally held at 15@15½c, but Lawrence are reduced to 14½c. Augusta, Lyman C, and other three-yard goods are quoted at 11½c; Pepperell E, 14c; Newmarket A, Pocasset K, and other four-yard goods 12½c. Bleached goods—There is an accumulation of some of the less known fabrics and prices of these are weak. Wamsutta 22½c, Bates 18½c, Masonville 18c, Lawrence B, 16c; Newmarket C, 14½c; Blackstone D, 13c. Prints very irregular and drooping. Prime madders 11½@12½c, according to styles; Freeman 10c, Wamsutta 9c. Ginghams steady. Drills more steady. Tickings are firm but dull. Stripes are firmer. Denims very firm. Corset jeans in full supply. Cambrics dull. Grain bags more active. Foreign dress goods more salable.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET.

Beeves—Only two car loads arrived, which, with those left over from yesterday, found ready sale at full prices. Good to prime steers 15@16c.

SHEEP.

Receipts—700, and dull; sales include Ohio sheared, 80 to 96 lbs, at 6¾@7½c.

SWINE.

Receipts—1,000; market lower at 9¾@10½c. Sales include 389 Illinois, 176 to 188 lbs, at 10@10½c.

BREADSTUFFS.

Flour—Very dull, and the market for all kinds of grain so unsettled that reliable quotations cannot be given. Shippers bid $1 43 for No. 2 spring wheat afloat.

FREIGHTS.

22,000 bushels wheat to Glasgow, at 4d.

PROVISIONS.

Pork is in good demand for both speculation and consumption, but it was found impossible to realize any advance. Lard is doing better; prime steam sold at 18¾c to buyer in July. Other hog products quiet.

GROCERIES.

Coffee very dull; Rio 19@24½c. Sugar dull; fair to prime grocery 12¼@12¾c.

[To the Associated Press.]

THE PEACE SOCIETY ADJOURNS.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The Universal Peace Society held its closing session to-day. Only 30 persons were present. The speeches were uninteresting, and the only action taken, was the adoption of the resolution protesting against the present manner of carrying out the measures of peace with Indians, and urging upon Congress the proper measures of legislation for Indians, and the the full transfer of Indian affairs to the civil department, thus making the Indians citizens instead of outlaws.

THE RATE OF OCEAN TELEGRAMS.

It is officially announced that the tariff on telegrams from New York to Great Britain and Ireland will be reduced to $10, gold, for ten words or less, including address and signature, and $1 for each additional word; also that any newspaper or association of newspapers may transmit general or political news in plain language for publication at half rate.

THE DOMINION.

New Episcopal Bishop of Montreal—Provisions of the New Banking Law.

MONTREAL, May 15.—The Episcopal Synod and House of Bishops, after three days' balloting, have unanimously chosen Rev. E. A. Ashley, of Kent, England, Bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan of Canada.

OTTOWA, May 15.—In the House of Commons, last night, Hon. Mr. Rose brought down a series of resolutions on banking and currency, which, if carried into effect, will make a radical change in the banking of the Dominion. The general features of the scheme are copied from the national bank system, though there is considerable difference in several particulars. The bank notes and government legal-tenders now in circulation are to be called in, and no more notes will be issued. The currency is to consist, hereafter, solely of bank notes, secured by goverment debentures. The banks are to purchase government debentures in such amount as they may severally choose. They are to deposit the debentures in the hands of a Receiver General in trust, for which the Receiver General will give legal tender notes in the same amount as the debentures deposited. The legal tender notes are to be redeemable at the office of the bank designated upon demand. Each bank is always to have on hand to redeem them one dollar in gold for every five dollars of notes in circulation bearing its superscription. Should any bank fail to redeem its notes on presentation, the debentures deposited with the Government are to be made available for their redemption. The banks are to receive interest from the Government on the amount of debentures deposited with the Receiver General. The act will not come into force until 1870.

NEW ORLEANS.

Bulk Grain Trade—The River Subsiding.

NEW ORLEANS, May 15.—The shippers of the first two cargoes of bulk grain by sail from this port to Europe, have received notice of their arrival. The bark John Geddes made the passage in twenty-six days. Other cargoes are en route and more are to follow.

The river has commenced to subside slightly here. There was considerable danger at one point in front of the city yesterday but the danger is now essened.

☞ Austria has 3,000,000 acres of virgin forests, produced by planting, which are estimated to be worth several hundred millions of florins.

A POISONED KETTLE.

Love and Arsenic at the Bottom of it.

[From the Warsaw Indianian.]

One year ago in April last, John W. Vannatta was married to Miss America Horn, of this place, he having formerly been on occasional visits to the city, but having no permanent abiding place among us, nor, as far as we are able to learn, having ever followed any legitimate business for support. The family of Mr. Horn, almost without an exception, were opposed to the marriage, and so expressed themselves. However, the wedding took place, and quite a number of our citizens were present as guests. The same evening a portion of the guests were taken sick, and on the next day a number were taken violently ill, so that the whole number taken sick was fourteen or fifteen persons. The matter created much excitement at the time, and a number of rumors were afloat in regard to the cause of the sickness. This, however, passed away, and but little was said about it until it was discovered that Vannatta, notwithstanding his marriage vows, was still conducting a secret correspondence with a young lady with whom it seems he had been on terms of intimacy previous to his marriage. This fact became known to the parents of the girl, and it was determined by them to get all the information that could be obtained from him in regard to the poisoning. Accordingly a letter was directed to him by the girl in question, making it an ultimatum in regard to future correspondence that he must divulge to her all he knew in regard to the poisoning of the guests at the wedding. This letter was sent to Vannatta in the usual way, and in his answer he acknowledged the crime, stating that he administered the poison by depositing it in the tea-kettle. Vannatta was immediately arrested, and a large amount of correspondence was captured with him, all of which was admitted in the evidence at the recent trial. The case went to the jury on Monday at about 4 o'clock P. M., and at 10 o'clock the same evening they returned a verdict of guilty, and fixed his punishment at two years' confinement in the penitentiary. The counsel for the defense made a motion to set aside the verdict, which was overruled by the court.

The following is the correspondence alluded to. The first letter is from Vannatta to the young lady spoken of:

WEDNESDAY, A. M.

DEAR ONE: I am assured now that your suspects matters by the warning I received from you last eve. I will try to give you this again to-night by our usual plan; but should I fail then I will be obliged to wait for some other opportunity. M—— is very jealous of you, and her ma is al o—in fact the whole family—and I assure you I give them little consolation. They are wonderfully worried about me; they have great apprehension of my going away with Alice. I hope their fears may be realized; don't you? I am so sorry our communication has been interrupted. Had you been at the M. E. church last evening I think we could have exchanged. If I am here and attend church Sabbath eve, I will remain in my seat till you pass. While passing you can drop the message in my hat, which will be close to the end of the seat. I will be putting on my gloves and not appear to notice the movement. I think it can be done successfully, and if I have anything for Alice I will try to give you it. Be on the alert. Oh, how I wish it was possible for us to meet. We have never had, as yet, time or opportunity of breathing scarce one word of our love for each other, only through the medium of our eyes. Oh! truly language cannot express how I long to be happy with you. Then can't we talk? Indeed I have enough to interest you for years to come. I presume that poisoning matter (which transpired on the night of my marriage) has been a great mystery to you. Alice, there was nothing connected with that matter which I do not fully understand, and was it possible for you to know all you certainly would think me a great hero. Heavens, what a volume our courtship would make—were there ever a romance more complete of stern realities? But it is not complete till we are secure in our love. Alice, please tell me how soon you will be of age? I have an object in knowing. I cannot write more—have no time. Adieu for awhile.

To which the young lady replied as follows, the reply having been dictated by her father:

[illegible] WARSAW, IND., February [illegible], 1869.

WILLIAM—I have been thinking a great deal about your proposition to me, and feel afraid to leave home as you have proposed to do, and get married afterward. I know I ought not to be afraid to trust you, but it would not answer to trust everybody. If you were to attempt a divorce it would be a long time before it would be granted, if at all. I conclude this is the only course you have in view to dispose of claims upon you by M——. Now I am going to put you to a trial to test your sincerity, and see if you have any confidence in me. If you love me as you say you do, and are sincere in all you have promised, write and tell me all about that poisoning affair at the time you were married. You say if I knew all I would think you a great hero; you say that there was nothing connected with the affair that you did not fully understand. How did you manage to poison so many that were there (if that is true you meant) and not make yourself sick? Tell me all about the affair. Did you think of pursuing a similar course with M——? Your truthful answer to these questions will enable me to give you a decided answer. If you have any different plans in view than what has already been proposed, you must let me know. I will receive your answer to this from the porch; please answer immediately, as I am anxious to hear from you. No more at present. [illegible] ALICE.

P. S. If you can possibly write to-morrow do so, and after ma blows out the lights in the store, come and put your letter in the hall. One of the side lights at the door is broken out and you can put it in there. I shall be watching and will come and get it. I am afraid our folks will see me if I go out on the porch. If you can't write to-morrow, be sure and write Thursday.

ALICE, in haste.

To the above letter Vannatta made the following reply, which resulted, as we have stated, in his arrest, trial, and conviction:

WEDNESDAY, P. M., Feb. 3, 1869.

MY DEAR ALICE—I have just finished perusing your long-looked-for letter. It was a welcome visitor, I do assure you, but I must confess its contents rather confused me. I don't know whether I understand the real meaning of the principal portion of your letter or not. Whenever you say 'do I intend to pursue the same course with M——' I hope you did not think that I intended to poison M——, although I presume you must have thought I intended such by the way I hinted through my letter; but no, that was not my intention. I could not do that, unless it was perpetrated on me, then I might retaliate; I could not do such a thing in cold blood; it would be a crime too dark for me to commit. But as you have demanded the key to the mystery concerning the poisoning case, on the eve of my marriage, I suppose I am in duty bound to give it. You recollect I arrived here on Sunday, the 5th day of March, 1868, visited the —— church as directed; while there I was not recognized—left the church with a sore and aching heart. I felt as if you had thrown me aside; but still I had felt a fatal spark of hope lingering within me. Encouraged by this, I daily visited the postoffice in hopes of receiving a message from you; but none came, nor could I catch a glimpse of you anywhere. So, driven to desperation, I scarcely knew what to do, but on recollecting that I had promised to L—— that I would not fail to call and make —— a visit, I at once decided to go, and on Wednesday I departed and arrived there on the same day. L—— gave me all the encouragement that was possible, but I could see no hope. On Thursday I returned with my mind unsettled, thought possibly I might receive a letter; no token—no nothing, in assurance of your unchanging love! Then I felt satisfied that you had changed, and became determined what course to pursue. Your seemingly unfaithfulness caused M—— to appear, (in my imagination), more dear to me.

It was then, and not till then, I took the fearful leap. The day was set and invitations circulated, after that I met you on the porch. Oh, Alice! if you could have read my poor heart, what sorrow and unhappiness you would have seen. On Monday my sister arrived from the East. She knew I left home with the full intention of marrying you. She knew something was wrong, and set to ferret it out, but could learn nothing from m[illegible]

She knew that I loved you with a pure and holy love. So she became determined to break up the match between M—— and I, and told one of the family that I loved you, and came out to marry you, but could not account for the change. This member of the family became a bitter enemy to me, and sought to poison the minds of the rest of the family, but without success. Then that person sought to poison me with arsenic, but gave too large a dose, and it would not stay down. I suffered terribly all night (which was Monday night); Tuesday morning I told M—— some one had poisoned me. M—— became alarmed, but promised not to mention the matter. I had my suspicions, and was bound to detect the person. Wednesday night I suffered the effects of another dose, but I had procured an antidote to kill its deadly effect. Thursday night, the night of my marriage, I detected the person in the act; but I did not appear to notice the proceedings. The poison was placed in a small dish of peaches at my plate. Of course I ate them for fear they would suspicion that I noticed all was not right. This evil designer placed the paper containing the poison in her pocket, went up stairs, laid on the lounge and fell asleep. I took the poison from the pocket, went down stairs and opened the teakettle, emptied the contents in and threw the paper in the stove, saying to myself: "There, suffer what I have, drink your own poison, I have enough of it." They made coffee of the water in the teakettle, and all that drank of the coffee suffered the effect of the poison, but fortunately the dose was so large it would not remain on the stomachs, consequently no one died from the effects. After I had placed the poison in the kettle, I took my hat and was about to leave the house. I then told them I knew I had been poisoned while in the house, and I would now bid them good-bye. Three of the family got down on their knees and begged me not to desert M——. They found my heart through their pleadings, and I consented to stay, scarcely knowing what I said or did. I was nearly crazy. The rest you know. I could resort to no such means to clear myself from M——. Heaven knows I could not; but I will do as I promised, and not leave or deceive you. What more can you ask? I will do anything you request; but take life I cannot, nor do I think you wish me to. I believe you misunderstood the purport of my letter. Can't write more this time. Please write at once.

Yours truly, WILLIAM.

We certainly have no ill-will toward the young man who has been found guilty by a jury of his own countrymen, of the crime charged to him. We are aware, too, that his "stylish" (to use a common expression) manner, has created a prejudice agal st him among our citizens; yet when the trial took place, this feeling gave way, at least among the people generally, and the prisoner undoubtedly had the benefit of any outside pressure.

☞ Mons. Lesseps, the engineer of the Suez Canal, which will be completed in a short time, is endeavoring to get up an international excursion party around the world. His idea is to have one hundred gentlemen of different nationalities meet in Paris in the spring of 1870, to proceed to Egypt to be present at the opening of the canal. His programme after that event is a visit to China and Japan, thence across the Pacific Ocean to San Francisco, and across the American Continent by the Pacific railway to New York.

☞ Eugenie, of France, having recently appeared in public in singularly unostentatious and cheap toilets, the ladies of the Legitimist aristocracy accuse her of pursuing this course for the purpose of influencing the elections, and they say she is wearing "electoral" toilets.

☞ Gold has been found in New Hampshire, but the report adds that "the quartz, when ground up, is found to be a most valuable manure, and worth more for this purpose than the gold found in it."

VIRGINIA.

PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Election Ordered on the 6th of July.

Disqualification and Test Oath Clauses to be Voted on Separately.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The following was issued to-day:

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—A PROCLAMATION.

In pursuance of the provisions of the act of Congress, approved April 10, 1869, I hereby designate the 6th day of July, 1869, as the time for submitting the constitution passed by the convention which met in Richmond, Va., on Tuesday, the 3d day of December, 1867, to the voters of the State registered at the date of such submission, viz: July 6th, 1869, for its ratification or rejection; and I submit to separate vote the 4th clause of section 1, article 3 of said constitution, which is in the following words:

"Every person who has been a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or who held any office, civil or military, under the United States or under the State, who having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or an executive or judicial officer of any State, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same or given aid or comfort to the enemy thereof."

This clause shall include the following officers: Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Second Auditor, Register of the Land Office, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Sheriffs, Sergeants of a city or town, Commissioners of the Revenue, County Surveyor, Constables, Overseers of the Poor, Commissioner of the Board of Public Works, Judges of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Circuit Court, Judges of the Court of Hustings, Justices of the County Courts, Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Councilmen, or a city or town Coroners, Inspectors of tobacco or flour, and Clerks of the Supreme, District, Circuit, and County Courts, and of the Court of Hustings, and Attorneys for the Commonwealth. *Provided*, That the Legislature may, by a vote of three-fifths of both houses, remove the disabilities incurred by this clause from any person included therein by a separate vote on each case. And I also submit to a separate vote the seventh section of article three of the said constitution, which is in the foregoing oath of office.

"The Governor, members of the General Assembly, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, State Treasurer, Attorney General, and all persons elected by any convention to frame a constitution for this State, and to amend or revise this constitution in any manner, and the mayor and council of any city or town, shall, before they enter on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation. *Provided*, The disabilities therein contained may be individ ally removed by the three-fourths vote of the General Assembly.

"I ——, do solemnly swear [or affirm] that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the function of any office whatever under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended Government, authority, power or constitution within the United States hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear [or affirm] that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic, and that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same. That I take this obligation freely, without mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God."

The above oath shall also be taken by all the city and country officers before entering upon their duties, and by all other State officers not included in the above provisions. I direct the vote to be taken upon each of the above cited provisions alone, and upon the other portions of the said constitution in the following manner, viz: Each voter favoring the ratification of the constitution, excepting the provisions above stated, as framed by the constitution of 1867, shall express his judgment by voting for the constitution. Each voter favoring the rejection of the constitution, excluding the provisions above quoted, shall express his judgment by voting against the constitution. Each voter will be allowed to cast a separate ballot for or against either or both of the provisions above quoted.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be fixed. Done at the city of Washington, this 14th day of May, in the year of our Lord, 1869, and of the independence of the United States of America the 93d.

U. S. GRANT.

By the President,
HAMILTON FISH, Sec'y of State.

INDIANA.

The following patents have been granted to Indianians within the past week:

No. 89,928—Memorandum book, James H. Guest and Elwood Faucett, New Albany.

No. 89,934—Coffee roaster, Israel Long, Terre Haute.

No. 89,950—Horse rake, Erastus R. Spear and William R. Spear, Orland.

No. 90,001—Washing machine, Abel L. Hurth, Monticello.

No. 90,011—Flour bolt, Rufus S. Mitchell and George Z. Kessinger, Elizabeth.

No. 90,019—Steam pipe for reversing steam engines, Joseph B. Podrick, Columbus, assignor to himself and Joseph F. Gent, same place.

No. 90,027—Lumber dryer, W. C. Scott, Richmond.

No. 90,038—Stump extractor, Balah W. Weaver, Transitsville.

The number of children in Wabash, between the ages of six and twenty-one years, by the school enumeration of last fall, is 934; the number in Peru, as reported, is 1,100—indicating a total population in Peru of about 500 more than in Wabash.

ST. JOSEPH.

The total number of persons in St. Joseph county paying income tax is 188. In Laporte county 128.

One hundred and seven manufacturers' licenses have been taken out in St. Joseph county.

CLAY.

The Brazil Miner claims a population of 3,000 for that young city.

GRANT.

An agent of the Government was hear on the 7th inst., to pay the Miami Indians an annuity, according to the regulation of an existing treaty. The Indians who received the money came in at 8 o'clock in the evening, and the entire amount was paid that night. The number who reside in this county that draw the annuity is about 320. The amount each receives is over $30—making the whole sum paid $1,000.—[Macon (Grant county) Chronicle.

VIGO.

Yesterday about three o'clock the boiler at the factory of the Terre Haute Furniture Company, on South Second street, exploded, dangerously wounding the engineer, and blowing the engine room to atoms. Two young ladies and one or two employes were in the room at the time, but, strange to say, they escaped with but a few slight bruises from the flying debris. The accident was owing, it is thought, to the worn-out condition of the boiler. The main building was but very slightly injured. The loss is estimated at from $1,000 to $1,200.—[Terre Haute Journal, 15th.

DUBOIS.

The Jasper Courier learns that an infamous outrage was perpetrated in Hall township, Dubois county, on Saturday night last, a young lady being the victim. It seems there had been a quilting frolic at one of the neighbors', at which a young lady named Miss Garrison had been in attendance until a late hour, together with several others. On her way returning home she was attacked by a party of boys and men, ranging from 15 to 25 years of age, and beaten badly, her person outraged, and her clothes torn off her. Her injuries and fright caused her to go to bed as soon as she could get to a house, after getting away from the wretches. On Wednesday she complained before Squire Shoulders, and State warrants were issued for Thomas Cummings, a married man, T. Conner, two young men named Anspach and Whaley, and two more whose names are not given. Upon being brought before Esq. Shoulders, they filed an affidavit for a change of venue, and the parties were sent to be examined before Esq. John G. Stein, who fined young Whaley $20.

The prisoners seemed to think Whaley was the least guilty, and put him forward first to develop the evidence, and, having heard his trial, thought it not safe for them to remain, and so broke away from the officers and escaped, and at last accounts had not yet been recaptured.

VANDERBURG.

The Evansville Journal says that efforts are again on foot to build a fine hotel in that city. A site has already been selected, in "the mind's eye," and when the trifling impediment of getting a sufficient amount of stock subscribed ($150,000) is overcome, the building will be commenced.

FRANKLIN.

In Springfield township, Franklin county, twenty-five acres of land sold for $3,750.

☞ A gentleman in search of lodgings in Paris inquired the price of a room and was told that it was six hundred francs a year. Remarking that it was too high, he crossed the street and found another precisely like the first, which he was told was eight hundred francs. "How? Two hundred francs more than the other side of the street?" "Ah! but if Monsieur should happen to die in this house he would be buried at Pere La Chaise, while if he should die opposite he would be carried to Mont Parnasse."

☞ A Radical Buffalo paper says soothingly: "Another simple truth that we ought to remember is that, rebels, as such, have no longer either the right or the ability to represent any part of this country, and therefore that 'the restoration of fraternal feeling between the two sections does not require their special conciliation, and the attempt to do so is a most unwise effort to perpetuate the bad sectionalism that has cursed us."

THE INDIANA PENITENTIARY.

Murderers Allowed to go Fishing—Convicts Take Tea with the Warden.

[Correspondence of the Chicago Republican.]

INDIANAPOLIS, May 10.

"Go from home to hear news of home." Events have not multiplied rapidly in the beautiful "Falls City" for the past two weeks; there has been a dearth of news that would interest the readers of the Republican, and your correspondent, having ten yards of calico and some other little "fixens" as an attraction, has returned to this city for a short time. Finding the Legislature in session he attended the meetings thereof, and found, to his surprise, that the Jeffersonville prison was under consideration again. He had labored under the impression that it had "simmered down," and was not likely to furnish the material for another letter, but here it was again, being cussed and dis-cussed by the assembled wisdom of Hoosier, with a very slim prospect, indeed, of getting licked into any sort of decent shape.

THE PENITENTIARY AT JEFFERSONVILLE.

By dint of persevering inquiries and use of my "long ase" ears," I have got the story pretty straight, and will tell it, prefacing it by saying that my information comes from a citizen of Jeffersonville, and he knows what he is talking about.

The story begins at the time when the new warden took possession and the Legislature adjourned. At or about that time the term of office of the only honest director expired. One of the others had been appointed Whisky Inspector, and one would think that he ought to make a mighty good one, judging from his experience in that line while director, and he had the temerity to refuse to appoint a friend of a certain Senator as guard or some such thing. Through the Senator's influence, the Governor called a special session of the Legislature, the real object of which was to reconstruct the contumacious director. Lest the balance of the "wise men" might refuse to reconstruct him, the Senator aforesaid prepared a prison bill which, by its provision, would do the work, thus making assurance doubly sure. The Legislature proved to be quite pliant, and threw the director overboard and passed the bill also. That board of directors was most effectually disposed of.

My friend takes the subject of affairs at the prison much to heart, and having every confidence in the truth of his statement, and believing that the public acts of men in office to be legitimate subjects for a newspaper correspondent, I shall exercise my right and enlighten your readers as to the improved Indiana style of keeping a prison, giving nearly as I can my friend's ideas and style of expression.

HOW THE CONVICTS MANAGE THE PRISON.

Convicts very quickly detect weakness in an officer, and as quickly avail themselves of whatever advantage it may be to them. In this case it took them but a short time to discover that indecision held the reins of government, and they have slowly but surely drawn them out of his hands, and as discipline relaxed have gradually set the rules of the prison at naught until they now hold the upper hand. When reported by a guard for misconduct they are sent back with a gentle reprimand or good advice, and as soon as they are out of the Warden's sight laugh at his weakness and jeer at the guard for his pains. Open violation of the rules goes unpunished, and a party of the convicts were actually taken by the Warden to his house, and took tea with him and his family. Two of that party shortly afterward made their escape by scaling the walls, and when recaptured gave as a reason for running away that the guard had been cross to them. They were believed, and sent back to their places unpunished, while the guard was reprimanded for speaking harshly to the little innocent dears.

HOW THE GUARDS ARE MANAGED.

Those of the guards who still adhere to the old-fashioned notions of discipline, and think that obedience should be exacted from the convicts, are now threatened with dismissal, and will be dismissed unless they mind their ways, and stop lacerating the feelings of those pet lambs. A few days, or at farthest a few weeks, will show whether this is correct or not. Moral suasion is to take the place of discipline, and hardened convicts, steeped in crime, brought up amid scenes of violence and law-breaking, are to be governed by soft words, a pat on the back, and an admonition to be a good boy.

WHAT A PRISON IS FOR.

I suggested to my friend that it was nobody's business on the outside of the wall how affairs were conducted within. I got his views on that point, short order.

Prisons are established for the protection of society and for the punishment of the guilty, but were never intended to turn the sentence of outraged justice into a frolic or pleasant retirement. Every citizen has an interest in the way the prison is conducted and a right to speak his sentiments, and to demand that such discipline be enforced inside the walls as will prevent a revolt, and preclude all fears of having the depraved wretches turned loose on us, and becoming victims to their evil passions; and in case of failure on the part of the proper officer to enforce such discipline, to demand his removal.

CONVICTS GOING AT LARGE.

But, leaving the inside to take care of itself, there is another cause of complaint. From fifteen to eighteen convicts, male and female, are daily allowed to run at large, without restraint, and it really seems as if the worst characters in the prison had been selected to have the favor conferred on them. Four at least of them are red-handed, cold-blooded murderers. Burglars and highway robbers help to swell the list. Parties of them are allowed to go fishing on the falls, a mile from the prison. Of a fine afternoon, the females, dressed in full citizens' costume, promenade the streets or take long walks on the commons, while some of the men play ball or cut circus capers and perform gymnastic feats for the delectation of invited guests. The women are not alone in the matter of dress; some of the men sport articles of citizens' clothing, and make use of their liberty and spare change by patronizing the little doggery near the prison. And further, as if in defiance of decency and of the city laws, a convict drives a milk wagon from the prison and sells milk right under the noses of the people who pay the taxes that supports this burlesque on the name of penitentiary.

ONE OF THE PET CONVICTS—HER DRESS.

At this point of the conversation he became excited, and jerking the COURIER-JOURNAL of the 7th from his pocket, he read from the report of a brother "quill driver," who had "interviewed" Mrs. Clem and "done" the prison:

"On the way the warden pointed out the cells of Mrs. Longnecker, old Aunt Sallie Hubbard, Jane Williams, and Mrs. Clem, the four women of the prison who were there for life terms.

"Mrs. Longnecker is a woman who poisoned her husband in Indianapolis some five or six years ago.

"Old Aunt Sallie Hubbard is a woman sixty years of age. She and her husband murdered a family of seven—father, mother and five children—in Wabash county, thirteen years ago, because she and her husband wanted about forty-five dollars' worth of furniture that was in the house in which the two families lived. After they had murdered the family of seven, they buried the dead bodies under the house, and gave out that the missing family had removed from the neighborhood. They lived six months above the murdered family, and might have lived there yet had not some awkward accident disclosed the presence of the dead bodies. Then she and her husband were arrested, tried and convicted. He was hanged, and she was sent to the penitentiary for life. We were astonished when the warden said, 'She is an excellent, good old woman, and I have all the confidence in the world in her. She is allowed perfect freedom about the place, and she considers this her home.' Auntie was out somewhere, and we did not see her."

At this he burst forth: "No wonder he did not see her, sir, for at that very moment she was outside the walls enjoying herself, running about loose. And the warden says she is an excellent, good old woman, and he has all the confidence in the world in her. Why, sir, that woman and her husband butchered that family in cold blood, with as little compunction of conscience as if they were a litter of blind kittens, until they came to the little baby in the cradle, and it looked up in their faces and crowed. The man's heart failed him, but that old she-devil took the poor little creature from its warm nest, and dashed its brains out against the wall. Well might the reporter feel surprised to be told by the warden that she is an excellent, good old woman. She ought, sir, to have been rewarded for her excellencies with a hangman's rope thirteen years ago. A mistaken feeling of mercy sent her and others there to be confined for life rather than condemn them to the death they deserved, and now, instead of expiating their crime in that way, they are turned loose to enjoy full measure of freedom, with every chance of escape allowed them. Sir, it's offering a premium to criminals, and an outrage on society."

I asked, "How do you propose to help yourself?"

"We have come here to present this matter to the powers that be, and ask that some change be made to protect us. If that fails, we must protect ourselves. We must do as we did several years ago. We must take our guns, drive those murderers and outlaws inside the prison walls, and tell the imbecile who has charge of them to keep them there or reap the consequences."

THE FUTURE.

I believe he is in earnest, and will look with interest for lively times in Jeffersonville unless a change is made. We have a far different way of doing things in "Old Kentuck." If a criminal is sent to our penitentiary, he don't play base ball, cut capers, *a la hippodrome*, promenade with the ladies, go fishing or to tea parties. He is made to feel that "the way of the transgressor is hard," instead of being taught that he is an ill-used individual, and that society has done him a great injustice by interfering with his amusements and sending him to prison for such trifling things as arson, rape or robbery.

MUSCONETCONG.

☞ The Hon. Frederick W. Seward, late Assistant Secretary of State, has purchased the interest of Mr. Thurlow Weed in the Commercial Advertiser, and, it is reported, will take the editorial management of that old and well-established journal. Mr. Seward has also bought an elegant country seat at Irvington, on the Hudson, where he will take up his residence.

☞ Fashionable gentlemen in Paris wear black dress-coats only at funerals. On other occasions—at balls, concerts, dinner-parties, &c they appear in green, blue or yellow dress-coats. Silk coats begin also to be worn by a great many in Paris.

GREAT SALE OF DRY GOODS AT WM. H. ANDREWS',

140 Market St.,

Commencing Monday Morning, May 10,

AND CONTINUING ONE WEEK.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

HANDSOME SHADES AND QUALITIES IN ALPACAS,

Selling at 35 and 40c; been selling at 50 and 60c.

Our Whole Stock Dress Goods,

Which is replete with all the Novelties and Styles of the Season,

GOING AT CORRESPONDINGLY LOW PRICES.

Three Hundred Pieces

ORGANDIES AND JACONETS

Ranging in price from 15 to 60 cents.

The Largest and Most Complete Assortment of Silk and Wool Grenadines, Fresh Styles, Ever Offered in This Market.

Special Inducements in Mourning Goods,

Rich Mohairs, Bombazines, Challies,

Tamise, Iron Grenadines, Bizantines, Tamartines,

AND BEREGES.

40 pieces Rich black Silks in Gros Grain, Ameriques, and Taffetas, for sacques and dresses; Plain Colored Silks; Plain Japanese Silks; Illuminated Japanese Checked and Striped Silk Poplins; Striped and Checked Taffetas; Lace Points; Sacques; Rotundes and Circulars in White and Black; Silk Sacques and Wrappings of the Latest Styles and Shapes; Spring and Summer Shawls; Lace Curtains, &c. Fine White Goods, Linen Damasks, Irish Linen, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, Plain, White and Figured Marseilles and Piques for Suits, Bleached and Brown Domestics, Laces, Trimmings, Hosiery and Gloves. Notions and Fancy Goods generally. Special attention of the Ladies is called to our Parti-colored Kid Gloves, 1 new shades. Cloths and Cassimeres, Tweeds, Cashmerettes, Jeans, Cottonades, Drills, and Ducks, for men's and boys' wear.

Our whole stock of Goods to be sold at Reduced Prices.

Samples sent free to all parts of the country on application by mail.

WM. H. ANDREWS,

140 Market street, - - - - - - - - Louisville, Ky.

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CHALONER–CAIRNES.

The New Social Phase.

[From the New York Advertiser.]

We have, in the verdicts just given by Maryland and Quebec juries, additional striking proofs of the aversion in which public estimation holds the robber of woman's virtue, and of the almost utter impossibility of holding the revenger to an accountability for murder or manslaughter. Under promise of marriage, Nicholas McComas, of Harford county, Md., betrayed Martha J. Cairnes. One excuse after another was given by him for postponing the marriage. Finally, becoming convinced that McComas never intended marriage, the woman cooly rode up a few days since to the verandah of a hotel where he was sitting, surrounded by comrades, and shot him dead. No effort was made to arrest her, as she drove away, and she afterward gave herself up to the authorities for trial. Crowds thronged to the court-house, and the prisoner was showered with epistles expressive of approval and sympathy. The press through Maryland warmly defended her, and visitors of both sexes crowded to see her. After being out five minutes on Saturday evening, the jury returned a verdict of "not guilty," and the prisoner was cheered by the populace and received a midnight serenade, as likewise did the jury. The same feelings displayed by the warm blooded Marylanders have been exhibited by the cooler and less impetuous Canadians. In March last, John H. Chaloner purchased a revolver, and while Ensign Frederick C. Wittaker, the destroyer of his sister's happiness, was unconcernedly skating on one of the city rinks, he sent a fatal bullet crashing through his brain. The Crown labored hard to secure the prisoner's conviction. The jury retired, and returned soon, stating that they had not agreed. The Chief Justice informed them that they would have to be locked up for the night. Upon this the jury held a consultation among themselves in the box, their object, from all appearance, being to convince one of their number, the only one objecting—according to all accounts—to acquit the prisoner; after some minutes, the obstinate juror being convinced, the foreman stated that they were prepared to render their verdict. The Cheif Justice said that evidently the verdict was a hasty one, and he consequently refused to receive it in the interest of society. They would have to retire to their room till eleven o'clock the next day, and reconsider whatever decision they had come to, and the Court would adjourn. The Court accordingly adjourned. The next morning they again brought in a verdict of acquittal.

Since the Singleton-Mercer affair of Philadelphia, which twenty years ago attracted much attention through the country, we recall no instance of a revenger of betrayed honor, man or woman, being convicted of murder or manslaughter. From that day to this, public sentiment has seemingly become more and more fixed and decided in holding the seducer as an outlaw, whose crime justifies any retribution meted out to himself, and places him, as it were, beyond the pale of defence. In Washington, Philadelphia, Richmond, New York, Albany, and now in Baltimore and Quebec, juries virtually say to him who has been dishonored that he can take the law into his own hands with impunity. The husband who deliberately shoots his wife's paramour in Pennsylvania avenue, or as coolly puts to death at Stanwix Hall the trifler with his partner's honor, the brother who ends the life of his sister's seducer; the woman who kills her ravisher on the steps of a Washington department, or sends into another world the tavern lounger who, under promise of marriage, has wronged her—are alike justified by a verdict of acquittal, and borne in triumph from the halls of justice. If woman feels that upon her falls the burden of illicit love; if she sees her betrayer socially recognized as before, while she is branded and disgraced, she has yet, as public sentiment now exists, the satisfaction, if satisfaction it be, of knowing that she can with impunity let fall the avenging blow upon the author of her wrongs.

QUEER.

Chloroform in a Bouquet.

The Toledo Commercial of May 12th says:

The circumstances of a strange and unaccountable outrage are given us as follows: Between 10 and 11 o'clock on Monday night the family of Mr. Ed. Upton, Washington township, were disturbed by a noise at the front door. On examination, a young girl, about sixteen years of age, was found on the steps, with her hands bound with cords and greatly reduced in strength. She stated that she was the daughter of Mr. Freeman, of the firm of Morrow & Freeman, on Monroe street, in this city, and gave a most remarkable narration of experience, substantially as follows: On Monday afternoon, about 5 o'clock, she was on her way home from school, when she met a man who inquired for the residence of a family of whom she knew.

She gave him the direction, but pretending that he might not be able to find the place, indicated a wish that she would accompany him, which she did. On the way, he gave her a bouquet, the fragrance of which led her to smell it frequently, soon after doing which she became delirious and finally lost all consciousness. After a while she partially recovered, but was again drugged, and knew nothing more until she awakened on the steps of Mr. Upton's residence. She said she was conveyed in some direction in a carriage in company with a man. As soon as arrangements could be made, Miss Freeman was brought home in a carriage, where she found her family and friends in the greatest anxiety for her safety, with the police in search for him.

☞ A court paper in Paris having said that, if the Marquise de Pompadour should suddenly rise from the dead, she would find that the fashionable ladies in Paris were wearing precisely the same coiffures as that in which she appeared a hundred years since at the court of Louis the Fifteenth, the Republican Reveille sneeringly remarks that, in the event of the resurrection from the lower regions, she would find a great many other things in the same condition as under that old reprobate and sinner, Louis the Fifteenth.

River News.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Cincinnati	GEN. LYTLE	5 P. M.
St. Louis	MESSENGER	10 A. M.
St. Louis	SHAMROCK	10 A. M.
New Orleans	MARY HOUSTON	9 A. M.

ARRIVALS—May 15.

St. Charles, Cin. — Major Anderson, Cin.
Leonora No. 2, Madison. — Blue Wing No. 3, Ky. river
Tarascon, Henderson. — Indiana, N. O.

DEPARTURES—May 15.

St. Charles, Cin. — Major Anderson, Cin.
Leonora No. 2, Madison. — Blue Wing No. 3, Ky. river
Tarascon, Henderson. — [illegible]
Mollie Gratz, White river. — Mary Houston, [illegible]

BOATS IN PORT.

Pine Bluff, city wharf. — Bermuda, city wharf.
Indiana, Portland. — Nick Longworth, c. wharf.

THE RIVER came to a stand at this point yesterday, with eight feet one inch water in the canal, six feet one inch water in the chute, and five feet one inch water on the rocks. Weather deliciously clear and pleasant. Business only moderately brisk.

The Mary Houston, for New Orleans, received considerable freight yesterday, and went up to Utica last night to receive 1,000 barrels of lime. She will be at the wharf this morning, and will leave for New Orleans at 9 A. M.

The Shamrock, of the Express Line, was unavoidably detained at Cincinnati, but will be at the city wharf this morning and leave for St. Louis at 10 A. M. She had engagements here for forty tons of sundries, 800 barrels of cement, four horses, two wagons, and fifteen passengers.

The Indiana arrived from New Orleans yesterday and will leave for that port on Tuesday at five P. M. She brought the following freight: 28 crates earthenware, Walde, Gaines & Co.; 10 hhds sugar, Moorhead & Co.; 10 bbls sweet potatoes, V. F. Kaadler; 5 hhds tobacco, Spratt & Co.; 80 boxes scale annihilator, K. J. Caulfield; 3 bdls hides, 1 bundle furs, Griffith, Bunce & Co.; 1 box, 2 chests, 1 churn, D. Ferguson; 40 bbls potatoes, 4 hhds potatoes, 4 tierces potatoes, Cincinnati. The Indiana is a fine, fleet boat, and her officers are among the most popular on the river.

A meeting of the Mississippi Valley Navigation Company (DeHaven's) will be held in Memphis during the present week. Capt. Jno. B. Davies, of this city, chief engineer, will attend.

We understand that G. B. McDonald, Esq., of this city, has tendered his resignation as General Superintendent of the De Haven Mississippi Valley Navigation Company. The reasons for this action have not yet transpired.

A few days ago it was announced from Washington by the Associated Press that Geo. H. Houghton, Esq., of this city had been appointed Supervising Inspector of Steamboats for this (the Sixth) District. The appointment seemed to give general satisfaction and everybody (except perhaps a knowing few) thought that the matter was definitely settled. Day before yesterday it was announced from Washington that Samuel Houston had been appointed to the same position, and the general inquiry was, who the devil is Samuel Houston? It turns out that Mr. Houston is not entirely unknown to fame, having gained considerable notoriety from the fact that he commanded the steamer Hesper at the time she was boarded by the tug Nettie Jones and the celebrated "Arkansas arms" destroyed. We know nothing of Captain Houston personally, but we are informed that he is an old steamboatman and a very clever gentleman. We suppose that the Inspectorship has been bestowed upon him as a slight remuneration for his sacrifices and sufferings while hiding in the brush from the horrid Kuklux at the time of the capture of the Hesper. But, be that as it may, we congratulate the Captain upon his success in falsifying the old axiom that "Republics are ungrateful."

The J. W. Garrett and barges, from Pittsburg to St. Louis, will pass down to-day.

The Armadillo, St. Louis to Pittsburg, and Anna, St. Louis to Cincinnati, are due here to-day.

The little towboat Leslie Combs arrived from Portsmouth yesterday with 2 barges of pig-iron for this port.

The W. S. Pike, Capt. J. J. Brown's boat, for the Bayou Sara trade, now being built at Barmore's ship-yard in Jeffersonville, is fast approaching completion, and will be a model of neatness and another card for her energetic and skillful builder. The famous Koune Brothers have the Grand Era, which is to be one of the largest class of Red river packets, on the stocks at the same yard. This boat will be launched early in July. Barmore is rushing Capt. S. H. Parisot's Yazoo packet rapidly, and Captain Joe Clark's Red river boat will soon be upon the stocks.

John R. Stuart, Esq., of the Madison Marine Railway and Ship-yard, is in the city, and informs us that on Monday they will raise the frame of a Red river packet, and in a few days another will follow for the same trade. This speaks well for the prospects of the cotton planters of the Red river country.

On Friday a new boat, the Mountain Belle, arrived at Pittsburg from Brownsville. She was built and is owned by Capt. Smithers and others, and is intended for the Gallipolis and Kanawha river trade. She has the cabin and machinery of the Cottage No. 2.

Jno. Chapman, a ship carpenter, fell into the river from the wheel-house of the Southern Belle, at St. Louis, on Wednesday, and was drowned.

FIRST MAY RUN OF COAL—ARRIVALS.

	Boats.	Barges.	
Sam. Roberts	—	9	
Samson	2	3	2 coke.
Mary Ann	7	3	
Leader	—	2	
Lion	1	4	
Beaz	5	3	
Star	4	2	2 n. c.
Hercules	8	5	
Panther	6	—	3 n. c.
N. J. Bigley	—	6	2 coke.
Lake Erie	2	6	1 coke.
Keystone	2	4	1 n. c.
Diamond	—	13	
Ajax	5	5	
Warner	1	6	
Tiger	—	2	
Tigress	4	2	2 n. c.
Elis	1	3	
Fred. Wilson	—	7	
	48	97	

Total receipts of coal during this run amount to 1,900,000 bushels.

Of this amount 1,400,000 bushels were re-shipped from this point to Southern ports, as follows:

Towboats.	Boats.	Barges.	Destination.
Ajax	13	12 n c	New Orleans
Fulton, No. 3	9	4	"
A. J. Baker	9	6	"
Pilgrim	—	5	"
Collier	—	1 coke.	Cairo
Mary Alice	—	23	
	42	47	

Total shipment—1,400,000 bushels.

COAL ABOVE THE FALLS AWAITING SHIPMENT.

Owners.	Boats.	Barges.
Thos. Fawcett	5	11 ck.
N. J. Bigley	3	9
R. M. Blackburn & Co.	5	—
Horner, Wood & Co.	9	18
W. H. Brown	—	7
Jake Mengus	2	
Miller, Nickel & Co.	3	2 n. c.
James Lynn	3	1
J. D. Johnson		1
Bonner & Duff		1 n. c.
Total	35	53

COAL BELOW THE FALLS AWAITING SHIPMENT.

Jno. McCloskey	3	
M. Duffy	1	small
S. Barnum	1	"
Total	5	

We will be greatly obliged to Larry Harmstead, the clever wharfboat proprietor at Memphis, if he will mail promptly letters for us intrusted to his care. If the steamboat clerks fail to furnish the stamps, he will "please stick 'em on," and draw on us through Alderman Duff or Dick English.

River Telegrams.

[Special Dispatches to the Courier-Journal.]

River Telegrams.

CINCINNATI, May 15.—Port List—Arrived—Alaska, from New Orleans; New York, from St. Louis. Departed—Silver Spray, for New Orleans; Robt. Burns, for Memphis; New York, for Pittsburg; Glendale, for Pittsburg; St. Marys, for Pittsburg. River falling; now 22 feet in the channel and 30 feet under the bridge. Weather clear and pleasant. Thermometer at 7 A. M. 58; noon, 73; 6 P. M. 70.

MEMPHIS, May 15.—Weather clear and pleasant. River falling. Departed—Cairo, for St. Louis; Strader, for Louisville; Minneola, for Cincinnati; Mobile City, for Vicksburg; John Kilgour, and Thompson Dean, for New Orleans.

CAIRO, May 15.—Arrived—Commercial, New Orleans and St. Louis, 9 P. M.; Champion, Cincinnati and St. Louis, 2 A. M.; Baker, Louisville and New Orleans, 4 A. M.; Belle Memphis, St. Louis and Memphis, 6 P. M.; Argonaut, Cincinnati and St. Louis, 6 P. M.; Cumberland, Evansville packet, 6 P. M.; Gem, Tennessee river and St. Louis, 7 P. M.; Ajax, Pittsburg and New Orleans, 7 P. M.; Salado, New Orleans and Cincinnati, 7 P. M. River rose 4 inches. Weather clear.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—Arrived—Ames and Groesbeck. Departed—Belle Lee, St. Louis; Bob Lee, Louisville.

NASHVILLE, May 15.—River falling, with 5½ feet water on Harpeth shoals. Weather fair and pleasant. Arrived—Fannie Brandeis, Evansville. Departed—Talisman, Cairo; Fanny Brandeis, Evansville.

From Our Exchanges.

The Cincinnati Commercial of yesterday says:

M. L. Autenheimer, Assistant Assessor, has sent us the following passenger receipts for April, 1869, from the following steamboats: Westmoreland $[illegible], John H. Groesbeck $[illegible], Darling $501, Havana $[illegible], Abeona $[illegible], Silver Moon $[illegible], Anna $[illegible], Robert Burns $1,150, Kate Robinson $[illegible], Sam J. Hale $[illegible], Silver Spray $[illegible], Minneola $[illegible], Cheyenne $[illegible], Emma Floyd $149, St. Charles $1,573, Gen. Buell $2,827, Champion $[illegible], Wren $[illegible], Major Anderson $[illegible], C. T. Dumont $1,067, St. James $2,338, Swallow $870, Fleetwood $4,584, Charmer $[illegible], West Wind $[illegible], Ohio No. 4 $3,545, Robert Moore $[illegible], Mary Ament $[illegible], Lawrence $[illegible], Telegraph $[illegible], Golden Eagle $2,25[illegible], Bostona $[illegible], Edinburg $[illegible], Shamrock $1,1[illegible], Clifton $1,[illegible], Melnotte $[illegible], Allen Dean $1,1[illegible], Mary Erwin $[illegible], General Lytle $3,116. This includes one-half of the cabin and all the deck receipts.

The body of one of the deck hands of the Cheyenne was found in the hold of that steamer yesterday noon. He was known to his messmates by the name of Sugar Wright, and was a colored man.

The Allegheny Belle No. 4 and barges have paid off and laid up at the iron pile below St. Louis, awaiting a load. There are nineteen barges ahead of her waiting for cargoes, and her Captain writes she may have to wait from fifteen to twenty days for a trip.

The Directors of the Memphis Packet Company on Thursday re-elected Captain H. A. Jones President, and Sam. J. Hale, Esq., Secretary for the ensuing year.

Captain John R. Davis passed through the city yesterday, en route from Washington to Memphis.

Captain J. C. Vanhook, of the Great Republic, was called home to Pittsburg on Wednesday, in consequence of the death of a child.

The Cincinnati Gazette of yesterday says:

The towboat owners and coal dealers of Pittsburg held a meeting yesterday morning for the purpose of taking measures to obtain speedy legislation by Congress prohibiting the erection of narrow span bridges. Among other business, the following resolution, approving the action of the Ohio Legislature in regard to bridges on the Ohio river, was adopted:

Resolved, That we fully indorse the action of the Ohio Legislature in passing a law prohibiting the erection of bridges across the Ohio river of less than 400 feet, and that we pledge ourselves to assist in resisting the attempt of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, or any other railroad company, to erect narrow span bridges.

The Kansas City Bulletin says of the improvement of the navigation of Missouri river:

The improvement of our river is an object of great importance to us now that the grain movement has been inaugurated. The Big Muddy is a [illegible] stream, and its [illegible] the cause of the [illegible] This is a good thing, and just now of the greatest moment to us [illegible] clearing out of the [illegible] Nebraska City, while the Albert will operate between St. Louis and Lexington, Missouri. [illegible] to make this point a market for grain, and can afford to pay within a fraction of St. Louis prices, and by this means add one of the most important of [illegible] to the prosperity of Kansas City. Another of the [illegible] boats will be employed as far up as Sioux City. Progress is the order of the day.

The New Orleans Times of the 12th says:

We still notice that the river is encroaching on the upper wharf, and when we left the landing the water had reached as far down as Gravier street, leaving but a small portion of the woodwork for the reception of freight. The steamer Bob Roy, lending at the foot of Poydras street with old-iron for Cincinnati, [illegible]

The St. Louis Republican of Friday says:

Col. Daniel G. Taylor yesterday formally turned over the office of Supervising Inspector of Steamboats for the Fourth District to his successor, Mr. Alfred Sanford, [illegible] as Supervising Inspector. It is to be sincerely hoped that the new incumbent will discharge the duties of the office with [illegible]

The Evansville Courier of Friday says:

The order for the sale of the Evansville Dry Docks which was made some time since at a meeting of the stockholders, [illegible] The sale will take place at the dry dock landing at 10 o'clock A. M. [illegible]

GRANT'S SADDLE.

"From Fort Henry to the Appomattox."

The Baltimore American, referring to the Associated Press dispatch from Lewistown, Maine, relative to the presentation by General Grant to Mr. Washburne of the saddle which he used throughout the war, says the statement must certainly be an error, as the saddle referred was presented to Col. A. H. Markland in 1865, accompanied by a letter from the then Lieutenant General of the armies of the United States, and of which the following is a copy:

"HEADQ'RS ARMIES OF THE U. S.,
Washington, May 19, 1865.

"Col. A. H. Markland, Special Agent Post-Office Department:

"COLONEL—I take great pleasure in presenting you the 'Grimsley saddle,' which I have rode in all the battles from Fort Henry, in February, 1862, to the battles about Petersburg, Virginia, ending in the surrender of Lee's army at Appomattox Courthouse, Va., on the 9th of April, 1865.

"I present this saddle, not for any intrinsic value it possesses, but as a mark of friendship and esteem after continued service with you through the great rebellion, commencing at Cairo, Illinois, in 1861, to the present day, and, I hope, not yet ended.

"Yours truly,
U. S. GRANT,
Lieutenant General."

☞ The real and personal property of Cuba, exclusive of Government and church lands, is estimated at $1,[illegible] and the annual income from investments of all kinds at $122,000,000.

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE OF $75,000 WORTH CHOICE DRY GOODS

AT NEW YORK PRIME COST,

At TRADE PALACE,

Masonic Temple Building, cor. Fourth and Jefferson Sts.

Sale will continue, until the present stock is sold, as important changes in my business will take place July 1, 1869. Now is the time for families to lay in their summer supplies, as the present stock is all fresh goods, and the public can save a large percentage by making their purchases now. Merchants from the country will find great bargains, as the present stock must be sold. The stock consists of the choicest selections of

DRESS GOODS, PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS,

SILK AND CHENE POPLINS,

Black and Colored Alpacas, Percales, Lawns, and Jaconets,

Silk Sacques, Shawls,

And a Beautiful Stock of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOAKING CLOTHS.

LARGE STOCK OF PURE IRISH AND TABLE LINENS.

Also, a complete line of Housekeeping Dry Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics, Prints, Marseilles and Honey-comb Quilts. A large and fine stock of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Fans, Corsets, Parasols, Edging, and Embroidery; Gents' White and Fancy Shirts; Summer Undershirts and Drawers of all kinds; Half Hose, Collars, Ties in endless variety. Terms will be positively cash.

H. H. NEAL,

TRADE PALACE,

Fourth and Jefferson Streets.

my1 SuTuThSa tf

Ladies' Wear.

DORA SCHULZ'S

NEW EMPORIUM OF FASHION,

103 Fourth St.,

Between Market and Jefferson.

LADIES' GOODS, every department complete in itself. [illegible]

my16 Su,TuThS

SELLING OUT AT COST!

In order to quit the business I will, on Monday, May 17, offer my entire

Stock of Dry Goods

at and below cost for CASH.

House for rent and fixtures for sale.

RICHARD ISAACS,
106 Fourth Street.

my16 dtf

Summer Millinery.

MRS. A. NELSON, 104 1-2 Fourth street, has just received from New York the very latest summer styles of Paris Millinery; comprising the most choice and complete selections of bonnets and hats, also the finest French flowers, bridal wreaths, veils and fancy wreaths for parties, to which she would respectfully invite the attention of the ladies.

MRS. A. NELSON, 104 1-2 Fourth St.

JUST RECEIVED!

300 pcs Col'd Fringes;

300 pcs Col'd Gimps & Galoons;

A very large assortm't Buttons

Of every description; which I offer to the ladies, dress-makers, and the public in general at 40 per cent. less than my former price.

C. J. RAIBLE,

Importer and Manufacturer of Ladies' Dress & Mantilla Fringes

104 Fourth street.

mh20 d3m 1stp

MILK OF VIOLETS.

FOR beautifying and whitening the complexion it is unequaled; entirely free from injurious substances; largely used by the elite and operatic artists of Europe; and is now being introduced for the first time in America with great and flattering success. Ask for the MILK OF VIOLETS, accept of no substitute, and wherever introduced it will be indispensable to every lady's complete toilet. For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. V. W. BRINCKERHOFF, removed to 1 College Place, N. Y.

A New Store.

MILLINERY GOODS

Retailed at Wholesale Prices.

ISIDOR BRONNER

LOUISVILLE, KY.

[illegible]

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

ISIDOR BRONNER.

Triumphant Everywhere!

THE CELEBRATED

Home Washer!

The Only Washing Machine in the World that Does the Work Thoroughly, Without Injury to the Fabric.

[illegible]

135 Jefferson St., Near Fourth.

BLUM BROTHERS,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

FRINGES, GIMPS, BUTTONS, CORDS AND TASSELS, &c.

[illegible]

BLUM BROTHERS,

111 Market Street,

Between Fourth and Fifth.

Courier-Journal.

SUNDAY AND MONDAY, MAY 16 AND 17.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
THE DAILY.
One year.....................$12 [illegible]

[illegible]

THE WEEKLY.

[illegible]

An extra copy is allowed to the club agent for every [illegible]

PAYMENTS ALWAYS TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

Money may be sent in postoffice orders or drafts, and when these can not be procured by mail at our risk [illegible] in the presence of the Postmaster, whose certificate will be required in case of its loss.

[illegible]

KENTUCKY NEWS.

There will be an Episcopal Convention at Henderson on the 26th inst.

The fly is making tobacco fly in the vicinity of Franklin.

Lebanon exults in the possession of a double-headed lizard.

The fruit of the Sandy Valley it is now said will be very abundant.

The Lexington City Council has determined to co-operate with Louisville and Frankfort in Boone anniversary.

A drunken negro fell over the precipice at Stickaway, near Vers[illegible] last Sunday, and received injuries from which he died.

Gen. G. W. Hamilton, of the late C. S. A., is at present in Hickman, prospecting with a view to locating permanently in that vicinity.

Mr. Thomas Forman, of Maysville, has a cow from whose milk twelve pounds of butter is made per week—each churning made in four minutes time.

The Lexington City Council passed a resolution at its meeting on Thursday night appropriating $1,000 to the support of the Lexington Orphan Asylum.

Mrs. Mary Gannett, of Versailles, was thrown from a carriage by a runaway team, and had her shoulder dislocated and received other serious injuries, a few days since.

The residence of Mr. Reeley Crafton, in Henderson county, was totally destroyed on Saturday night last, with all its contents—furniture, clothing, etc. No insurance.

Rev. W. H. Felix, the retiring pastor of the Baptist church in Lexington, was presented with a beautiful service of silver last Thursday, by the members of that church.

The case of Bradley and wife vs. Woodward, for slander—damages laid at $30,000—was tried in the Logan Circuit Court this week. Verdict $200 damages and cost of suit.

Gov. Thos. P. Porter has sent his thoroughbred colt, Parson Dudley, to Lexington, and will sell him at public sale on Monday next, in front of the Phenix Hotel.

Mr. [illegible] Kline, who resides on John's Creek, [illegible] county, had his leg cut off with a cable while trying to land a raft of logs near the mouth of George's Creek, a few days ago.

Mr. S. F. Gilman, the well known turf [illegible] the country, and had $2,000 with him, foul play is suspected.

It has been determined to hold the Paducah tobacco fair on the [illegible] day of June, and the Herald says it is going to be one of the grandest affairs ever held in Paducah, and thousands of persons are expected to be present at the ceremonies.

The body of a dead man was found in the river, three miles below Hickman, Saturday last. A coroner's inquest was held over the body, but nothing elicited to lead to its identification, but from clothing supposed to have been a Federal soldier.

In Lexington, on Wednesday last, Mrs. Marable made a mis-step [illegible] Grave apprehensions are entertained that she received serious injuries of an internal nature.

At Riley's station, Marion county, last Wednesday morning, James A. Goller, Esq., killed a rattlesnake, four feet and one inch long. The reptile had eight rattles and a button, showing it to be ten years old. This is the fifth rattlesnake that has been killed recently at that point.

The dwelling house belonging to and occupied by Mr. Adam Cherry, of Warren county, was accidentally destroyed by fire one night last week. Mr. Cherry was fortunate enough to save nearly all the contents of the house, losing only the building, which was not insured.

A negro woman was badly burned near Paducah last Monday by her clothes taking fire. She was working with a [illegible] feet of a creek, and instead of running to the water to extinguish the fire, she ran to the house, a hundred yards distant. She will probably die.

A negro, who had been missing since the 6th inst., was found drowned on Tuesday last, under the bridge at Clifton, which crosses Bow's run, near the Kentucky river. A coroner's jury returned the verdict "that the deceased came to his death from violence from some unknown person."

A Lexington couple, matrimonially inclined, took the Wednesday morning train for Louisville with the expectation of arranging matters here. The would-be groom lacked the nerve for the occasion, however, and, when the train reached Frankfort, disappeared, and has not since turned up.

Mrs. Holeman, a widow lady living about four miles north of Bowling Green, had her dwelling house and nearly all its contents entirely destroyed by fire last Monday night. Only the furniture in one of the rooms was saved. The fire is supposed to have caught accidentally from a stove. No insurance.

It has become quite fashionable among young men of Newport to carry loaded canes. They are probably not aware that it is an indictable offense, and that any person who may be struck by a cane of this kind may recover $[illegible] damages, under the statutes of the State, from the party inflicting the blow.

John C. Sanders, constable in the Saloma district, Taylor county, was poisoned one day last week, from the effects of which he died. A man named Brownlee is under arrest, charged with having administered the poison. Other parties are said to be implicated, and warrants have been issued for their arrest.

The Auditor informs the Frankfort Yeoman that the first copy of the Assessor's books received at his office for the present year is from A. L. Parker, Esq., Clerk of the Boone County Court. He reports that it is a neat, well gotten up book, and awards Mr. Parker great credit for his promptness and clerical skill.

The spring meeting over the Association Course at Lexington commences on Monday. It is expected to be the largest and best ever held there. Nearly forty horses will run, and they are all first-class racers, most of them winners in fast time. Monday is the grand mile-heat day, having such noble animals as Versailles, Pompey Peyne, and Mercer entered. Let the weather be fair, and the managers promise the rest.

Were it not for the rain and consequent muddy track, it is believed that such colts as Versailles, Pompey Peyne, Exchange and Fleming would mark the fastest time over the Lexington course ever before made by three-year olds, and though the track is not such as these colts should run over, yet the race will be very exciting to all turfmen. Among the prominent four-year olds are Dick Jackson, Paris and the favorite Minnie Mitson.

Says the Lebanon Clarion: "We mentioned last week the killing of Oakes, in Taylor county, by a man named Purvis. The actual murderer made his escape, but two other men of the same name, who are said to have assisted in the homicide, were arrested and had an examining trial at Campbellsville last Tuesday and Wednesday. One of them was held to bail in the sum of $500, and the other of $450, for their appearance in the Circuit Court."

On Friday morning last Mr. B. F. Weaver, of Bath county, while crossing the Covington and Cincinnati bridge, pulled out his pocket-book for some purpose, when a sudden puff of wind blew the entire contents of it, amounting to ninety-three dollars, into the river. Mr. Weaver became so excited on account of his loss that he sent his hat sailing after the money. He made no effort to recover either, thinking it useless.

The Daviess county convention of "Good Templars" met at Sugar Grove Church with Midway Lodge Saturday, the 8th of May, 1869. Most of the Lodges were represented, and harmony and good feeling prevailed among all Templars present. There was a good report from almost every lodge represented. The temperance cause is in a very prosperous condition in the county, and several new lodges have been organized.

James W. Campbell, the principal witness in the tobacco conspiracy cases, who left Covington on the day the United States District Court met, to avoid testifying, it is presumed, returned Friday, and was immediately arrested by the Deputy United States Marshal upon an attachment for contempt of court. He was taken before United States Commissioner Blackburn, who required him to give bail in the sum of $5,000 for his appearance at the December term of Judge Ballard's Court.

Mr. Wm. Whalin, a farmer living about seven miles west of Bowling Green, was stabbed and seriously injured last Monday by an unknown party. It appears that while Whalin was at work in his field a stranger with a rope in his hand approached him and asked if he had seen anything of a stray horse, and, without waiting for any reply, drew a knife and stabbed Whalin, inflicting a very painful wound. The mysterious stranger immediately ran off in the direction from which he had come, leaving no indication of his identity or his object in attacking Mr. Whalin. He is supposed to have been crazy.

The Lexington Observer and Reporter publishes a list of Kentucky newspapers. There are 3 tri-weeklies, 2 semi-weeklies, 7 dailies, 6 monthlies, and 51 weeklies—making a total of 72 papers published in the State. Of this number there is 1 musical, 1 educational, 1 medical, 1 literary, 2 agricultural, 2 temperance, 3 commercial, 5 religious, 4 Radical, and 50 Democratic—and all English but two, which are German. Three-fourths, if not more, of the number of gentlemen connected with the State press are young men whose earnestness, ability, culture, and moral force have so elevated the tone and character of the press of Kentucky that it stands to-day with few equals and no superior in all this broad land.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

Georgia has planted about half and half of corn and cotton.

Crop prospects are by no means flattering in the vicinity of Tuscaloosa, Ala.

The Germans of Mobile have been successfully turnvereining.

The Hot Springs (Ark.) Courier will soon make its appearance.

Many of the prisoners in the Texas bastile at Jefferson are quite sick.

It is stated that Gov. Wells, of Virginia, will commute Jeter Phillips' sentence to imprisonment in the penitentiary for life.

Gen. John B. Gordon will deliver the literary address at the ensuing commencement of Andrew Female College, at Cuthbert, Ga.

A Mrs. O'Neill played landlady a couple of days ago on some colored folks who live in Memphis, and collected $18 in rents.

The recent overflow of the Alabama river destroyed thousands of acres of cotton and corn.

Thirty-two prisoners have escaped from the Greenville, Miss., jail in the last eighteen months. Nine escaped a few days ago.

The Memphis convention committee are busy getting everything ready for that great assemblage.

Gen. Lee arrived at Lexington Saturday evening last, very much gratified with the result of his trip North.

A political victim of Ex-Governor Fletcher, of Missouri, has sued him for $50,000 damages.

The Knoxville Iron Company have commenced the manufacture of nail plate, with complete success.

Two men on horseback in attempting to ford a creek near Knoxville, Tenn., a few days ago, were drowned, as also one of the horses.

It is said that during the holding of Judge [illegible] Whelan's court at Marion, Ala., he fell asleep on the bench, and the sheriff was too drunk to awaken him.

A son of Mr. Levi Windham, of Windham Springs, Ala., was dangerously shot through the lungs at Macon, in that State, last week, by a rowdy. The latter escaped.

Mr. Sturgis, who killed Bellum a few weeks ago, has just been tried in Beaufort, S. C., and was convicted of murder and sentenced to be hung on the 3d day of June.

Henry Meyers, a young man living in Bardstown, Ala., accidentally shot himself through the lungs the other day. He is in a critical condition.

Owing doubtless to the wet weather, the cut worms are more numerous this spring than usual, and are doing serious injury to gardens. Cotton is being injured by the pests, too.

On Tuesday night, last, four prisoners, the entire number confined in the jail at Jackson, Tenn., made their escape, including two under sentence to the penitentiary—one for three years, the other for life.

Albert Roberts, editor of the Nashville Banner, and known as "John Happy," will repeat his lecture upon "The Press" at the Christian Church, in Murfreesboro, on next Monday night.

In the Monroe (La.) Civic Guard, of the 8th, it is stated that the water from the Lafourche crevasse was running over the Bayou Blue Ridge, and that some of the small plantations were under water. The Lafourche is still rising.

A negro on a plantation in Jefferson county, Miss., after charging another negro with stealing meat, deliberately shot him through the heart, killing him almost instantly. The murderer was arrested and taken to Fayette, but was subsequently discharged on bail of a small amount. The magistrate was one of the military appointments.

A correspondent of the Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle and Sentinel says: "Your piece in regard to the shooting of Mr. Atkins makes it appear that a Mr. Adams passed Atkins on the road, which is not correct. The Messrs. Adams can establish, beyond a doubt, that they were over four miles from the place where the shooting occurred at the time it must have taken place."

A gentleman who has recently passed through the country between Louisville and New Orleans gives the result of his observations as follows: "There has been much damage and delay from rains and overflows in West Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana; cotton crop three weeks behind, and much of it not yet planted; prospects for fruit good throughout the South; people patient and hopeful; Mississippians don't like negro juries, but have resolved to give no occasion for complaint on this score; negroes in Louisiana and Mississippi quiet and well-behaved, few of them being born and numbers of them dying."

A Timely Hint.

Just the drollest reading we know of is to be found in the dispute about negro testimony carried on at present by our country exchanges. They are, for the most part, deeply moved. Some are for the proposition and some are against it, but all of them argue it with a seriousness which is comical.

We assure them it is scarcely so bad. It is damaging and inconvenient, but not a matter of life and death. What with civil-right attachments and Federal Court writs and radical judges and radical juries, and detriment generally in brass buttons, it is considerably troublesome. But it is not so momentous as our country friends take it to be. We can get on without it, "poorly, thank God," but still tolerably. The destinies of Kentucky do not hang on it. The people of Kentucky will do just as they think best about it, and, whatever they can stand, why we can stand. One thing, however, we are bound to do, and that we mean to do to a dead and moral certainty, "Keep the people posted."

The whole question is one of business. It is a legal, not a political question. It is designed for the benefit of the white man chiefly, nay exclusively; but, if it were not, we should still advocate it, for it is right in itself. Being right in itself—being in itself necessary to the ends of justice and truth, and, at the same time, needful to the protection of white men as against negroes and bayonets—we are anxious that the people shall not defeat it through sheer misconception.

All the Radicals are against it. They want to beat it. But there is not an intelligent Democrat in Kentucky who will pretend to offer a reasonable objection to it in private conversation. Yet, as we said, the destiny of Kentucky in no wise hinges on it. All the people are not litigants. Not one hundredth part of the people have any direct concern in the matter one way or another. The Democratic party and those members of the Democratic party who happen to be jerked up and dragged to this city by a United States officer are the only sufferers; but even their suffering is too remote and of too modified a form to cause so many of our country friends to bleed so freely for their country.

We advise them to cool themselves speedily. The weather is growing warmer every day. If they go on exercising thus and thus they will surely injure themselves, and we would not have them do that for our amusement. Ice-water and repose, however, will put them right, and they will have no occasion to quarrel with us for the prescription if they will only try it.

The Borie Business.

The Chicago Tribune has the following remarks on Borie:

The selection of Mr. Borie was a mistake in the first place, and his retention has been a prolongation of the mistake. The old gentleman's feeble health and shattered physical constitution render him totally unfit for the proper discharge of the duties of the Naval Secretaryship. Had it not been for the assistance of Admiral Porter, the business of the office would now be in the utmost confusion. Mr. Borie is not able to work one hour a day, and the little he does is necessarily weak and imperfect. He has enjoyed the honor of a seat in the Cabinet (which was not of his own seeking), and his name will be perpetuated in the naval records of his country. Now, let him gracefully retire from the arduous duties which he is physically incapable of performing, and relieve the President from his embarrassment. General Grant cannot probably bring himself to remove the Secretary, nor to wound his feelings by hinting to him that his resignation would be acceptable. And yet nothing but the egotism of age prevents a nominal Secretary of the Navy from perceiving, what everybody else sees, that the "good of the service" requires his return, &c.

Thus speaks the most widely-circulated and influential of all the Radical organs of the great Northwest, an organ unsurpassed in intensity of Radicalism by any in the country. What it says of Mr. Borie and his position is said by other able papers of its party and gainsaid by none. All the Radical papers would gladly say it, for they all know it, but most of them dare not speak a word that is not first set down for them. This Borie business is a disgrace to the Government, and, as such, the whole press of the country should denounce and stigmatize it. Here is a nominal Secretary of the Navy too imbecile to even attempt or to make a show of attempting to perform the lightest and slightest of his official duties, too far gone in imbecility even to sign his name, a nominal Secretary who employs a man to do all his work for him, to issue official orders without so much as using his name in them, and to attend Cabinet meetings for him. The Chicago editor tells us that the President, though aware of his nominal Secretary's utter incapability, cannot hurt his feelings by removing him or hinting to him that his resignation would be acceptable. Oh no, the tender memory of that house and lot softens Grant's heart and suffuses his eyes whenever the thought occurs to him of touching Borie's exquisite sensibilities by the performance of a duty imperatively demanded of him by every consideration that should influence a public functionary. The President gave an assurance to the people of the United States, that, whenever he should find that he had made a wrong appointment, he would hasten to correct it, but how is he redeeming his pledge, in the case of Borie? Are the gentle sensibilities of the mythical Secretary of more importance than the great rights and tremendous interests of the nation over which Gen. Grant presides? Who is responsible now for the administration of the Navy Department—the poor feeble old soul who probably knows less as to what is going on in that Department than we do, or Vice Admiral Porter who manages things as he chooses and is not even known to the Government?

☞ The Albany Evening Journal says that "it was of course to be expected that the disappointed office-seekers would turn against General Grant." Well, if the unsuccessful Radical place-hunters have abandoned him, who are for him? What are his chances? What shadow of hope remains to him? Why doesn't he keel and die?

"Dead Beats."

The Memphis Appeal contains a touching narrative of the "operations" of a certain Carter, a "dead-beat," who recently "struck" the hotels, railroads, and steamboats in and about Memphis for various sums in money, "board," and transportation. The Appeal, reflecting no doubt the rather morbid sentiment of the victims, is very, and, we dare say, reasonably, indignant. But it perpetrates a sort of professional solecism, as well as a mistaken burst of feeling, when it mingles with its expressions of detestation and regret the notion that the transactions it describes have any connection, contingent or remote, with the business of journalism, or that the press has any occasion to stigmatize such characters as Carter on the assumption that their practices have a tendency to lower the social tone and bearing of journalists.

Such is not the case. Carter appears to have been a simple cheat. Had it suited his purpose, he might have played lawyer or doctor as he played railroad agent, steamboat captain, and newspaper correspondent. The weak point lies not in the circumstance of his disguise. The profession of journalism has as little natural relationship to matters of the kind as the profession of law or physic. But there exists a system, tacitly accepted by the press and by the public, which exposes the one to more or less of odium and the other to more or less of imposition. To it belongs the blame.

The "dead beat" disorder comes from the "dead head" system. If railroads, hotels, steamboats and places of amusement, seeking favors on the part of the press, make no discrimination in their method of returning obligations received, and submit to a general rule, instead of reducing the transaction within the limits of fixed regulation that defy fraud, they may confidently expect to be cheated often and over again. The "head dead" system is a mistake throughout. It, and not those who take advantage of it, lowers the journalistic standard. The principal newspapers of the country abandoned it long ago. But it ought to be abolished altogether. It is a blot upon the escutcheon of the press, which cannot be too clean, and a reproach to the good sense of corporations, which ought to be above the use of such an appliance and beyond the reach of sharpers.

There are undoubtedly many obligations conferred by the press upon all public enterprises which cannot be paid for in money, which necessarily spring out of the existence of public institutions, but there are not enough to justify a system wrong in itself and open to boundless abuse. So long as a well-dressed stranger is permitted to register his name at a hotel as a correspondent, or apply to a railroad for a free pass, as an editor, with the likelihood of success in both cases, there will be no lack of well-dressed "dead beats" to take advantage of the license. Destroy the system and the opportunity of the "dead beat" is gone forever, and with it the reproach and sometimes the mortification experienced by actual members of the press in having transactions, such as those alleged against Carter, laid at the door of journalism, which, within its strict professional limitation, contains as few "dead beats" as any profession, learned or unlearned.

A Noble Spanish Officer.

The New York Sun, which keeps itself carefully informed upon the subject of operations in Cuba, records a striking fact which we consider especially noteworthy. That paper says that a Captain of the distinguished Catalonian volunteers, whose arrival in Havana from Spain created the greatest enthusiasm among the supporters of Spanish authority in Cuba, squarely refused, on learning the condition of things on the Island, to lead his men to the field, assigning as a reason for his refusal that the troops had not been enlisted to fight against republican ideas but for the sole purpose of preserving the integrity of Spain, and that in Cuba he had found nothing on the part of the Spanish authorities but despotism and enmity against liberal institutions. It is stated that Lejada, the colonel of the battalion, on hearing the Captain's bold annunciation, was instantly seized with vertigo severe enough to relieve him for the time being from responsibility.

A great deal was expected from the services of those Catalonians in the suppression of the rebellion. Their experience and their discipline were known to be great, and their prowess was unquestioned. Under Gen. Prim, they won the highest honors in the late war of Spain against the Moors, and it was with their assistance that Gen. Letona, commanding one of the three Spanish Divisions in Cuba, was expected to inaugurate the important operations against the Camagueyanos. The possibility of any refusal or indisposition of either of the officers to fight for the suppression of a cause deemed the cause of liberty or republicanism was not for a moment contemplated.

The noble Captain, it is said, has been or is to be sent to Spain for trial. He may be convicted of treason and shot, but his blood will mount instead of sinking in the ground. The Spanish Government had better declare him pardoned. But, conscious of no crime, he certainly will not ask for pardon.

Flight of the President.

It is announced that the President wants to go away some where for two or three weeks for a little rest, and that he don't want anybody to know where he is going.—[Washington Dispatch, May 14.

General Grant's friends thought that he could stand anything, but we never before had a President that fagged as often as he does. Every few days it is announced that he is completely worn out or sick and cannot be seen. At such times he gives up all public business. Twice he has made his escape from Washington for recreation or rest, and now, it seems, he wants to get off for two or three weeks, and nobody must know where he is going. He must smuggle himself out of his house to a steamboat or railroad car and perform his journey anonymously and *incog.* He must steal away like a thief in the night, drawing his hat down over his eyes and hiding himself from the American people, the constituents who are so proud of him. It is to be hoped that he will be able to obtain the use of the Scotch-plaid cloak, under the protection of which President Lincoln ran the gauntlet of the Baltimore assassins.

Grant will have to keep up his disguise during his whole absence from Washington, for, if he shall be identified, those obscene birds, the office-seekers, from whom he is flying for life, will flock to his retreat like pigeons to a pigeon-roost. And this is the status of affairs at the close of little more than two months of the Grant administration. What shall we see before the close of the four years?

☞ The course of Mr. Boutwell as Secretary of the Treasury is generally commented upon with as much severity by his political friends as by his political opponents. His financial sagacity is sharply called in question by many of the Radical organs. He is charged by them with a lack of financial ability, and some go so far as to more than intimate that his purpose in his official action is to promote his own private interests and the private interests of his friends. If he is engaged in anything of that kind, he will of course see the expediency of receiving the President into his "ring."

☞ If Gen. Butler were kicked as often as he deserves it, he would be glad to go to Connecticut and exchange his hams for wooden ones.

☞ General Grant's appetite is good, but he is said to be listless. His body is growing thick, and his mind thin.

☞ The Baltimore Gazette calls Gen. Butler the big gun of the Radical party. We should like to see him loaded and touched off. Is he a breech-loader?

☞ The Spanish officials at Washington talk boldly about a declaration of war by Spain if we recognize the Cuban insurrectionists as belligerents. And yet Spain recognized the belligerent character of the Southern Confederates in the first month of our war. Whence her bold talk now? Have Great Britain and France been whispering significant words in her ear?

CITY ITEMS.

☞ Remember the sale of handsome residence located on Breckinridge street, between Second and Third. It will be sold at auction next Tuesday, without fail. Morris, Southwick & Co., auctioneers.

☞ Messrs. Buckel & Shaffer advertise to sell the following property at auction:
Tuesday, 18th, at 4 o'clock, a valuable lot, 26 by 105 feet, on Second street, between Main and Water; and at 5 o'clock on the same day, a cottage and lot, on Grayson street, between Eighth and Ninth.
Wednesday, 19th, at 4 o'clock, two valuable lots, each 25 by 210 feet, on Main street, between Tenth and Eleventh.
Thursday, 20th, at 4 o'clock, a brick store-house and residence with lot, on Water street, between Third and Fourth, together with two double tenements in the rear, fronting on the alley.

☞ One of the best built and most desirable dwellings in the city will be sold at auction next Tuesday by Morris, Southwick & Co. Read particulars in auction column.

Summer Session.
A select summer course, comprising double-entry book-keeping, penmanship, commercial arithmetic (including lightning calculations), commercial law, business practice, phonography, &c., has been introduced at the Bryant & Stratton Business College, Weisiger Block, Fourth street. The course of study is thorough and practical, and will be illustrated by daily lectures and general exercises.
Three months' scholarship, with books and blanks, $25. Special rates for single branches.

☞ Those who desire a handsome and conveniently arranged family dwelling will remember Morris, Southwick & Co.'s sale next Tuesday at 5 o'clock, and be on hand.

☞ Johnston & Nixon have fitted up a new store on Jefferson, near the corner of Second, for the sale of the Leavitt Sewing Machine, for fine work. Also, the American Button Hole, Overseaming and Sewing Machines. Agents wanted everywhere. Terms liberal.
JOHNSTON & NIXON, Agents.

☞ There is no better built dwelling in the city than the one Morris, Southwick & Co. sell next Tuesday.

☞ It is not true that D. O'Hare has sent one of his Russia zinc trunks as a present to Gen. Grant. He don't want the Postoffice. He can do better making trunks, and underselling all competitors.

To the Ladies.
J. C. Wood & Co. have just received 4,000 dozen ladies' and children's hosiery, and 150 dozen ladies', gents', and children's gauze, lisle thread, and silk underwear. They have the largest and most complete stock of goods in their line of business in the West. 148 West Market street, sign of the Giant Stocking.

☞ A magnificent Hinzen & Rosen seven-octave rosewood piano and an elegant set of furniture will be sold by Mr. C. C. Spencer, on Monday morning, at a private residence, No. 463 west Walnut street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth, to which special attention is called.

The Best in the City.
Stowe's gallery and Stowe's porcelains and photographs; cartes imperial, cameo portraits, and all other styles at lowest prices. New card photographs $1 per dozen. Gallery Fourth and Green.

☞ One dollar and fifty cents will buy a trunk at D. O'Hare's Great Western Trunk Manufactory, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

☞ Sell your feathers now while there is a good buyer to buy them. It is H. E. Zook, at his furniture store, No. 128 Third street, near Walnut.

☞ "All that my fancy painted her." It was a picture that Webster made of her, that confirmed the fancy. Gallery No. 85 Fourth street.

☞ Fay's ferreotypes, No. 74 Fourth street, are the cheapest and prettiest pictures made in this city.

☞ Read Morris, Southwick & Co.'s advertisements in auction column.

☞ I will exchange new spring mattresses for second-hand feathers at my store, southwest corner Twelfth and Market streets.
J. B. DEEN.

☞ We call the attention of our patrons and friends to Ward's Eureka Tonic Bitters. It is no quack nostrum, leaving the poor invalid a thousand times worse than before taking, but a safe and admirable tonic, compounded by an eminent physician of Louisville.

Furniture and Feathers.
I will pay the highest cash price for all kinds of household goods, feathers, &c., in large or small lots; will also repair all kinds of furniture, spring mattresses, &c., at my furniture store, southwest corner Twelfth and Market, Nos. 464 and 466. J. B. DEEN.

☞ All kinds of furniture, spring mattresses, &c., repaired southwest corner Twelfth and Market. J. B. DEEN.

The Most Perfect Iron Tonic.
Hegeman's Ferrated Elixir of Bark. A pleasant cordial prepared from Calisaya Bark and Pyrophosphate of Iron, possessing the valuable properties of iron, phosphorus and calisaya, without any injurious ingredients. As a preventive to fever and ague, and as a tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it cannot be surpassed, and is recommended by the most eminent physicians. Physicians in prescribing, and the public in purchasing, should be particular to specify Hegeman's, as there are many inferior articles in the market purporting to be of the same combination. Prepared only by Hegeman & Co., chemists and druggists, New York, and sold by all respectable druggists.

LOCAL NOTICES.

If you want a trunk that you can throw out of a four-story window without injury, call on D. O'Hare, at his Trunk Emporium, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, and get one of his Solid English Sole Leather Trunks. There is no discount on them.

Spring and Summer Goods for housekeepers just received; Ice Cream Freezers, all the approved patterns and sizes; Water Filters, Kedzie's celebrated make; Water Coolers, all sizes, galvanized iron, stone jar and porcelain linings; Refrigerators and Ice Chests, in full variety; Fluting Machines and Scissors; Decorated Toilet Sets, the most complete line in the city, and new styles Tin Toilet ware; Cedar Chests, all sizes, and made to order; Baskets, in complete variety; Bird Cages, all kinds and styles, and Birds; Bath Tubs, as plunge, sponge, foot, leg, hip, sitz and infant; Baby Cabs, in complete variety; Dusters, Brushes, and New Goods in general, all at Lowest Prices, at Rogers' House Furnishing Emporium, 146 south side Market, between Fourth and Fifth streets. my16 2

Look to Your Interests,
and buy where you can buy the cheapest, and that is at D. O'Hare's Great Trunk Manufactory, on Main street, No. 142, between Fourth and Fifth, where he is retailing his immense stock at wholesale New York prices.

Don't forget that the Alaska Refrigerator, with water cooler attached, is of our own manufacture, and will keep articles colder with less ice than any in the city, and the prices are less.
PYNE & CREIGHTON,
my16 d3 82 Fourth street.

☞ The A No. 1 XX sole leather valise, copper rivetted edge, and improved steel springs at D. O'Hare's trunk house, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

The Patent Reversible Broiler, sold by Pyne & Creighton, No. 82 Fourth street, has given perfect satisfaction to every purchaser. Over one hundred sold in ten days on trial, and not one returned. Call and examine them. my16 eod6

One Dollar Store.
We take pleasure in announcing to the public that on Monday morning there will be displayed at this temple of taste a large line of new and elegant articles, just received, and never before offered in this city.
Also a fresh supply of silverware castors, glass vases, magnificent parasols, furs, velvet albums, and a thousand other articles. Strangers visiting this city are particularly invited; also merchants will find it to their interest to examine this large and select stock of goods.

☞ XX Sole leather trunks, with improved steel spring, at D. O'Hare's trunk manufactory on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

☞ Use C. & C. M. Co.'s DETERGENT for removing grease, tar, paints, &c., from clothes without injury to the finest fabric or color. Sold by druggists. T. E. Field, Agent for Kentucky. Office 125 Third street. m13d4

LOCAL NOTICES.

BENJ. F. ALFORD,
Apothecary,
Seventh and Market streets.

☞ Drugs at ALFORD'S.
☞ Chemicals at ALFORD'S.
☞ Brushes at ALFORD'S.

☞ The A No. 1 sole leather trunks at D. O'Hare's, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Ecker's $1 gallery, opposite the $1 store. All sizes and styles of photographs, large and small, for frames, albums, etc., $1. See our $1 porcelain picture, the prettiest and cheapest ever made; No. 116 Fourth street.

☞ Don't throw away your old trunks, but send them to D. O'Hare's Great Western Trunk Manufactory, and have them made as good as new. 142 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

CHEAP PIPES, CHEAP CIGARS, CHEAP TOBACCO, &c.—SMOKERS' EMPORIUM, CORNER THIRD AND JEFFERSON STREETS.—Meerschaum pipes, cigar tubes, and every variety of fancy goods pertaining to the trade selling at less than one-half the original cost. Cigars sold by the box at wholesale prices. Chewing tobacco, best grades, by the pound, at a small advance on package prices. Mr. Lo has a new suit (greenback) and can always be seen at the front door. m16 d3

☞ You can buy a Saratoga trunk for $4 50, at D. O'Hare's, on Main street between Fourth and Fifth.

Iron Railing! Iron Railing!
Go to Mead & Miller's for iron railing, Green street, between Eighth and Ninth. m16 d6*

☞ The Russia Zinc Saratoga trunk, for ladies, is certainly one of the greatest improvements of the age. No amount of exposure to the weather injures them or their contents. Thieves cannot cut them open, and even a Louisville hack-driver cannot break them—142 Main street.

Division Fences
as cheap as wood at Mead & Miller's, Green street, between Eighth and Ninth. m16 d6*

Something New.
The newest and best thing now on the market is the Russia Zinc travelling trunk, manufactured and sold by D. O'Hare. Neither water, lightning, nor hotel porters can affect them. They are not only far superior to the best sole leather trunks, but they are at least 50 per cent. cheaper.

☞ Five qrs. French note paper for 50c.
Five qrs. French note paper, stamped with initials, for 75c.
One pack French visiting cards, printed, for 75c.
Note paper from 10 to 40 cents per quire, at
FRANK MADDEN'S,
m16 d2 105 Jefferson, bet. Third and Fourth.

Are Greenbacks worth Saving?
If you think so, then save from fifteen to twenty per cent. by buying your trunks, satchels, &c., at D. O'Hare's, 142 Main street. He can sell just that much cheaper than any other dealer in the West, and will sell you one trunk at the same rate he would charge for a thousand.

☞ A beautiful residence on Breckinridge street, between Fourth and Fifth, 60 by 200, containing 8 rooms, gas and water, etc., is offered for sale only for eight (8) days. For particulars, inquire at J. Dolinger & Co's., No. 96 Market street, between Third and Fourth. m16 d3

☞ If you want the best and cheapest article, go to the largest dealer—at O'Hare's headquarters, 142 Main street. The immense sale of trunks of his own manufacture enables him to undersell all competitors.

☞ Go to Dr. Saunders' 60 Jefferson street, for artificial teeth as perfect as your own natural ones. Remember the number, 60.

☞ The celebrated Russia zinc trunk, that bids defiance to railroad travel, is the greatest invention of the age; manufactured and sold by D. O'Hare, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

☞ New style teeth at Dr. Bedford's, No. 30 Jefferson street, same price as rubber. m16 dtf

Old Trunks
neatly repaired at D. O'Hare's on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Miraculous,
I have been to see the great European Wizard, at 104 Market street. She has been the means of restoring to me a very near and dear friend after an absence of five years by her wonderful powers. She is without doubt the greatest astrologist that ever visited this city. All those who are in trouble should consult her immediately and I will warrant them satisfaction.
ELLEN SCRANTON,
my15 d3 Preston street, Louisville.

Competition is the life of Trade,
and D. O'Hare is the life of competition in the Trunk business, 142 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Removal.
D. J. Murray has removed his Variety Store, under the National Hotel, No. 71 Fourth street, immediately opposite his old stand.
Go to Murray's to buy your baby buggies, superior to anything manufactured here. ap30d1m

5,000 Trunks
at wholesale and retail, at D. O'Hare's Great Western Trunk Manufactory, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Postponed.
Owing to the inclemency of the weather the sale of fine furniture, as advertised by W. H. Passmore & Co. to take place on Friday, the 14th inst., on the premises, No. 178 First street, has been postponed to Monday morning, the 17th, at 10 o'clock. my15 S&Sun

Russel's Patent Reversible Broiler.
The most useful cooking utensil ever invented; prevents the escape of nutriment, retains all the rich juices and delicate flavor of the meat. Broils in less than half the time required by other Broilers, easy to handle and kept clean, and does away with all smoke and grease, broils equally well over wood or coal, and fits all stoves or ranges. For sale only by
PYNE & CREIGHTON,
No. 82, Fourth street between Main and Market, or our Agents. may5deod6t

Trunks Retailed
at wholesale prices at D. O'Hare's. Where is it? On Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Money Loaned on Collateral Security.
such as diamonds, silver plate and other valuables. Business fair, equitable and satisfactory, by C. Hagan, 89 Jefferson street, opposite Tripp's music store. ap25 d1m

Don't Waste Your Time in Wandering Around
among second and third class dealers, but if you want a trunk or anything in that line go to headquarters, at D. O'Hare's, on Main street, No. 142, between Fourth and Fifth, where you can select from a stock of 5,000, and only pay the lowest wholesale price for a single trunk.

☞ Building lots for sale on Chestnut, Madison, and Magazine streets, near Twenty-third street, by [ap10 dtf] GRAVES & SON.

Use Dr. Graves's Soothing Syrup
for children teething. It is sold by all druggists. mar27 d2m

☞ Housekeepers will be pleased to know that at last a reliable bed-bug exterminator has been found in "Cemicade." It contains neither mineral or poison, and is the only preparation known that destroys their eggs, which is the only way of exterminating them. Sold by all druggists. An interesting history of the insect accompanies each package.
R. A. ROBINSON & CO., Agents,
my14 d3 Louisville, Ky.

For Coughs and Colds.
use Dr. Graves' cough candy. It is a sure cure. no8 dtf

Now Ready,
the most complete and varied assortment of Trunks, Valises, Traveling-sacks, &c., to be found in this city, at prices that defy competition, at
R. E. MILES',
No. 53 Main, bet. Second and Third streets.
my9 dtf

To Tobacco Manufacturers.
For Sale—At a very reduced price, one Mussur & Coleman's wheel press, with retainers, moulds, &c. W. T. GRAY,
apr4 tf 479 west Market street.

Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest,
and best, especially when applied to the complete assortment of Saddles, Harness, &c., at
R. E. MILES',
No. 52 Main, bet. Second and Third streets.
my9 dtf

☞ Gold and silver watches, chains, rings, etc., for sale at half price. Broker office of Jul. Wellman, 184 Third street. my6 dtf

☞ Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for every species of Indigestion.
☞ Use Walker's Tonic Bitters.
☞ "The best Tonic in the world."
☞ Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for fevers.
☞ Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for torpid liver.
☞ Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for catarrh.
☞ Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for dyspepsia
☞ Use Walker's Tonic Bitters for sick headache.

Stop! Listen for a Moment!
WHY DO YOU SUFFER with sick headache, neuralgia, constipation, indigestion, and their kindred ailments, when by stepping into a drug store you can procure a few bottles of Ward's Eureka Tonic, which invigorates and purifies the blood, and consequently recuperates the energy of muscle and nerve, thereby resuscitating the old life of the system and making the poor depending invalid feel like a new person?
Have you that plague of life—rheumatism? Try Ward's Eureka. Have you a cough or cold, or even consumption in its first stage? Try Ward's Eureka. Are you a sufferer from female irregularities? Try it. It has been proven to be a success for derangements of that kind. Go and get about three bottles immediately. Remember Ward's Eureka Tonic Bitters—compounded of ingredients purely vegetable, and by one of the most eminent physicians of Kentucky. Try it. Do try it.
Ward's Rheumatic Liniment is presented to the public, not as an experiment, but as an article whose virtue has been tested, and proved a cure for sprains, swelling of the limbs or back, neuralgia and rheumatism. It needs no lengthy eulogy, but to any rheumatic sufferer its merit will soon be apparent, and its remedial virtues fully appreciated by all who may try it.
W. M. WARD, Sole Proprietor,
my21 d3m Covington, Ky.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Remember
that you can buy a nice valise at D. O'Hare's for one dollar. Beat it if you can. 142 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

☞ MOTHERS, REMEMBER that for chafing of infants no remedy equals BURNETT'S Kalliston. For sale by all druggists.

MARRIED.

TICHNER—ROBERTSON—In New Albany, Ind., on the 13th inst., at the St. Joseph's church, by the Rev. E. Talbott, Mr. A. W. TICHNER to Miss KATE M. ROBERTSON, both of this city. No cards.

"True love will yet more constant be,
Like the lily at beat braves the gale,
Rock-rooted like the mountain tree,
And higher rise when storms assail."

DIED.

DAVIES—Near Lynchburg, Va., on the 6th inst., Mrs. MARIA C. DAVIES, wife of N. L. Davies, and daughter of Gen. G. W. Chambers, of this city.

"Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

Many of the people of Louisville have an affectionate remembrance of Maria Chambers and will give to her the warm tribute of a tear. We knew her well as a child and as a young lady, and loved and admired her, as all others did, for the beauty and loveliness of her mind and person. She adorned Christianity as she was adorned by it. She moved through the world like an angel, catching no stain from its atmosphere. There is another star in heaven.

HOAGLAND—On the 12th of May, 1869, at his residence, Walnut Grove, Hunter's Bottom, Ky., Major MOSES T. HOAGLAND, aged near 81 years.

"Blessed are the peace-makers, for they shall be called the children of God."

R. T. TORIAN,
TOBACCO FACTOR
—AND—
General Commission Merchant,
63 CARONDELET ST.,
New Orleans, La.
Liberal advances made on consignments to above house by
J. S. PHELPS..........................LOUISVILLE, KY.
MACKEY, NESBIT & CO.........EVANSVILLE, IND.
G. W. JARRETT.......................PADUCAH, KY
CLIFTON DANCY.................CLARKSVILLE, TENN.
fe28 deod6m

Flower Vases!
LARGE AND SMALL,
FOR SALE BY
SNEAD & CO.,
Market, bet. 8th and 9th Sts.,
a28 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND BANKERS,
No. 1 Hanover Buildings, Hanover Square,
oc22 d&wtf NEW YORK.

RELIGIOUS.

Religious Notice.
BISHOP ANDREW, Senior Bishop of the M. E. Church South, will preach this morning, at 11 o'clock, in the Shelby-street Methodist Church.

Religious Notice.
REV. Mr. TUDOR, of Washington City, will preach at C[illegible] street M. E. Church this (Sabbath) morning at 11 o'clock, and Rev. Dr. POISEL, of Baltimore, at 8 o'clock P. M. at same place.

Religious Notice.
A SUNDAY-SCHOOL mass meeting will be held this (Sunday) evening in the Market street M. E. Church, near Eighth, commencing at 3 o'clock. Good speaking and singing may be expected.

MEETINGS.

Masonic Notice.
A called meeting of Louisville R. A. Chapter No. 5, will be held at their hall in Masonic Temple, on MONDAY EVENING, May 17, at 7½ o'clock, for work. By order of
WM. RYAN, H. P.

Boot and Shoemakers, Attention!
THE Journeymen Boot and Shoemakers of Louisville and vicinity are requested to meet Trades Assembly rooms, 143½ Market street, between Fourth and Fifth, on TUESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, to consider business of great importance to the craft. By order of K. O. S. C. my16 d2

Episcopal Convention.
HENDERSON, KY., May 6, 1869.
THE delegates to the Episcopal convention to be held at Henderson, commencing Wednesday, May 26, 1869, are requested to report immediately on their arrival to Messrs. Dallam & Soaper, at their store, on Main street. S. K. SNEED,
my8 d8d Sec'y St. Paul's Church, Henderson, Ky.

Notice.
THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Elizabethtown and Paducah Railroad Company will take place at their office in this city on the 6th Saturday (29th) of June, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M., at which time the election of seven directors will occur to serve for the ensuing year.
my8 d3 A. A. GORDON, Sec'y.

Dress Goods.
70 PCS Grenadines Broche;
2 cases Plaid Grenadines;
2 cases Crown Lenos;
2 cases Check and Plaid Lenos;
4 cases Plaid Chalies;
2 cases Plaid Poplins;
4 cases Striped Alpaca Lusters;
1 case Challie;
1 case Pekin Lusters;
3 pcs 4-4 Plain Black and white Grenadines;
3 pcs 4-4 Iron [illegible] do;
10 pcs 4-4 Black Berege Grenadines;
Received and for sale by
JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO.,
70 and 72 west side Sixth street, between Main and Market. my16 d6

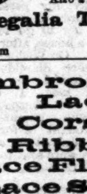
Corsets.
250 DOZ Ottenheimer D'd White Corsets;
" Colored "
Also W., F. D., W. F., Helena, Emilie, Star, Comet, and other brands of Corsets.
Received and for sale by
JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO.,
70 and 72 west side Sixth street, between Main and Market. my16 d6

Crash.
6 BALES Bleached and Brown Crash;
3 " Russia "
Received and for sale by
JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO.
70 and 72 Sixth street, between Main and Market.

Soaps.
A LARGE lot of Colgate's Toilet Soaps received and for sale by
JOS. T. TOMPKINS & CO.,
70 and 72 Sixth street, between Main and Market.
my16 d6

Wall Paper.
We offer at low figures a large and complete stock of
Elegant Gold Papers.
" Satin Papers.
" Blanks.
" Tints.
" Decorations.
" Parlor Papers.
" Hall Papers.
" Dining-room Papers.
" Chamber Papers.
of every variety of high and plain colors,
Fitch & Lindsey,
75 Fourth Street, next door to National Hotel. my16 dtf

ADVERTISERS
Should avail themselves of the opportunity of
ADVERTISING IN
MONDAY'S
DAILY EXPRESS,
The Only Paper Published in the City that Morning.
The Counting-room will be open from 7 to 10 o'clock P. M. Sunday. my3 Sa&Sutf



JUST RECEIVED!
A very large assortment of ladies'
Dress & Mantilla Trimmings
Fringes, Gimps, Galloons, Cords Tassels and Buttons,
Of every description, which I can offer at the lowest price.
Also a large assortment of
Regalia Trimmings.
MAD. D. RUHL,
my16 d1m 115 Fourth Street.

Embroideries,
Laces,
Corsets,
Ribbons,
Lace Flounces,
Lace Shawls,
Fans,
Handkerchiefs
Just received at very low prices at
CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS'
my16 d6 Cheap Lace Store, 103½ Fourth st.

THE SEA, THE SEA.
THE GREAT SEA MONSTER,
At JOHN KOHLHEPP'S EXCHANGE this morning at 10½ o'clock, will be exhibited the monster of the vasty deep. Call at lunch hour and get a taste of the great leviathan.

RUFER'S
HOTEL AND RESTAURANT
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
Fresh Green Sea Turtles,
Clams,
Green Peas,
New Potatoes,
Snap Beans,
Cucumbers,
And many other luxuries. Green Sea Turtle Soup and Clam Soup can be had at all hours of the day.
my16 d6 C. C. RUFER, Proprietor.

MRS. ROE & GRINNELL
Have opened their
Dress & Cloak Making Establishment
At 102 Market st., bet. Third & Fourth (up stairs).
PATTERNS of the latest styles in all varieties kept on hand. Madame Drury's System of Dress-Cutting taught by Mrs. Roe. All work warranted, and prices very low.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Messina Oranges.
100 boxes prime Messina oranges for sale at the "Fruit House," No. 179 Fourth street, opposite Central Market. my15 d3

Notice.
WE will pay 40 cents apiece for good strong barrels, with heads, at our packing castings [illegible] F. AVERY & SONS.

Coal! Coal!
WE have now on hand a very large stock of the best Pittsburg and Cannel Coal, which we will sell as low as any one in the market. We would say to our friends and customers that we think this probably as good a time to buy as will be this season.
KENNEDY & IRWIN,
my14 d1m 104 Third street.

Butter.
CHOICE BUTTER received daily per express and for sale by SNEED & SPERRY,
my16 d3* 33 Fourth street.

A Warning to Trespassers.
IT having come to my knowledge that certain parties in the city are infringing upon my patent right by selling my Combination Grate, this is to warn all persons from so doing any longer without making application, and obtaining permission from either myself or Messrs. T. S. Kilbury & Co.
Any further violation of the rights I hold under the law will be rigorously prosecuted and the guilty parties be made pay for more than is charged for the royalty. JOHN WALLACE.
my15 eod3* At Muldoon, Bullett & Co.'s, Green st.

Notice.
WHEREAS, We contracted with the Elizabethtown and Paducah Railroad Company to perform certain work on sections Nos. 47, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, and 50, and each has been doing his own work and is alone responsible for his separate contract. This is to notify the public that we are only to be responsible for our individual and separate contracts—that one is not to be responsible for the other's contracts—from the time we commenced work and hereafter.
ALEXANDER KNAPP,
FRANK SHOVTEN.
May 10, 1869—my12 d3&w1m

City Map—Notice to the Public.
WE are now collating the BUSINESS DIRECTORY for our new Business Map of Louisville, and would respectfully call the attention of those who have not already subscribed to its superior advantages as a mode of advertising at once cheap and effective. Our subscription list is large, in addition to the city circulation, we have made arrangements for placing the maps in the hotels, &c., of all the prominent towns in the South where trade is tributary to Louisville. We publish this notice that all may have an opportunity for THE DOLLAR of having a map with their name, business, and location placed before the public in a novel, conspicuous, and effective manner by calling within the next two weeks at the office of
my13 d6 HART & MAPOTHER.

Sweet Potato Slips.
WE are prepared to furnish Bermuda and Brazilian potato slips grown by J. A. McDowell.
C. H. HEWITT & CO.,
my12 d3 No. 93 west Main.

Wool.
WE will pay the highest market price for Wool and furnish sacks for shipping.
GEO. C. HUNTER & CO.,
my12 d1m Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

Seed Corn and Potatoes.
100 BUSH. Red and White Seed Corn;
150 bbls. Rose Potatoes, just received from Michigan, in store and for sale by
C. H. HEWITT & CO.,
my7 deod6 93 West Main st.

Wool—Wool—Wool.
WE are paying the highest market price.
C. H. HEWITT & CO.,
my7 deod6 93 West Main st.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has now on exhibition the best selected stock of fine French and English Broadcloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, together with superior Scotch Goods for suitings ever before offered to the Louisville public, most of which are of his own importation, and which he proposes to make to order at such prices as will compete with any other merchant tailor in the West.
An examination is alone sufficient to convince the purchaser. JOHN L. ANDERSON,
ap18 deod1m 65 Third street.

Louisville Chancery Court.
Michael Abel and Ernestine Abel his wife, } No. 21,680. On petition.
NOTICE is hereby given that Michael Abel and Ernestine his wife have filed their petition in this Court praying an order or decree to empower Ernestine Abel, the wife, to use, enjoy, sell and convey, for her own benefit, any property she may now or acquire free from the claims or debts of her husband, and to contract debts, sue, and be sued, as a femme sole, and to trade in her own name and dispose of her property by will or deed.
F. MAGUIERE,
Attorney for petitioners.
Att: THOS. W. THOMPSON, Clerk. my11 d10*

Notice.
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE INTERNAL REVENUE, }
FIFTH DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY. }
THE Assessor of internal revenue tax for this district having returned his annual lists to this office, all tax-payers are hereby notified that the taxes on incomes, carriages, watches, and all special taxes for the current year are now due and must be paid within the present month.
Taxes due in the county of Jefferson and city of Louisville will be received at the Collector's office, room No. 6 Custom-house; in the counties of Oldham, Henry and Owen, at the offices of Deputy Collectors in said counties, and at such other places as may be designated in the advertisements of those officers respectively.
After the 1st of June a penalty of 5 per cent. and interest at the rate of one per cent. per month (as required by law) will be added upon all taxes unpaid ten days after notice and demand thereof by the collector. J. P. BUCKNER, Collector.
Louisville, May 9, 1869—d10

Summer Resort.
The famous water place, Grayson Springs, Grayson county, Ky., will be opened for the season of 1869 on the 1st of July. Invalids desiring to receive the benefits of the splendid mineral waters at an earlier date can be accommodated. The buildings have been put in thorough repair and many new additions and improvements have been made. Gas has been introduced in the main hotel, dining-room and ball-room. Nothing that will contribute to the comfort or convenience of guests has been omitted. The billiard and bowling saloons are in thorough order. On the grounds are over 200 springs, possessing rare curative properties. Their virtues are so well known that it is deemed needless to specify. A splendid band will be in attendance at all times. A full corps of competent attendants have been secured, and guests will receive every attention. Mr. M. P. Clarkson will have charge of the general management of the institution. W. B. VANMETER & CO.
my16 dtf

Notice.
THE assessment books for 1869 are now ready for examination. City tax payers will call at the Assessor's office within thirty days and examine their lists and make complaint, if any, in writing, to the undersigned commissioners.
WM. F. RUBEL, Pres. B. A.
W. F. DUERSON, Pres. C. C.
HENRY WOLFORD, City Treasurer.
JOHN M. O'NEAL, City Auditor.
A. W. R. HARRIS, City Assessor.
m4 d30

Kentucky Pneumatic Gas Company.
THIS company is organized for the purpose of introducing pneumatic gas into private residences, public and private institutions, both in this city and throughout the interior of the State. All orders for gas works, or letters of inquiry, will be promptly attended to by addressing the company. Office, No. 206 Main st., Louisville, Ky. fe20 d&wtf

Wool! Wool!!
WE are paying the market price for all kinds of wool, washed or unwashed.
TODD & RICHARDSON,
my4 d1m 107 & 109 Main street.

Ice—Ice—Ice!
NORTHERN LAKE ICE delivered in any part of the city. All orders left at office, No. 117 Second street, will be promptly attended to.
a26 d1m H. WATSON & CO.

Removed.
J. SCHAUBLIN, manufacturer and dealer in Ladies' Dress and Cloak Trimmings, has removed from his old stand on Market, to No. 105½ Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson, in Miss Dora Schulz's old stand.
French fluting and pinking made to order at short notice.
Thankful to his old friends and customers for past favors, he hopes to see them and many new ones at his new stand. a27 d1m

Proclamation.
THE following resolution, which passed the General Council April 26, has been approved by the Mayor, and transmitted to the Board of Police Commissioners.
Resolved, That the Police Commissioners be and are hereby requested to kill all dogs unmuzzled after the 1st of May, 1869. All citizens owning dogs are hereby notified to keep them on their premises after that date.
W. F. DUERSON, P. B. C. C.
J. M. VAUGHAN, C. B. C. C.
WM. F. RUBEL, P. B. A.
OLIVER LUCAS, C. B. A.
Approved 24th day of April, 1869.
PHILIP TOMPPERT, Mayor.
The foregoing enactment will be strictly enforced.
T. E. C. BRINLY,
JOHN H. SHIVELY,
BENONI FIGG,
Police Commissioners.
a28 dtf

Cypress Shingles.
200,000 SHINGLES on hand and for sale to trade, at low figures, by
ap14 dtf S. R. SHEPARD & CO., 31 Third st.

Sugar, Coffee, and Molasses.
200 HHDS. Fair to Choice New Orleans Sugars.
300 hhds. Prime to Strictly Choice Demarara do
200 boxes White Havana Sugar.
500 bbls. Crushed Sugar.
250 bbls. Granulated Sugars.
250 bbls. Powdered Sugar.
150 bbls. A Sugar.
150 bbls. B Sugar.
150 bbls. Extra C Sugar.
2,000 bags Common to Choice Rio Coffee.
200 mats Choice Old Java Coffee.
200 bbls. New Orleans Molasses.
In store and for sale at very low rates.
NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.,
ap16 dtf 34 Fourth street.

Notice.
N. R. WILSON has been appointed Commissioner for Kentucky of the Court of Claims. His office on Jefferson, between Fourth and Fifth. oc8

Copper Whisky.
300 BBLS. Copper Whisky, from 6 to 11 years old, in store and for sale by
E. BUSTARD, No. 71 Main street,
mh6 dtf Bet. Second and Third.

FLOOR TILING.
THE EAGLE SLATE CO. manufacture from their superior slate stock Purple, Green, and Red Floor Tile, desirable for halls, court-yards, and vestibules. Address JOHN SUTCLIFFE, Supt. of Quarries,
my4 eod3m Hydeville, Vermont.

THE CENTRAL SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 79 THIRD ST.,
IS now fully organized, and prepared to do a banking business in all its branches.
Government Bonds, Coupons, Gold and Silver Wanted.
All deposits made in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT before the 15th will draw interest from the first of the month.
my3 Sutf THOS. H. CRAWFORD, Prest.

J. A. FAY & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
WOOD WORKING MACHINERY!
VIZ:
Sash and Molding Machines,
Tenoning and Mortising Machines,
Scroll and Band Sawing Machines,
Farrar Surfacing Machines.
Woodworth Planers and Matchers
Also, Shafting and Pulleys,
Of all sizes, with Improved Patent Hangers and Patent Compensating Couplings, all of which are warranted superior to any in use.
Parties about to require anything in the above line can obtain descriptive and illustrated circulars upon application, by mail or otherwise.
J. A. FAY & CO.,
my1 deod6m&weow6m Cincinnati, Ohio.

MADAM PRENTICE,
The Great Natural Clairvoyant.
CONSULT her on all things pertaining to marriage and future prospects. Cures all general debility. My remedies are vitalizing and lifegiving, cure drunkenness, fever sores, cancer. Colors the hair. Vigor of youth restored.
Office on Shelby between Market and Main.
my3 SuTu&We

JOS. GRIFFITH & SONS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Guns, Pistols, Fish Tackle, Blasting and Rifle Powder, &c.,
166 West Main st., LOUISVILLE, KY.
my2 d18*

PROPOSALS.

Notice to Railroad Contractors.
ENGINEER'S OFFICE, TENN. & PACIFIC R. R., }
Nashville, Tenn., May 8, 1869. }
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited for clearing, grading, masonry and trestle work, bridges, crossties and fencing on the first division of the road, extending from Nashville to Lebanon, Tenn., about 30 miles, will be received at the office of the undersigned until the 8th of June, 1869. The work to be completed by the 1st of [illegible].
Profiles, plans, and approximate estimates of quantities of work to be performed will be ready for inspection at this office by the 25th day of May next.
Specifications and blank forms for proposals can be obtained by application at this office. No proposal will be considered unless made on these blanks furnished by the company.
Separate proposals will be required for each section, and the proposals for each section will be [illegible].
The balance of the work on the road, extending over 100 miles beyond Lebanon, will be advertised for letting [illegible] located and prepared for letting.
By order of the President T. & P. R. R. Co.
my8 d6d E. F. FALCONNET, Chief Engineer.

To Contractors.
SEALED proposals will be received by the undersigned at the Capital Hotel, in Frankfort, Ky., until 12 o'clock on June 1, 1869, for the various material and labor required in the erection of the new fire-proof offices at Frankfort, Ky.
Proposals may be in detail or in the aggregate, and must be indorsed as above. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all of the propositions.
Drawings and specifications may be seen, after May 8, 1869, both in Frankfort and at the office of Bradshaw, Vogdes & Co., in Louisville, Ky. The work to be completed by the 1st of December next.
J. W. STEVENSON,
H. RODMAN,
P. SWIGERT,
Committee.
a30 dtd

DR. JONES.

EAR
AND
EYE

NOSE and THROAT and SPEECH skillfully treated for all the diseases, deformities, and impediments to which they are subject, by DR. JONES (of New York City), who, on account of his immense practice and great success, has extended his stay at the Phoenix Hotel, Lexington, Ky., till May 24. Dr. Jones will practice at the Bourbon Hotel, Paris, Bourbon co., Ky., from the 24th to the 31st of May.

REV. J. HOCKERSMITH
Cured of Deafness and Noise in the Head.
For two or three years I have been quite hard of hearing. Through the skill of Dr. Jones I am entirely cured. My home is at Mr. Ellis's, the corner of Gray and Preston streets, No. 153, Louisville, Ky. [Judiah Hockersmith.

My eyes were very much deformed for 30 years, and one of them nearly blind. Dr. Jones has restored the sight and made them perfect in every way.—[J. W. Harris, Jacksonville, Shelby county, Ky.

OZOENA CURED.—I have had a very offensive disease in the nose, which polluted my breath, caused a weight and aching in lower part of my forehead, stopped up my nose with offensive matter. Dr. Jones cured it.—[Henry Wilson, Portland.

(For hundreds of cures all over the city and State see his circular.)

DR. Jones also makes a specialty of CATARRH and OZOENA, an offensive disease in the nose, which eats away the partition bone, destroys the sense of smell, produces gristle, yellow crusts, and the shape of the nostril, sometimes flat, often tainted with blood and matter, causes weight and dull aching over the eyes, headache, loss of memory, giddiness, &c. This disease is often caused by neglected colds, by suppressed skin diseases, scrofula, measles, scarlet fever, RHEUMATISM, syphilis, and other contagious diseases, and is itself contagious. It often extends to the throat, producing hoarseness, bronchitis and consumption. Keep ingenious, It is a TERTIARY form of CANCER, destroying the nose and throat when too long neglected.

DR. JONES is the only physician in the United States who thoroughly understands curing this dangerous and offensive disease. He destroys the offensive smell in FIVE MINUTES, and relieves the sufferer in every way AT ONCE, and cures the disease in a short time.

Letters containing $1 will be answered.

Dr. Jones has practiced these specialties twelve years. He has had a thorough medical education in the best Medical Colleges of Europe and America. His diplomas proving the same are suspended in his office.

STAMMERING CURED.—Dr. Jones cured me of my impediment of speech in one hour.—[R. C. Griffith, of Greenville, Ky.

Catarrh and Discharge of the Ear Cured.—Dr. Jones has cured my daughter of catarrh and offensive discharge of the ear of ten years' standing. I am a farmer. Live near Cynthiana, Ky.—[John McGoffin.

REFRIGERATORS.

JOS. W. WAYNE,
MANUFACTURER OF
PATENT SELF-VENTILATING
REFRIGERATORS,
NEW IMPROVED
Beer Coolers,
And all kinds of
ICE CHESTS.
No. 211 West Fifth street,
CINCINNATI, O.
☞ Send for Illustrated Price List.
☞ A liberal discount to Dealers.
my15 Sa&Su&We1

Great Reduction in Prices!
FOR CASH---NO DISCOUNT.
Chickering & Sons'
GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.
THE very best pianos which can be manufactured, and at the very lowest prices.
Rosewood 7-Octave Square Pianos,
Agraffe Bridge, Carved Legs,
And all Modern Improvements,
At Prices from $675 to $900.
Rosewood 7¼-Octave Grand Pianos,
The Latest and Best Scales,
From $1,000 to $1,300.
Prices are as low as they possibly can be to insure the most perfect workmanship, and the very best quality of material.
Every piano is fully warranted, and satisfaction guaranteed to the purchaser.
D. P. FAULDS, Sole Agent,
my9 d7 70 Main street, bet. Second and Third.

H. C. HARDY & SON
Bankers & Brokers
NO. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
H. C. HARDY, } Member N. Y. Stock, Government and Gold Exchanges.
FREDERICK HARDY.
Stocks, Bonds, Gold, and Sterling Exchange bought and sold on commission.
English and American Rails furnished to order.
REFERENCE—Geo. S. Allison, Esq., Cashier Second National Bank, Louisville, Ky. my13 d1m

Drowned--$250 Reward
WILL be paid for the recovery of the body of Thomas Owen, drowned off the shore at the foot of Market-street road, below Portland, Ky., on Sunday night, May 9th.
Deceased was about 5 feet 8 inches high, had light hair and chin whiskers, wore a suit of dark cassimere, new calf boots and linen shirt, about 37 years of age. Any information with reference hereto will be left with G. L. FERGUSON, Sargent engine house, Jefferson street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets, Louisville, Ky., or with HEYMAN GARR, near west Louisville. my12 d3*

Russell & Co.'s Threshing Machines
AND
COMBINED REAPER AND MOWER
IMPROVED FOR 1869.
JOHN DUFFY & CO
Are the Agents for Kentucky.
BERMUDA SWEET POTATO PLANTS and other varieties in quantities to suit purchasers.
We have also a choice stock of Millet and Hungarian Grass Seed in store at lowest market price.
JOHN DUFFY & CO.
Seed Merchants, 121 Main st., opp. National Hotel,
my13 dtf Louisville, Ky.

NEW YORK
Leather and Finding Store,
NO. 79 FIFTH STREET.
WE would inform dealers and manufacturers that we have opened at No. 79 Fifth street, where we shall keep a large stock of shoe goods, embracing French calf, French morocco, lastings, gorings, galloons, linings, and everything required by the trade. Having a buyer constantly in New York, we can sell goods lower than they have ever been offered in this market. The best machine silk in use, at a very low price. Agents for Cahill's Imperial Bronze and Black.
McCREADY & MARTIN.
my9 d6-Su&W

NEW CAVE HILL MARBLE WORKS.
FLAV. CARDONI, of the late firm of Gans & Cardoni, has removed his marble establishment to the corner of Broadway and Bardstown road, near Cave Hill Cemetery, where he will be glad to see his friends and the public generally who may have need of work in his line. A large assortment of original monumental drawings constantly on hand to be shown to all who may favor him with a call. All kinds of drawings made to suit the tastes of customers. All orders promptly executed, and in the best style of workmanship. my11 dtf

CAUTION!
TO THE TRADE
AND TO CONSUMERS OF
J. & P. COATS'
BEST SIX-CORD THREAD!
A COUNTERFEIT or rough fac simile of their trade-mark upon the wrappers of thread is in circulation and may be readily detected by comparison with the genuine. The black and gold labels upon the spools are larger than the genuine. The white labels bearing the name of "Andrew Coats, General Agent for the United States," are roughly cut out by hand.
The spurious article, having been smuggled into the U. S., is also liable to seizure by the customs.
All dealing in Thread with these Forged Labels will be prosecuted by J. & P. Coats.
JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,
Sole Agents in New York for J. & P. COATS.
my11 d1m

Patent Vault Cleaner
MYERS & CO.,
Office 71 Third street.
Orders solicited. LOUISVILLE, KY.
my1 Sutf

Peacock Pomeroy Coal.
THE genuine article can only be had at No. 53½ Second street, between Main and Market. The above and all other kinds of coal at lowest market rates. my6 d1m J. H. COCHRAN.

ᴶᴼᴴᴺ CALLAGHAN. JOHN M. TRIGG.

CALLAGHAN & TRIGG,
DEALERS IN
Kentucky Whisky,
No. 324 West Main st., Louisville, Ky.
my16 eod1m

G. BAURMANN & Co
Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic
HARDWARE
CUTLERY, GUNS, RIFLES, NAILS,
No. 289 Main Street,
Between Seventh and Eighth, LOUISVILLE, KY.
H. BURDEN & SONS' HORSESHOES, S. S. PUTNAM & CO. AND NORWAY CROWN IRON FORGED HORSE NAILS. ALSO, AGENTS FOR MALLORY, WHEELER & CO.'S DOOR AND PADLOCK.

TENTH STREET PLANING MILL
H. J. LEWIS & BRO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
DOORS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR & WINDOW FRAMES, MOLDINGS, BRACKETS, MANTELS Etc.,
Tenth st., between Walnut and Chestnut, Louisville, Ky.
A COMPLETE supply of Building Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Posts, Dressed Lumber, Flooring, Shelving, Weatherboarding, &c., always on hand. ☞ Send for Bill of Prices. ap11 SuWF3m

RICHARD ISAACS'
106 FOURTH STREET,
CLOSING OUT SALE.
Having determined to quit the business, I offer at greatly reduced prices my
Entire Stock of Spring and Summer Dress Goods,
HOSIERY, GLOVES, TOWELS, NAPKINS,
Linens, Table Linens, White Goods, Flannels, Cassimeres,
HOOP SKIRTS, &c.
my9 SaTu&Th

ORGANIZED IN 1840.
LOUISVILLE ROLLING-MILL COMP'Y.
T. C. COLEMAN, PRESIDENT.
161 Main street, Louisville, Ky.
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN
IRON, NAILS, STEEL,
Horse Shoes, Horse Nails,
Anvils, Vises, Blacksmith Tools, Wood Work for Wagons and Plows,
IRON COTTON TIES.
mh28 eod3m

AUGUST ELECTION.

LEGISLATURE.

S. A. GARR is a candidate for the Legislature for Jefferson county, subject to the action of the Democratic Convention at Jeffersontown, May 29, 1869. my11 dte

ALFRED T. POPE is a candidate for the Legislature in the Third Legislative District, composed of the Fourth and Fifth Wards. a25 dte

We are authorized to announce Mr. JAMES McCAWLEY as a candidate for the State Legislature from Jefferson county, subject to the action of a county convention. my4 dte

Editor Courier-Journal: Please announce me a candidate for the Legislature for Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election, subject to the action of a Democratic convention if one is called.
a27 dte J. S. PARKS.

We are authorized to announce JOHN DOWNEY as a candidate for the Legislature in Jefferson county, subject to the action of a convention. a9 dte

I. L. HYATT is a candidate for the Legislature in Jefferson county at the coming August election.

POLICE COMMISSIONER.

GEORGE L. ABRAMS, the well-known butcher and old-fashioned Democrat, is a candidate for Police Commissioner at the ensuing election. a27 dte

We are authorized to announce DAN W. RICHARDS as a candidate for the office of Police Commissioner at the ensuing August election.
a23 dtf

We are authorized to announce Dr. A. HANSBOROUGH as a candidate for Police Commissioner at the ensuing August election. a25 dte

FIRM CHANGES.

Notice.
WE, the undersigned, having associated ourselves together, under the style and firm name of Edward J. Pope & Co., for the purpose of carrying on the Wholesale Liquor business, are now prepared to furnish fine Liquors, in any desired quantity, to both city and country trade. EDWARD J. POPE,
JNO. T. MONTGOMERY.
No. 21 Third street, Louisville, Ky. my15 d6

Notice.
THE undersigned, having retired from the grocery business at No. 329 West Main, between eighth and Ninth streets, Louisville, Ky., have this day mutually dissolved the copartnership before existing. All outstanding accounts will be paid to E. Lockhart, he only being authorized to receive and receipt for the same. E. LOCKHART,
my15 d3 J. J. ROACH.

Notice.
MR. A. D'HOUBEN (lately with F. W. Felgner, Baltimore, Md.) is a partner in my business from this date. The style of the firm will be VICTOR RIVAUD & CO. VICTOR RIVAUD.
Louisville, May 15, 1869. my15 d6

MENG, GUTHRIE, & CO.
THE undersigned have formed a partnership, under the above style, as Real Estate Agents.
We will make sales of Real Estate at public auction in the city of Louisville or county of Jefferson—will attend to renting property, collecting rents, and buying taxes.
Will lend and borrow money for parties upon real estate security, investigate titles to land, write deeds, mortgages, leases, &c.
We refer to the old citizens and business men of Louisville.
Office No. 134 south side of Jefferson, between Fourth and Fifth streets.
CH. J. MENG,
JAS. GUTHRIE, JR.,
JNO. D. POPE.
a18 d1m

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE CO.
OF
North America,
Of Philadelphia.
The Oldest Stock Fire Insurance Company in the United States.
Insurance Taken from 5 Days to 5 Years.
ALSO ISSUES PERPETUAL POLICIES.
ASSETS:

Cash on hand, in Bank, &c.	$183,314 83
United States Stock and other Bonds	880,287 99
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	628,550 00
All other Assets and Dues	656,371 57
	$2,348,323 39
Total LIABILITIES, including unclaimed for Dividends	$156,550 00

Statement on file with Auditor at Frankfort and also in Jefferson County Clerk's office, Louisville, Ky.
SLAUGHTER & CO., Agents.
Office No. 5 Bank Building, corner of Sixth and Main sts., Louisville, Ky.
my12 eod6

STATEMENT,
Dec. 31, 1868, of the
Liverpool and London and Globe
INSURANCE COMPANY,
As certified to by D. Howard Smith, Esq., State Auditor, and on file in the Jefferson County Court.
ASSETS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Cash on hand and in bank	$191,467 79
Real estate unincumbered	[illegible]
Bonds and mortgages on real estate	[illegible]
Due to the company for premiums	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20 bonds	[illegible]
U. S. 10-40 bonds	[illegible]
Virginia State bonds ($33,000)	[illegible]
Interest and rents accrued	[illegible]
	$1,[illegible]
Total liabilities in the United States	[illegible]
Total assets of the company	[illegible]

WM. GIBSON, Agent,
my7 d12 143 Main st., Louisville, Ky.

J. ESTEN COOKE,
Insurance Agent,
HAVING secured the agencies of several responsible Companies, I will continue the Insurance business in all its branches. The Companies represented by me are not connected with any board of underwriters. Risks taken on their merits.
Office under Merchants' Bank, Main, between Fifth and Sixth streets.
Refers by permission to McFerran, Armstrong & Co.; E. F. Hillard; E. C. Tapp, Walsh & Barry; Geo. S. D. Buckner; Guthrie & Co.; Henry Chambers & Co.; Bridgeford & Co.; S. S. Hamilton, Esq.
f18 eod6m

German Bank
AND INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Louisville, Ky.,
Southwest Corner Seventh and Main.
DEPOSIT-SAVINGS, EXCHANGE, BANK AND FIRE INSURANCE CO.
CAPITAL, $250,000
DEPOSITS received; United States and other securities, gold, and silver bought and sold. Collections promptly attended to. Fire insurance taken on houses, furniture, merchandise, &c.
DIRECTORS.
Henry Deppen, C. C. Rufer, William Goepper,
J. C. Goldbach, John Hehl, Joseph Buckel,
George Schuler.
Banking hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
HENRY DEPPEN, President.
P. VIGLINI, Secretary. my1 dtf

LION GARDEN.
ON Preston beyond Kentucky street. This delightful place of resort is now open for the season. Music every Sunday and concert by the Louisville Opera House Orchestra. Best of Cincinnati Lager Beer on hand, and all the refreshments of the season.
my15 d6&Sutm ANTON EHRET, Proprietor.

Spring Trade, 1869
NO. 285 MAIN STREET,
SMITH, AMIS & CO. are now receiving their unusually large and varied stock of
Spring Dry Goods and Notions,
which they offer to the trade at the very lowest prices, and hope by fair dealing to merit a share of the patronage of the buyers of goods visiting this market. fe28 dtf

CONFIDENTIAL.
"THE SECRET FRIEND" sent to any address, in a sealed envelope, on receipt of 25 cents. Address Dr. CHAS. A. STUART & CO., Boston, Mass.
my2 d&wly

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Business Cards will be inserted in this column at the rate of $5 per line per month.

A. McBRIDE, Hardware and Cutlery, No. 76 Third street.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK, manufactured by [illegible] & O'BRIAN, Fourth, between Grayson and Walnut. [illegible]

A. [illegible], GOCHRAN & CO.—Louisville Foundry and Machine Shop [illegible] Main and Fourth streets.

BABY BUGGY MANUFACTURERS. HOWE & BROOKS, 111 Market street, [illegible]

COOPER, W.—Portrait Painter at Hegan's [illegible]

DEMMLER, H. W.—Manufacturer and proprietor of Gilbert's Scroll Lighting [illegible], 231 Main st., Louisville, Ky. my16 d1m

DODD, [illegible] & CO.—Commission and Cl. Bonded Warehouse, [illegible] W. Main.

GROVE, B.—Cemetery and garden plants. my16 d1m*

HARRIS, EDWARD, successor to A. Langton—Bricklaying and furnace and oven building, Sixth street, between Main and River. mh6 dtf

HARLAN & NEWMAN—Attorneys at Law, Jefferson st., two doors east of Willard Hotel.

JONES & KARINS, Marble Works, No. [illegible] north side Jefferson st., bet. Third & Fourth. my4

JAMES & CO., THOS., successors to Pollard James & Co., Dealers in Pittsburg and other Coals. Office, No. 85 Third st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS—Office, [illegible] Main & Co., proprietors, No. [illegible] Fifth st.

LOUISVILLE MALT HOUSE, 31 and 33 [illegible] st., bet. Main and river. [illegible] & DOERR, Prop's.

LAPRADE [illegible] Works, 473 and 475 Main street, north side, bet. Twelfth & Thirteenth.

LONG & BRO.—Manufacturers of Rattan and Split-bottom Chairs, 174 and 176 [illegible] street.

MYERS, JOHN M., Saddlery, Harness, and Trunk Ware-house, 71 Third st., bet. Main and Market, sign of the "Golden Saddle," Louisville. my8 dtf

MOUNT, W. J.—Manufacturer and Dealer in [illegible]ery, &c., 79 Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

MORTON, JOHN P. & CO.—Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, Book and Job Printers, 156 West Main street.

WEBB, J. C. & CO.—Blank Book Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Books and Stationery, No. 90 Main st.

YOUNG, JOHN P.—Saw Mill and Lumber Yard, all descriptions of Framing and Building Lumber, Laths, Posts, &c. 166 Fulton, above Campbell.

DENTISTRY.

Down Stairs.
Dr. McCLELLAND, for the convenience of his patients, now has parlors at reception and operating rooms. Persons averse to ascending stairs in warm weather will please remember the location—123 Third street, between Market and Jefferson, [illegible] new set of teeth, mounted on the new and beautiful material, Rose Pearl, at prices to compete with Vulcanite. Nitrous oxide gas used.

J. F. CANINE,
DENTIST,
And manufacturer of Porcelain Teeth, No. 176 FIFTH STREET, bet. Green and Walnut, Louisville, Ky. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas. [illegible]

DENTISTRY.
R. H. WILSON, east side of Fifth st., bet. Green and Walnut, No. 137, now has the pleasure to say that he has reduced prices to the amount charged before the war, for all operations, either surgical or mechanical. fe21 deod

DENTISTRY
The Colton Dental Association, No. 124 Fifth street, between Green and Walnut, west side, originated the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas for the painless extraction of teeth, and, as an institution, have administered it to over 60,000 persons without an accident. Perform all operations in surgical, operative, and mechanical dentistry. Call and examine specimens.
f6 dtf B. M. GILDEA, D. D. S.

STANCLIFF & ANDREWARTHA,
ARCHITECTS.
Office No. 9 Hamilton & Bro's Building, southeast corner Main and Sixth sts.
my2 d1m LOUISVILLE, KY.

FRANKFORT, April 23, 1869.
At a meeting of the Board of Commissioners appointed by the act of the Kentucky Legislature to build fire-proof public offices at Frankfort, Ky., the following resolution was offered and unanimously adopted, viz:
"Resolved, That the Commissioners have a high appreciation of the very superior design and plan of a capitol building presented for competition by Messrs. Stancliff & Andrewartha, and are only barred from its adoption by the limited expenditure authorized by the law under which we act and the appropriation for the purpose, and that it should be sanctioned by the Legislature."
J. W. STEVENSON, Chairman.
P. SWIGERT, Sec'y. my2 d1m

For Sale---To Close a Partnership.
THE factory of the Kentucky Vinegar Company, in operation and complete working order, with capacity for producing 25 to 30 barrels vinegar per day, together with tanks and casks sufficient to [illegible], one upright engine and boiler, and a variety of iron and copper pumps, iron pipe, [illegible] &c.
A rare opportunity is presented to obtain a profitable property [illegible] trade, established with the city and State [illegible] South.
The property will be offered at private sale until the 20th of May, inst., and, if not previously disposed of, will then be sold at public auction, together with the stock of vinegar and pickles remaining on hand.
For further information apply to
S. A. HARTWELL, Receiver.
Office, near Fourth street, between Main and river.
my21 d1m&20

WALTHAM
WATCHES.
The extensive use of these watches for the last fifteen years by Railway Conductors, Engineers, and Expressmen, the most exacting of watch-wearers, has thoroughly demonstrated the strength, steadiness, durability, and accuracy of the Waltham Watch. To satisfy that class in all those respects is to decide the question as to the real value of these time-keepers.
The superior organization and great extent of the Company's Works at Waltham enable them to produce watches combining the best and latest improvements, and at a price which renders competition futile, and those who buy any other watch merely pay from 25 to 50 per cent. more for their watches than is necessary.
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.
No watches retailed by the Company.
ROBBINS & APPLETON, Gen'l Agents,
182 Broadway, New York.
mh31 WeFr&Sutm

Chickering Pianos.
GREAT reduction in prices.
D. P. FAULDS, 70 Main st., Sole Agent.

100 Pianos & Organs
FROM the factories of Steinway & Sons, Chickering & Sons, Haines, Gabler, C. Kurtzmann, [illegible] & H. W. Smith, and others, furnished upon monthly installments or for rent.
D. P. FAULDS, 70 Main st.,
mh4 dtf Between Second and Third.

WANTED.

WANTED—[illegible] ... I have concluded to increase the weight of my bread, and give the dealers enough, so that they can afford to give one loaf for a dime, or three loaves for twenty-five cents. ... Dake's bread. JOHN A. DAKE.

WANTED—COOK—(An Irish lady preferred) to cook for an elderly gentleman ... [illegible] First street, near Court Place, will give particulars. Call on Monday.

WANTED—HELP, &c.—Situations for clerks, salesmen, mechanics, agents, canvassers, porters, drivers, &c. ... Employers get help free of charge at KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets.

WANTED—FEATHERS—During the last week I paid the highest cash price for good second hand feathers ... Leave orders at 186 Third street, near ... B. Y. ZOOK.

WANTED—SITUATION—As porter by a hard working man ... [illegible]

WANTED—FEATHERS—Will pay the highest cash price for all lots ... [illegible] J. B. DEAN.

WANTED—SITUATION—A young widow lady, with a child two years old, would like to get a position as housekeeper for some elderly gentleman or widower. Remuneration not so much an object as a permanent home. Address S. O. P., Courier-Journal, Louisville, Ky. my14 d*

WANTED—[illegible] by D. C. BRADY & CO., No. 66 Fourth st. my14 d3

WANTED—HOUSE—To rent a house, in good repair ... [illegible]

WANTED—COACH CARPENTERS AND CAR BUILDERS ... Apply to the OHIO FALLS CAR COMPANY, Jeffersonville, Ind. my9 d13

WANTED—[illegible]

WANTED—300 GIRLS—Do you want a girl? Go to the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets ... References indispensable. MILLER & CO., Agents.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING-MACHINE. ... [illegible] CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines ... [illegible]

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE ... [illegible]

WANTED—AGENTS—In every county ... [illegible] BOWN & TULEY, New Albany, Ind.

WANTED—AGENTS—$20 A DAY—To male and female agents, to introduce the Buckeye $20 Shuttle Sewing Machines ... [illegible]

WANTED—AGENTS—[illegible]

FOR SALE—CITY.

[illegible] ... E. T. SATTERWHITE.

FOR SALE—GROCERIES—A fine stock. Also the store and dwelling for rent ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—PROPERTY—Valuable ... property, a store-house with dwelling, on south side ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—HOUSE—A neat two-story brick on Market street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] ... between Second and Third.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE—On Jackson street, bet. Kentucky and Breckinridge, 6 rooms and kitchen, with stable suitable for a hack or dray driver. ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—BRICK COTTAGE—5 rooms, cellar, cistern, and coal-house, on Eleventh street, between Magazine and Broadway. Apply to F. F. COOPER ... my14 d*

FOR SALE—JUST $2,500—COTTAGE—A nice frame cottage, with a large stable ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—J. CROXTON'S FINE BUGGY HORSE—A No. 1 roadster—can trot his mile in ... [illegible] Enquire Clemens' office, No. 3 Court Place. my14 d*

FOR SALE—ODEON HALL—A RARE CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS—On Monday, the 1st day of June, 1869, between the hours of one and three o'clock P. M. ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—BELLA VISTA—One of the handsomest country seats in the neighborhood of Louisville ... [illegible] Fourth and Fifth. myl dtf

FOR SALE—Fifty (50) oil casks ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—BOOTS AND SHOES, WITH STAND—Having engaged in another business, I offer my stock of boots and shoes ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—A NO. 1 HOE SMALL CYLINDER PRESS. Engine of five-horse power; also a boiler (formerly used in Anzeiger office), all in good order, will be sold cheap by applying to ANZEIGER OFFICE. my1 dtf

FOR SALE—STORE AND RESIDENCE—Corner Gray and Second streets; lot 25x125; splendid stand for family grocery, feed store, &c.; good two-story brick house, storeroom and residence above, with 8 rooms. Will be sold low. Apply to J. M. ARMSTRONG, 128 Main street. a30 dtf

FOR SALE—A BRICK COTTAGE AND LOT—On Fourth street, near Breckinridge. House contains 4 rooms, hall, and board kitchen, storeroom, &c., water and gas throughout. Lot 36x250 feet to a 20-foot alley; iron fence in front ... person of small means and great expectations. Terms easy. G. C. CREIGHTON & CO., Plumbers, 196 Green street.

FOR SALE—LOT—60 feet or less south side Market, between Campbell and Wenzel. Has two fronts. Also cottage adjoining same. Inquire on the premises, 444, of G. W. EVERHART. ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—A LOT—On the north west corner of Fifteenth and Walnut, 60 feet front by 114 deep; apply to G. W. ANDERSON.

CITY ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

To prevent trash and filth from being thrown on streets, alleys, public places, and for the ... disposal of the same.

[illegible]

JOHN D. ORRILL, P. B. C. C.
J. M. O'NEAL, C. B. C. C.
WM. F. BUSEL, P. B. A.
OLIVER LUCAS, C. B. A.
Approved, April 24, 1869.
PHILIP TOMPPERT, Mayor.

The Great Western
FIRE EXTINGUISHER,
(Babcock's Improved Patent.)

PUTS out fire instantly, by discharging a stream of ... [illegible] Office, 525 Washington Av., St. Louis. ... [illegible]

Peters, Webb & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Grand, Upright & Square Piano-fortes,
OVER 5,000 INSTRUMENTS have been made and sold ... Factory, corner Main and Fourteenth sts. ... [illegible]

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—Two-story brick house with gas and water works, on Garnett, between Preston and Jackson ... [illegible]

FOR RENT—DWELLING—A No. 1 dwelling in good repair, in Shallcross block ... Apply to J. C. MULHOLLAND, at J. C. Mulholland & Bro's, 51 west Main.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A two-story dwelling on Ninth street, between Broadway and York, has six rooms, gas throughout. Apply at No. 226 ... street.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE—Containing 5 rooms, situated on the south side Walnut street ... [illegible]

FOR RENT—FOUR BOARDING-ROOMS ... [illegible]

FOR RENT—HOUSE—The desirable brick residence, southwest corner of ... [illegible]

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE—A large and well lighted storehouse ... [illegible]

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—A desirable residence ... [illegible] SON, or to E. Hills, at the Southern Bank.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A two-story brick house ... Possession given 4th April. Apply to ... FULLER, No. 338 Eighth street.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT—On the L. & C. R. R., in Pewee Valley, near Beard's Station ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—THE MINERS' SHAFT COAL COMPANY ... [illegible] F. RICHARDS, Box 14, Caseyville, Ky.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—Farm and garden lands near the city; also, houses, cottages, and vacant lots. Inquire of MERIWETHER & PLATT, Real Estate Brokers, 160 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth.

FOR SALE—A FARM of 76 acres, near Beard's Station, ... Will sell same for $... per acre. For particulars apply to J. B. BEARD, Beard's Station.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—LUCAS' RESTAURANT, in Central Market, Louisville, Ky. ... [illegible]

BOARDING—With or without rooms, southeast corner Third and Green streets, opposite Postoffice. L. STRAUS, Agent.

LOST.

LOST—GLOVES AND FAN—[illegible]

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP—COW—[illegible]

Notice.

[illegible] G. W. HOLT, Broadway, bet. 11th & 12th.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STOLEN—MARE—A dark bay mare, 7 years old ... [illegible] Postoffice Rock Haven, Ky.

STRAY—MULE—Dark bay, two years old ... [illegible] A. J. ALEXANDER ...

STRAYED—MARE—On Monday evening ... [illegible]

STOLEN—HORSES—$150 REWARD—From Glendale, Ky. ... [illegible] JOHN MCCARTY, Glendale, Ky.

STOLEN—HORSE—On Tuesday night from the stable of Mrs. ... Dorsey, in Jefferson co., a dark bay horse ... [illegible] R. M. ARMSTRONG.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—MARE—[illegible]

PUBLIC SALES.

Sheriff's Sale.

Second National Bank of Louisville, plaintiff, vs. Crescent Foundry Company and Hovelley Works, Defendants. Jefferson Court of Common Pleas, execution No. 4,609.

I WILL expose to public sale on the premises, in Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky., on Monday, the 31st day of May, 1869, a lot of ground on the south side of Duncan street ... [illegible]
EDW. COCKE, D. S. for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.
LOUISVILLE, May 15, 1869.

Sheriff's Sale.

J. G. Wilson vs. W. G. Gray } In Chancery, No. 21,998.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court ... [illegible] EDW. COCKE, D. S. for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.

Administrator's Sale.

ON TUESDAY, May 18, at 3 P. M., I will sell, at the store on Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth, opposite Courier-Journal office, the entire stock of gent's furnishing goods belonging to the estate of the late Frank Logan, deceased. A rare opportunity is presented to parties wishing to invest. J. J. CALLAWAY, Adm'r. W. RICK. DAVIS, Auctioneer. my13 d5

Sale of a Brewery and a Cooper-shop.

AS assignee of G. F. Moser, bankrupt, I will offer at public auction, at the Court-house door, in Louisville, Ky., at 11 o'clock A. M., May 31, 1869, a lot, 110 feet front by 130 feet deep, on the south side of Hamilton street ... [illegible]
Also, at the same time and place, a lot adjoining the above, about 120 feet front on Hamilton street by 150 feet deep. On this is a fine brewery in complete running order.
Possession of the first lot delivered June 11, 1869, and of the last on August 11, 1869.
Terms—One-third cash, balance in 6, 12, and 18 months, with interest and lien retained and security on deferred payments.
my6 SuTuThtd STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee.

United States Brewery at Louisville, Ky., at Auction.

ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, June 1, 1869, at 3 o'clock, on the premises, we will sell at public auction that well-known brewery establishment situated on the south side of Market street, between Campbell and Wenzel streets ... [illegible] WHALEY & CO., Louisville, Ky. ... Jefferson county, Kentucky.

Public Sale of Medicines, Hospital Stores, Dressings, Mosquito Bars, &c.

ASSISTANT MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10, 1869.

WILL be sold at public auction, in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of May, at 10 A. M., at the Judiciary Square Depot, E street, between Fourth and Fifth streets ... [illegible]
CHAS. SUTHERLAND, Ass't Med. Purveyor, Bvt. Col. U. S. A. my11 d8

Sheriff's Sale.

D. C. Jones & Co. and W. H. Henry, Plaintiffs, vs. W. G. Gray, Defendant—Jefferson Common Pleas Court—Executions No. 4,456 and 4,457.

I WILL expose to public sale, on the premises, in the city of Louisville, Jefferson county, Ky., on TUESDAY, the 18th day of May, 1869, the stock and fixtures in a drug store ... [illegible]
EDW. COCKE, D. S. for J. M. MARTIN, S. J. C.
Louisville, May 8, 1869.

Louisville and Salt River Turnpike Road for Sale.

BY virtue of an act of the Legislature, approved 15th March, 1869, the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the State of Kentucky will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, on Monday, the 17th day of May, 1869, at the hour of 12 o'clock M., the stock owned by the State of Kentucky in the Louisville and Salt River Turnpike Road Company ... [illegible]
JNO. W. STEVENSON, Chairman Sinking Fund Com.

Notice to One and All!

IF you want a handsome suit of clothes go to ... [illegible] where you will be suited.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

Marshal's Sale.

J. B. Davis against E. D. Tyler. } In Chancery, No. 22,104.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will,

ON MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869,

about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 4, 12, and 18 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein, of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz: ... [illegible]
F. C. WELMAN, Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.
L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, } Depts. my12 d5

Marshal's Sale.

James T. Hughes against Frances Hughes. } In Chancery, No. 21,804.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction ... [illegible]
F. C. WELMAN, Marshal Louisville Chancery Court. L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, } Depts. my12 d5

Marshal's Sale.

L. C. Robinson against H. A. Dwyer. } In Chancery, No. 21,913.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, ON MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction ... [illegible]
F. C. WELMAN, Marshal Louisville Chancery Court. L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, } Depts. my12 d5

Marshal's Sale.

Chas. Lang, Guardian, against Mary Schmidt. } In Chancery, No. 22,384.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, ON MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction ... [illegible]
F. C. WELMAN, Marshal Louisville Chancery Court. L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, Deputies. my12 d5

Marshal's Sale.

J. W. Merz against Joseph W. Putnam. } In Chancery, No. 21,896.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, ON MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. ... [illegible]
F. C. WELMAN, Marshal Louisville Chancery Court. L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, } Depts. my12 d5

Marshal's Sale.

Susan A. Herndon against W. A. H. Childers. } In Chancery, No. 22,113.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. ... [illegible]
F. C. WELMAN, Marshal Louisville Chancery Court. L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, Deputies. my12 d5

Marshal's Sale.

J. H. Hornsby against Elizabeth E. Vize. } In Chancery, No. 22,185.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. ... [illegible]
F. C. WELMAN, Marshal Louisville Chancery Court. L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, Deputies. my12 d5

Marshal's Sale.

W. H. Helfrick against John C. Sheible. } In Chancery, No. 21,902.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, ON MONDAY, MAY 17, 1869, about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the court-house door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6 and 12 months, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein, of the property in pleadings mentioned, viz: ... [illegible]
F. C. WELMAN, Marshal Louisville Chancery Court. L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, Deputies. my12 d5

Marshal's Sale.

John Burke against Geo. W. Womack. } In Chancery, No. 22,238.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, ON TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1869, about the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the premises, No. 134 Breckinridge street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, on a credit of 4 months, the household and kitchen furniture, carpets, cooking utensils, and all the personal property belonging to said Womack contained in said house. ... [illegible]
F. C. WELMAN, Marshal Louisville Chancery Court. L. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, } Depts. my16 d3

WM. G. SCHMIDT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Druggists' Sundries, Surgical Instruments, &c.,
N. W. corner of Fifth and Market sts.,
HAS returned from the East with a large and well selected stock of Pure Drugs and Chemicals, the finest Perfumery and Toilet Articles of every description, as well as a full supply of Surgical Instruments, Trusses, and everything pertaining to his line. Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes constantly on hand.
Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours of the day or night. a18 dlm

Rock Spring Water-Cure.

THIS establishment, located fourteen miles from Louisville and three miles from Smith's Station (Pewee Valley), on the Louisville and Frankfort R. R., is now open for the occupation of patients. A regular conveyance will go daily from the Cure to Pewee Valley. For further information apply to DR. E. CASPARI, Jefferson st., bet. Second and Third. a15 dlm

ICE! ICE! ICE!

THE undersigned has put up a large quantity of Northern Ice expressly for the Louisville trade. Thankful for the liberal patronage of last year, he will furnish customers at as liberal prices as any other parties, hoping to receive a liberal share of their patronage. Orders left at No. 17 Bullitt street, between Main and river, will be promptly attended to. mh30 dtf A. JACKSON.

BUY THE BEST
IXL W. Va.
COAL OILS PURE
OIL LUB'G
From the Refiner's Agency, 39 & 41 Fourth street
mh16 dtf DUMESNIL & CO.

Children's, Boys', and Youths'
CLOTHING.

A FINE and well-assorted stock of spring clothing for children, boys, and youths, at a very reasonable price. The public are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves, at No. 110 Market street between Third and Fourth. mh13 dm J. H. RICHTER.

AUCTION SALES.

FUTURE SALES.

BY W. H. PASSMORE & CO.

MONDAY MORNING, the 17th inst., at 10 o'clock, at No. 178 First street, elegant chamber sets, Brussels and other carpets, pier glasses, parlor furniture, engravings, etc.; also, dining room and kitchen furniture.

THREE DAYS' AUCTION SALES
BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.
Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, and Brogans, Carpets, Window-Shades, &c.

ON TUESDAY, 18th May, at 10 A. M., will be sold a stock of boots, shoes, and brogans; also a stock of men's boys' and youths' soft hats.

ON WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 19th and 20th May, at 10 A. M., will be sold a large stock of assorted dry goods, invoices of fashionable ready-made clothing, invoices of hemp and ingrain carpeting; also a large stock of ... [illegible] The clothing will be offered at 12 M. each day. Terms cash.
my16 T. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. T. MOORE & CO.
197 N. W. corner Main and Fourth streets.
20 doz Tubs, 25 doz Pine Buckets, 10 doz Cedar Buckets (all new), Canned Fruits, Catawba Wine, Glassware, Plated-ware, &c., also an invoice of Hats, Boots and Gaiters (Ladies'), Watches, Revolvers, &c.
AT AUCTION.
TUESDAY MORNING, May 18, at 9½ o'clock. Terms cash.
my16 S. T. MOORE & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.
Special Sale of 50 bales Prime and First-class Hops
AT AUCTION.
ON TUESDAY MORNING, May 18, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at auction-rooms, to pay advances and charges, 50 bales prime and first-class hops. The special attention of dealers and brewers is called to this sale, which will be imperative. Terms cash.
my16 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.
No. 233 Main street.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Tapestry and Enameled Bags
AT AUCTION.
TUESDAY, 18th May, at 9½ o'clock, we will sell, for cash, a large lot of dry goods, consisting in part of
200 pcs assorted blue, brown, and gray jeans;
25 pcs table linens and crash;
50 pcs delaines, alpacas, and lusters;
1,000 doz hosiery, suspenders, handkerchiefs, &c.
Also
150 lots enameled, ingrain, tapestry, & velvet bags.
Also
120 lots assorted fashionable clothing.
my16 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY W. H. PASSMORE & CO.
Auctioneers,
No. 157 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.
ON TUESDAY MORNING, 18th inst., at 10 o'clock 4 cases spring style prints, together with an assortment of boots, shoes, brogans, hats, &c. Also 250 doz spool thread, hosiery, crockery, etc. Also note, letter, sermon, and cap writing paper, flat caps white and blue, Denny, Crown, etc. my16 SuSuTu

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.
800 Cases and Cartoons Boots and Shoes.
AT AUCTION.
WEDNESDAY, 19th May, at 9½ o'clock, we will sell a large and well assorted stock of women's, misses' and children's serg, buff, kip, and split work; Louisville custom work with a fine lot of kip and split brogans.
my16 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers, No. 233 Main street.

BY PEARSON, MEDDIS, & FERGUSON.
Handsome Broadway Residence
AT AUCTION.
ON THURSDAY, May 20, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, south side of Broadway, between Sixth and Seventh streets, we will sell a handsome and complete residence containing 13 rooms with bath room and water closets, gas and water throughout; a good cellar, carriage-house, coal-house, stable &c. Lot ... feet to an alley. This place is in perfect order, the most of it being new.
Terms, one-fourth cash, one-fourth in 10 months, one-fourth in 20 months, and one-fourth in 30 months, with interest and lien.
my16 d5 PEARSON, MEDDIS, & FERGUSON, Auctioneers.

BY BUCKEL & SHAFFER.
Valuable Wharf Property
AT AUCTION.
ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, May 20, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, on Water street, between Third and Fourth, will be sold a Three-story Brick Business House of 10 rooms; also two double brick tenements in the rear, fronting on the alley. The lot runs back 188 feet. Terms easy and will be made known at sale.
my15 d5 BUCKEL & SHAFFER, Auctioneers.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.
Administrator's Sale of Parlor, Dining-room, Chamber, and Kitchen Furniture and Housekeeping Articles
AT AUCTION.
ON THURSDAY MORNING next, May 20, at 10 o'clock, we will sell, at the late residence of J. F. Buckner, deceased, No. 262 Fourth street, west side, between Chestnut and Broadway, an excellent line of fine brocatelle parlor furniture, rich parlor curtains and extra large mirrors, parlor carpets; with a general assortment of dining room and chamber furniture and housekeeping articles; also kitchen furniture.
Sale by order of Mr. Henry S. Buckner, Administrator. Terms cash. S. G. HENRY & CO.
my16

BY T. J. FINNIE & CO.
Desirable Main Street Property
AT AUCTION.
WILL be sold on the premises on MONDAY, May 24, at 4 o'clock P. M., that desirable lot, 23 feet front, on the southeast corner Main and Twenty-first streets. Terms: one-third cash, balance in 1 and 2 years. my16 Su,Tu,Th,SadSu

BY C. C. SPENCER.
Fine Furniture at a Private Residence, Superior Hinzen & Rosen 7-octave Rosewood Piano
AT AUCTION.
ON MONDAY MORNING, May 17, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the private residence, No. 178 west Walnut street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth, the furniture therein contained, consisting in part of elegant parlor and chamber sets in rosewood, of the best quality and latest styles, and in good order; carpets, oilcloths, matting, glassware, kitchen furniture, and household articles generally. At 11½ o'clock precisely, will be sold a superior Hinzen & Rosen 7-octave rosewood piano, with all the latest improvements, in perfect tone, style, and finish, to which special attention is directed. ... Sale positive, as the owner is declining housekeeping. Terms cash.
my14 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

Auction! Auction! By Fred. Frishe.
ON MONDAY, May 17, at 3 o'clock P. M., a 2-story brick house with large store-room and 3 private rooms, on leased ground, on the south side of Market near Floyd street, will be sold at public auction. Lease one year, which can be renewed. Terms cash.
my14 d3 FRED. FRISHE, Auctioneer.

BY PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON.
Two Third-street Stores
AT AUCTION.
ON MONDAY, May 17th, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, west side Third street, between Main and Water street, we will sell No. 34, a good two-story house. The lot is 25-10 by 95 feet to an alley. Also No. 36, with a good two story house; lot is 25-10 by 95 feet to an alley. This is No. 1 business property, and is a splendid place for an investment. Terms at sale.
my13 PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, Auctioneers.

BY MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO.
Elegant Breckinridge-street Residence
AT AUCTION
ON THE PREMISES.
TUESDAY, May 18, 1869, at 5 o'clock P. M., that splendid modern built dwelling No. 66 Breckinridge street, between Second and Third, south side; contains 13 large and well ventilated rooms, including double parlors, reception room, dressing room, kitchen, bath room, with hot and cold water, gas throughout the house, good cellar, &c. Lot 50 by 200 feet to a wide alley, paved. Well set in shrubbery, fruits and shade trees; excellent two-story built stable on the lot; also one of the very best grape arbors. This is one of the best built and most desirable private dwellings that has been offered at public auction this season. Buyers can examine the premises any time before sale.
Terms: one-fourth cash, balance in 1, 2, and 3 years, interest and lien.
my14 MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Auctioneers.

BY BUCKEL & SHAFFER.
Brick Cottage and Lot on Grayson Street
AT AUCTION.
ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, May 18, at 5 o'clock, on the premises, No. 116 Grayson street, between Eighth and Ninth, we will sell a good Brick Cottage of two rooms, kitchen, and store-room, cistern and cellar, with gas throughout. Lot 25x120 feet. Terms at sale.
my15 d3 BUCKEL & SHAFFER, Auctioneers.

BY BUCKEL & SHAFFER.
Valuable Second-street Business Property
AT AUCTION.
ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, May 18, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, on the east side of Second street, between Main and Water, we will sell, in lots to suit purchasers, 50 feet of ground, extending back 165 feet. Terms at sale.
my15 d3 BUCKEL & SHAFFER, Auctioneers.

BY BUCKEL & SHAFFER.
Two Valuable Main-street Lots
AT AUCTION.
ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, May 19, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, on the north side of Main street, between Tenth and Eleventh, we will sell two valuable Building Lots, each 19 feet front by 210 feet deep. Terms at sale.
my15 d3 BUCKEL & SHAFFER, Auctioneers.

BY PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON.
One of the Most Desirable Residences in the City
AT AUCTION.
ON WEDNESDAY, May 19, at 5 o'clock, on the premises, southwest corner of Center and Walnut streets, we will sell that splendid two-story and attic residence, containing 12 large and airy rooms, with closets, pantries, bath-room, &c. A large iron verandah extends the full front of the house. The house has lately been painted and papered throughout, and the fencing around the entire place renewed. To any one wishing a comfortable and convenient house this is the place to purchase. Lot 110x130 feet to an alley. Terms at sale.
my17 d3 PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, Auctioneers.

BY MORRIS, SOUTHWICK, & CO.
Desirable Dwelling on South Side of Breckinridge Street
AT AUCTION
ON THE PREMISES.
SATURDAY, May 22, at 5 o'clock P. M., that well-located two-story brick dwelling on the south side of Breckinridge street, between Second and Third. Contains 7 rooms, hall, pantries, kitchen, bath-room, and two rooms in attic. Water, gas, cellar, and every modern convenience. Lot 30x200 to an alley. Yard nicely set with shrubbery and shade trees. Two-story brick stable and carriage-house. This property is well worthy the attention of buyers either for investment or a home.
Terms day of sale.
my14 MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. P. WHALEY & CO.,
89 West Market st.,
Administrator's Sale of Valuable Land on the Louisville, Lexington, and Frankfort Railroad, at Pewee Valley, Beard's Station,
AT AUCTION.
ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, May 20, 1869, at 4 o'clock, we will sell, on the premises, by order of R. E. Murray, administrator of the estate of Mrs. Nathan White, deceased, that valuable piece of ground, containing 50 acres, situated within a short distance of Beard's station, and adjoining the lands of Samuel Hyman and S. Marks, Esq. The turnpike fronts the land on the north, and the railroad on the south side. There are on this place 3 beautiful sites for buildings. The neighborhood is one of the best in the State.
Parties wishing to attend the sale should take the 2:15 P. M. train, and they can return to the city on the 6 P. M. train. We shall take great pleasure in giving all the information in our power to parties wishing to inspect the land previous to the day of sale. A plat of the ground can be seen at our office, 89 Market street, between Third and Fourth.
Terms—One-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest and lien.
S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.
R. E. MURRAY, Adm'r. my9 SuTuThSatd

BY HAYES & McNETT.
Medical and Hospital Property at Taylor Barracks
AT AUCTION.
ON THURSDAY MORNING, May 20, at 10 o'clock, we will sell as above, consisting in part of surgical instruments, medical books, 100 bed ticks, blankets, 12 bed spreads, hair mattresses, 100 straw mattresses, 200 mosquito bars, 400 hair pillows, 70 pillow-cases, 500 cotton sheets, 97 pairs drawers, 145 dressing gowns, 324 cotton shirts, 270 iron cots, 48 wooden cots, 3 cook stoves, 150 knives and forks, 4 army cooking ranges, 1 refrigerator, 1 lot of queensware, and a general assortment of hospital stores, &c. Terms cash.
HAYES & McNETT, Auctioneers.

Courier-Journal.

SUNDAY AND MONDAY, MAY 16 AND 17.

ROUND-ABOUT.

I.
Sultanic.

The *Mounmeah* of Constantinople announces that the new and splendid palace of the Sultan at Dolmah-Bahdjeh is to be vacated for the purpose of preparing it for the reception of Francis Joseph, the Emperor of Austria, who is soon to pay a visit to the Sultan. It is also rumored that Napoleon III. is to follow him soon after. It seems that the "sick man" is getting convalescent.

II.
Editor Hugo.

A new journal, to be called the *Rappel*, will appear in Paris next week under the patronage of Victor Hugo. One of his sons, M. Charles Hugo, will take part in its management on the spot, and his brother, Francis Victor Hugo, will be a contributor. Rochefort, Paul Meurice, August Vacquerie, Lavertujon, and Feyrnet are on the staff of the new paper, which will doubtless play a great part during the elections.

III.
A Queer Monument.

Kriloff, the Russian fable writer, used to have all kinds of domestic and wild animals conduct the conversation in his fables. Donkeys, horses, pigs, cows, wolves, foxes and owls were endowed with speech and held frequent dialogues. At Kriloff's death a monument to his memory was erected in the summer garden at St. Petersburg. The statue of the fabulist stands on a pedestal, the base of which is ornamented with representations of the animals that figure in his stories.

IV.
A Pestiferous Gathering.

The Anti-Slavery Society, which is made up of all the malice, venom, curiosity, and intermeddling in New England, has just been safely delivered of its thirty-sixth annual convention. This monstrous collection of all the isms and fanaticism of the day claims the ballot for the blacks of both sexes. Miss Wendell Phillips, Mr. Lucy Stone, and several old negro mammies harrangued on the occasion. The usual cant and bosh of the party of great moral ideas were "orated."

V.
An Imperial Tell-Tale.

A very curious book will shortly be published in Paris. It will contain an authentic account of the relations of Prince Napoleon with his cousin, the present Emperor, during the four years succeeding the overthrow of Louis Philippe. The editor of the Independence Belge, one of the martyrs of the *coup d'etat*, has written the book, which will contain a number of very curious disclosures. Thus, for instance, it will prove by a number of sworn statements that Prince Napoleon, as a member of the National Assembly, moved, on the 2d of December, at one of the *ex tempore* meetings of a certain number of representatives, that Louis Napoleon be declared an outlaw, and in a speech in which he advocated the adoption of his motion he denounced the traitorous President of the French Republic in unmeasured terms, and hinted very plainly that Louis Napoleon had no Napoleonic blood in his veins.

VI.
Duelling in Paris.

A foreign letter says: Duelling is again becoming contagious, and among editors the malady always finds its home. The Siecle opened a very violent attack on one of the most distinguished of the Deputies of Paris—M. Emile Ollivier—that he was not "red" enough to be re-elected. La Liberte comes to the rescue through its editor and proprietor, de Girardin, and this brilliant writer soon knocks the Siecle "into a cocked hat." The editor of the Siecle challenges Girardin, whom all the world knows has vowed never to fight since he killed the celebrated Carrel, twenty years ago. He proposes, instead, that each party provides himself with a ream of paper, a bottle of ink, and a bundle of pens, and write each other's cause down, till the selected seconds cry "hold, enough!" Two other editors have fought with pistols, one being wounded in the hip. The ball cannot be extracted, and fear is entertained for his life. Now this poor fellow, very harmless, was subjected to a series of the grossest personal attacks by an antagonist who never saw him in his life till they met on the ground, but who has since promised to undo all he has written. Mrs. Malaprop's philosophy appears to be sound—"for alasting liking, 'tis best to commence with a little aversion." Duelling by pistols, thanks to the Americans, is coming rapidly into fashion—those hitherto by swords had more fun than danger.

VII.
Memorial Celebrations.

The ceremony of decorating the graves of Confederate dead with flowers and evergreens has been recently celebrated in many cities of the South. At Lynchburg and Richmond, Va., the celebrations were large and imposing, the procession in the former city being nearly a mile in length. It was composed of the members of the Memorial Association, the Sabbath schools, the Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and the fire department. All of these bodies were numerously represented, but the Sunday schools especially were out in great numbers, and the little children, with their wreaths and garlands, were objects of peculiar interest. The firemen, gayly attired, with their reels and carriages handsomely dressed with flowers and pictures of distinguished Confederates, added greatly to the impressiveness of the scene. At the grounds the ceremonies commenced with prayer, and the corner-stone of a monument was laid according to the ancient rites and customs of the Masonic order. At Richmond the celebration at Oakwood was quiet, but impressive. Some two or three thousand visited the cemetery during the day, distributing such flowers as they could procure, but owing to the backwardness of the season many graves of the gallant dead were left without a bud or sprig. At Memphis the celebration occurred on Saturday. Between eight and ten thousand persons, mainly ladies, visited Elmwood Cemetery, where prayer was offered, speeches made, and other appropriate ceremonies observed. The graves were most profusely decorated, the mild climate having afforded an abundance of floral offerings.

VIII.
The Ruins of a Swell.

A writer in the Gentleman's Magazine gives a sketch of the late Prime Minister which may find a place among the curiosities of politics and literature:

"In his youth Mr. Disraeli had the reputation of being one of the handsomest men about town. He and Bulwer Lytton and D'Orsay were the heroes of Mrs. Blessington's soirees. Those who knew him then tell you of a youth of lithe and limber figure, of handsome features, of dark flashing eyes, and ambrosial curls; of a youth, who, like his own Vivian Grey, was the envy of men and the admiration of women, and who, too, like Vivian Grey, was distinguished for his wit and eloquence and his wild ambition, not less than his personal traits. But time and time's attendants, thought and passion, have wrought their havoc. Those ambrosial curls are nearly all gone. That rich olive complexion has lost its bloom. The eye alone retains its lustre, and that is still as deep, glowing, and brilliant as it was 30 years ago. In that you may still find the Adonis of Gore house. But the glittering son of Aurora is now on the shady side of 60, and is at the highest point of his daring ambition; and the long and often bitter struggles of those thirty years have left their mark upon him. There is a haggard expression about Mr. Disraeli's features which say even more than his words: 'I have come to this assembly like one who comes from the heat of combat, to repair to the pure flow of some pellucid stream to slake the thirst of battle.' The proud disdainful smile which plays upon his lips speaks with mute eloquence of the House of Commons. You may trace in that, Vivian Grey's motto—a smile for a friend, and a sneer for the world; and, though I believe Mr. Disraeli is in private one of the most genial and kind-hearted of men, the most marked and distinguishing expression of his face is an expression of pride and of deep and bitter scorn. Yet no one ought to be surprised at either of these expressions who reflects on Mr. Disraeli's origin, his pride of race, his daring ambition, and the long and bitter personal contests he has gone through in the House of Commons to attain the high position which he holds to-day by favor and command of his sovereign."

A DARKEY FESTIVAL.

Unique School Exhibition Across the River.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

CHARLESTOWN, IND., May 14, 1869.

Louisville is progressive; so is Charlestown. Louisville had her grand *fete*; so did Charlestown—both on the same night, which accounts for us not being represented there. Charlestown received one ticket. Our thanks and regrets to Mr. Miller and the managers; on any other evening we would have been happy to go. We would suggest that another diamond or two from our social galaxy could have been selected that might have added luster even to that brilliant occasion. But we digress. We said that Charlestown was progressive; we meant it. All who witnessed the exhibition of the African school last night will say the same thing. Mr. Jones is the head center of this school; was born in Africa and educated by a Catholic priest. He conducted the exercises. The house was large. The *beau monde* of Charlestown were there. The crowd was variegated. Ages from one week to seventy years were sandwiched in until there was no room for more. The preliminary exercises consisted of two hymns and a prayer, after which came the dialogues, candy, essays, lemonade, speeches, cake, tableau, peanuts, &c. The refreshments came from one corner of the room, and were served in the order mentioned. No lime being sprinkled on the floor, we left before the exercises closed.

The following marriage licenses were issued this week: Exeous Hubbard to Susan Stine; Chas. Zellman to Rosaline Hartz; Clinton Bower to Amanda Gaban. BOLIVER.

GERMANY.

A Kentuckian's Visit to Dresden and a Description of its Wonders.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

PRAGUE, BOHEMIA, April 21, 1869.

On the 18th day of March, 1869, the winter semester was brought to a close.

The students cease to count the lectures as they pass by one by one and no longer meditate on the coming of the long wished for spring vacation.

It has come. The theological, law, medical and philosophical volumes are thrown aside, and the students dream out of seeing lands far distant and different from those whose walls they have so often tired with lectures apparently indigestible on their minds.

Three thousand young men pursuing their studies at the capital of Prussia have deliberated, friendly students have combined. Parties have been formed, and from the tidings brought out they are [illegible].

"Our party consists of four—three of us hail from America and one from England. The day when we were to set out on our journey had been agreed upon weeks before. The 28th of last month at length arrived. The weather was mild and beautiful, and all surrounding things seemed to us a good omen, foretelling a pleasant and happy journey. On the evening of that day we seated ourselves in the elegant Prussian cars, and sped on with the iron horse to the capital of Saxony.

After a pleasant and swift ride of about five hours, we reached the romantic city of Dresden. Early the next morning we were perambulating its narrow, crooked walks, and visiting its objects of interest.

Probably the famous picture gallery in Dresden is more frequently visited by strangers than any other place of interest in the city. The building is magnificent, and displays a great deal of architectural skill. On entering the beautiful edifice we were somewhat surprised to find so many Americans examining the various paintings.

"The Sistine Madonna," painted by Raphael, is considered the finest work of art in the building, and probably attracts more attention than any other picture. Corregio's Magdalen, paintings of Paul Veronese, of Titian, of Holbein, Rubens, and many *chefs d'oeuvres* of the most celebrated masters may be seen among this grand collection of world-renowned artists.

After examining all that was to be seen in the gallery, "our party" rode to a beautiful meadow on the left bank of the Elbe. Here a base-ball match was being played between the American and Union clubs. Both clubs are composed of American young men. At least sixty ladies from different parts of the Union were present noticing the progress of the game. After the nine rounds had been played, and the umpire had given his decision in favor of the Union club, we strolled down the bank of the Elbe, enjoyed the picturesque scenery, and inhaled the fresh breeze that swept about the rapid river.

On the morning of the next day (21st) we visited the "Green Vault," were shown through the building by the keeper, and found it to be a succession of low vaulted rooms under the old palace of the Saxon Kings. The building is used as the repository of jewels worn by ancient monarchs and as the safeguard of ornaments that once decorated the dwellings of princes. It would be folly to attempt to describe satisfactorily all that was seen by us in this immense vault. The description of a few of the articles will suffice to demonstrate clearly to one's mind the extravagance of the ancient royal families and the fabulous expenditures of money by the nobility for the purpose of satisfying their curiosity and fancy. In the first room are works of art in bronze—among them the celebrated crucifix by Benvenuto Cellini. In the next room are immense ivory [illegible], covered with precious stones. The third room is the Green Vault proper. It derives its name from the color of the ceiling and walls. In this room there is a curious collection of gold and silver table services, an immense fire-place marvelously constructed of the different minerals and precious stones found in Saxony, and a wonderful gold clock (now out of order) surrounded by a spiral groove in which sixty silver balls were kept in continual motion; each ball performed a revolution around the entire clock once in a minute; the entire sixty performed a revolution once in every hour. The clock is now over two hundred years old and was at one time an ornament of the palace over the vault. In the next room are curiosities of crystals and semi-precious stones cut into glasses and trinkets. It was in this department that one of our party lifted from one of the shelves what he supposed to be an ordinary mirror and handled it very carelessly; we were all quite surprised when the guide incidentally remarked that the framed plate in the hands of the young man was cut from one crystal and could not be purchased for twenty thousand thalers. It is hardly necessary to say that the young man laid the crystal down as quickly and as gently as possible. In the middle of one of the walls is a tea set, made many hundred years ago in China, of hardened rice, an art no longer understood. In a little cabinet adjoining this room are figures of men and beasts made of diamonds and other valuable stones. The figure of a small man in this cabinet has for its body the largest pearl in the world. On one of the shelves rests a golden egg, presented to Augustus, the Strong, when crowned King of Poland. Inside of this egg there is a silver hen. When the hen is opened a crown of Poland is found, and on the inside of the crown there is a magnificent diamond ring. In the same cabinet there are bows, arrows, and miniature musical instruments, covered with precious stones, and made by the celebrated court jeweler Dinglinger. In the fifth room is the crown scepter, coronation robes, in fact the entire regalia of the Kingdom of Poland.

In the sixth and last room, the great jewel room, are buttons, necklaces, breast-pins, and rings made of emeralds, rubies, and diamonds. Among them are the buttons worn by Gustavus Adolphus. Each one of the buttons is a diamond half an inch in diameter, and is worth thirty thousand thalers. In the same room there are four necklaces of the order of the Golden Fleece; a necklace of the order of the Holy Ghost; also order of the Knights of St. Andrew. In another part of the room there is a case of swords worn by the Saxon Kings at their coronation; also a long, straight, double-handle sword—the old German Reichschwerd. The hilt of the sword last mentioned is made of gold, and set with exceedingly large and brilliant diamonds. In a glass case in one corner of this interesting room lies the splendid golden scimeter, taken from Solyman, the Magnificent, in the old Turkish wars.

We were informed by the keeper as we were about to leave the ancient and curious building that, in case of an emergency, as in the war of '66, all of the valuables are immediately removed from the vault to the impregnable fortress of Konigstein. In the afternoon of the same day "our party" spent a very pleasant and profitable hour in the celebrated music-box factory of Kauffman & Son. At certain hours of the day the factory is crowded with people, mostly foreigners, who go there to hear the five immense music-boxes, invented and made by Mr. Kauffman, Sr., play various airs. All of these music boxes work by means of a bellows. Early the next morning (April 1st) we visited the old Church of Notre Dame. That place of worship was erected over two hundred years ago, and, like almost all other very old buildings, it presents an immense exterior, while the interior is comparatively small. The church has five or six galleries, and bears great resemblance to an American theater. Having seen all that we desired to see in Dresden, at noon we left that interesting city and were soon on our way to Prague. H. H. W.

OCCURRENCES.

The hail storm in Anun county, N. C., destroyed the growing wheat.

Gallagher, the bruiser, is fitting up a splendid billiard room and saloon in St. Louis.

There is no doubt about it—Florida is already afflicted with the cotton caterpillar.

Eight saloons were burglarized in St. Louis Thursday night.

Heavy and continuous rains throughout the South are seriously injuring the crops.

The bill of costs in trying to close a crevasse generally ranges from $50,000 to $100,000.

In an Arkansas fight in Ozark county, last week, P. Quarles and John Little killed each other.

Geo. A. Lickford, a well known and skillful sea captain, was accidentally drowned a few days ago at the wharf at Savannah, Ga.

The wheat crop in the southwestern part of Georgia will be ready to harvest within the next ten or twelve days.

The Huntsville (Ala.) Democrat has been changed from a morning to an evening paper, in order to escape night work.

A man whose sweetheart had died in St Louis recently followed her example, and when dissected it was found that his heart was literally broken.

A Macon (Ga.) bear went over to Milledgeville a few days ago and whipped three dogs. The house in which the fight came off was crowded at fifty cents a head.

Wm. Vanarsdale, of Goodman, Miss., whose attempt at suicide was recorded some weeks ago, took morphine again on last Friday and died on Saturday evening from its effects.

There is not a case of surgical instruments among the many physicians in Brookhaven, Miss. A lady had to have her leg amputated there the other day, and the operation was performed with a bowie-knife.

The Tennessee standing army has been pared down to 476 men, of which number sixteen are officers. The five companies remaining are distributed as follows: One at Pulaski, two at Humboldt, one in Overton county and one in Nashville.

In digging away the earth, last week, to get a foundation for an additional switch for a railroad in front of the Manassas Hotel, the hands came upon several hundred pounds of iron belonging to government harness, which was buried by Stonewall Jackson during the war.

Mr. John R. Thompson, now of New York, has accepted an invitation extended to him by Mr. A. H. H. Stuart, President, on behalf of the Society of Alumni of the University of Virginia, to deliver an original poem at the approaching commencement of that institution.

The boot-making fraternity of Tuscaloosa, Ala., is in bad luck. Three disciples of St. Crispin are now lodged in jail for misconduct. One accused of murder, one of grand larceny, and another of drunkenness and disorderly conduct. They have their tools in their cells, and are working harder than when at liberty.

Mrs. McConnel, wife of Robert McConnel, died at Shelbyville, Tenn., on the 6th instant for want of food and proper attention. The family lived in squalid poverty, no one to visit or countenance them. Just before her death a physician was called, who, after examining the patient, was satisfied as to the cause of her illness and ordered such nourishment as might afford relief. But it was too late. She died in a few hours.

The Tuscaloosa (Ala.) Monitor says: "The military satraps, sub-satraps, and low private soldiers under them, are almost as outrageous about Gadsden and Decatur just now as they were in Tuscaloosa last year. A reign of terror prevails among the citizens of those places, some of whom have been ignominiously ducked in ponds, brutally whipped, and cruelly hung partially, in order to make them lie upon their neighbors who were wrongly suspected and falsely accused of evil deeds.

STATE POLITICS.

Frank R. Matthews, of Bath, is a candidate for the Legislature subject to the decision of the Democratic convention.

Hon. J. M. Nesbitt, of Bath, has accepted the several calls upon him to become a candidate for the Legislature.

Maj. W. R. Dunn is called upon to become a candidate to represent Warren county in the lower branch of the next General Assembly. He is heartily recommended to the people of the county as a competent, honest, and true man.

A. M. Grider, Esq., of Warren, in reply to a call to become a candidate to represent that county in the next Legislature, says he is not ambitious of political honors, and knowing there are many who can serve the county with more ability, declines the race, and will in the future, as in the past, follow his vocation as an humble tiller of the soil.

Colonel James Brien, of Marshall county, was at Smithland on Monday last, and announced himself as a candidate for the Legislature from the counties of Livingston and Marshall. It is very probable that the Democrats of Livingston county will place a candidate in the field for the Legislature against Col. Brien. That at least is the talk among them.

Caldwell and Lyon counties vote together for the Legislature, and they are having a full harvest of candidates. There are four in Caldwell and three in Lyon. Capt. W. B. Stone, the present member, is a candidate for re-election, and has for his opponents F. M. Chesney, Phil. Thurman, Mr. Gray and Mr. Dawson, of Caldwell; and Dr. Withers and Jonas Martin, of Lyon. Captain Stone possessed the fullest respect and confidence of the past Legislature, and labored faithfully for what he believed were the interests of the people he represented.

JEFFERSONVILLE.

JEFFERSONVILLE, May 16.

R. S. Heiskell, Esq., went to Vevay yesterday on some Masonic business.

The Common Pleas Court, Judge F. H. Jewett presiding, and Capt. Robert J. Shaw, Prosecutor, convened in Charlestown on Monday.

Capt. B. F. Dewey lectures upon the subject of temperance in Holmes & Tates' Hall at 8½ P. M. to-day.

Richard Delaney has been appointed to solicit subscriptions for the Catholic Advocate in Jeffersonville and New Albany.

The Excelsior Base Ball Club, played a practice game on their grounds, back of the city, yesterday afternoon.

The large side-wheel steamer, which is now almost completed at Howard's ship-yard, is, we learn, to be launched on Tuesday next.

On Tuesday night the Council meets and will elect a City Attorney, City Engineer and Wharfmaster.

Mayor Levi Sparks, Hon. C. R. McBride and Senator Wm. Sherrod all arrived from Indianapolis yesterday.

In our railroad column will be found an item of news relative to the injunction about to be petitioned for by a large number of farmers, against the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, for, as they allege, assuming the right of way across their farms.

There are five or six candidates for the office of City Attorney. Two of them say they have each the promise of six councilmen to vote for them. The rest are assured of the support of two or three councilmen. According to this calculation there are about twenty-four members in the Council.

An enraged farmer yesterday threatened to shoot Capt. John C. Parker, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Such belligerent intentions grow out of ill-feeling on the subject of the right of way of the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, between this city and Charlestown. Capt. Parker, it will be remembered, obtained the right of way fourteen years ago for the Fort Wayne and Southern railroad.

The arrival and departure of the mails from the Jeffersonville postoffice are as follows: New Albany mail leaves at 6:30 A. M. and at 2:30 P. M.; arrives at 7:15 A. M. Eastern mail arrives at 6:30 A. M. and 3:50 P. M.; departs at 6:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Charlestown mail arrives at 9:30 A. M., leaves at 2:30 P. M. Utica mail arrives at 8:30 A. M. and leaves at 3 P. M. The mails leaving are closed a half an hour before the above hours, and those arriving are ready for delivery in thirty minutes after arrival.

NEW ALBANY.

NEW ALBANY, May 16.

The State and county tax for Floyd amounts to $130,571 65.

Andy McIntosh and lady have returned from Hot Springs, Ark.

In the police court yesterday there were four cases of assault and two for disorderly conduct. The City Treasury was enhanced to the amount of $25 85.

The Society Francaise give their pic-nic at the Fair Grounds to-morrow. It is for the benefit of the orphans and widows. It is good to dance in such a cause.

The hearing of the Gard Accident Insurance case was completed yesterday. Judge Bicknell has not yet rendered his decision in the case.

The dog ordinance goes into effect to-morrow. Within the past week dogs have been at a discount, and many a poor little Fido has been turned out upon the cold world.

The members of the Council met in caucus last evening for the purpose of deciding who shall be the favorites for the city offices to be elected on Monday.

The attempt to organize an agricultural society failed yesterday for the lack of sufficient attendance. Several of our prominent citizens have taken the matter in hand, and are determined that it shall not drop. Another call for a meeting will be issued soon.

The following marriage licenses have been granted within the past week: John Collins to Clara Francis Gardner, John R. Durff to Annie V. Day, William J. Garrett to Ruth A. Week, Alfred Williams to Amanda Chambers, Alexander W. Richner to Kate M. Robinson, Benj. Edwards to Bettie Miller, Kennard D. Lawrey to Mary C. Sinex.

At a recent meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic the following committees were appointed for the floral ceremonies. Committee of Arrangements—Gen. B. F. Scribner, Major Wm. Shaw, Col. W. W. Tuley, Col. John T. McQuiddy, and Dr. Clark. Finance Committee—J. J. Brown, Bela C. Kent, G. C. Cannon, Mark Lewis, H. N. Devol, and Jos. St. John.

The following letters are held for postage: Sarah Gibson, New Providence, Ind.; Mark Tilton, Madison, Ind.; Charles M. Wyatt, Greenfield, Ohio; Mrs. Nell Morris, Cincinnati, Ohio; John Hachl, Indianapolis, Ind.; Henry Slaughter, Bewleyville, Ky.; Mollie Hogan; O. W. Hallowell, Memphis, Tenn.; George Armstrong, Georgetown, Ind.; Mrs. M. J. Moore, Louisville, Ky.

The following is a list of candidates for the offices to be elected by the Common Council to-morrow evening: City Attorney, J. V. Kelso and Jacob Herter; Street Commissioner, Fred. Ailers, Charles McKinney, Mr. Slider, and Louis Zimmerman; Market-master, Robert Beeler, Nick Rupert, and William Byland; City Engineer, Capt. Geo. Smith—no opponent; Wharf-master, H. J. Reamer, John Nebauer, Geo. Watkins, and William Kanauer; for hay-weigher, lumber measurer, and flour inspector no candidates are mentioned. It is presumed the present incumbents will be retained.

The following is a list of the arrivals and departures of the mails to and from the New Albany postoffice: Cincinnati mail arrives at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Indianapolis at 7 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Cincinnati and Indianapolis leaves at 4 A. M. and 1 P. M.; Jeffersonville leaves at 4 A. M. and arrives at 5 P. M.; Louisville leaves at 1 P. M. and 7 P. M., and arrives at 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.; river mail southward leaves at 5 P. M. every day except Mondays and Thursdays, and arrives every day in the week except Wednesdays and Thursdays; the Jasper mail leaves weekly on Wednesday at 7 A. M., and arrives Tuesdays at 5 P. M.; Paoli mail leaves Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, and arrives Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 5 P. M.; Corydon mail arrives daily at 12 M., and leaves daily at 9 A. M.; Elizabeth mail arrives on Wednesdays at 4 P. M., and departs Thursdays at 7 A. M.

The following real estate transfers have been entered on the books of the County Recorder during the week:

Joel R. Montsinger to F. Miller and F. P. Baron, lots 9 and 10, Chartres street, W. & N.'s plat	$ 800 00
John Diebold to J. J. Bader, n 30 by 110 feet of lot 7 of 25, Whitehill tract	500 00
Joseph Ellis to Henry A. Wolfe, und. ¾ of lots 32 and 33, and w hf of lot 34, Main street, Georgetown	125 00
E. R. Day to Disey Findley, n 25 ft of lot 26, Eden Vale plat	200 00
Jacob Adolph to Barbara Adolph, s 50 acres of 100 acres of nw ¼, 15, 2, 6	125 00
Marcus Mellenger to Josephine A. Thorn, lots 30, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, Earl's plat	2,800 00
George A. Kist to Jacob Herter, s 25 ft of lot 7, Chartres street, W. & N.'s plat	720 50
Wm. A. Atkins to Curtis Atkins, lot 7 F Atkins plat (14 acres)	350 00
Henry Schmidt to Charles Frederick, w 10 feet of lot 43, and e hf of lot 45, Main street, Galena	300 00

The following is a list of the largest income returns of New Albany: W. C. DePauw, $105,011; William S. Culbertson, $62,000; Jesse J. Brown, $25,000; William A. Culbertson, $20,000; John B. Ford, $12,860; John S. McDonald, $12,000; Mrs. Lapsley, $11,488; R. P. Main, $11,122; Daniel Snively, $7,523; Emory L. Ford, $7,000; James M. Haines, $4,785; James R. Shields, $4,565; Jacob Hangary, $4,200; Rev. W. C. Anderson, $4,000; J. C. Brewer, $1,450; Edwin Beckman, $2,000; Joshua Bragdon, $3,860; Elizabeth Jones, $2,300; Walter Mann, $3,000; Edward H. Mann, $5,000; Elijah Benjamin, $1,979; John C. Culbertson, $7,259; W. A. Clapp, $1,654; G. C. Cannon, $4,800; Daniel S. Cline, $2,186; John P. Cromie, $5,515; Silas C. Day, $5,816; Frank E. Dishman, $1,410; Isaac B. Friend, $1,459; T. J. Fullenlove, $1,050; W. Galbraith, $2,419; Valentine Graf, $1,003; W. Q. Gresham, $3,450; John C. Howard, $2,613; David Heddin, $1,011; David A. Hutton, $1,204; George V. Howk, $2,128; W. H. Lewis, $1,857; Benjamin Lockwood, $1,000; Joseph Loughmiller, $3,923; George S. McKiernan, $5,731; Morris McDonald, $9,038; S. A. McClung, $3,016; L. G. Matthews, $1,833; Elijah Newland, $2,110; John B. Norman, $1,999; John Sloan, $1,315; B. P. Wigginton, $1,623. Upon the list of the Collector are the names of eighty-seven who pay an income between $100 and $1,000. The average of the incomes returned by these eighty-seven is $830.

SPAIN AROUSED.

Her Consul Hunting Up Filibusters.

[From the New York Sun.]

During the past few days the agents of the Spanish Government in this city have been vigorously searching for the material that is to be sent to the insurgents in Cuba. A month ago they employed a few detective officers to watch the operations of the Junta and patrol the piers in order to prevent the departure of expeditions, and last week the number was increased to forty. This little army of spies may be seen hourly in any of the old recruiting offices which were established to send volunteers to the insurgents, and on the piers where vessels not belonging to regular lines are preparing for sea. They have been so watchful, that it is said the Junta have altered their programme by chartering vessels which will sail from other ports this week with men and munitions of war for Cespedes.

THE QUAKER CITY.

After the interview between the Spanish Consul and Marshal Barlow—a full account of which appeared in the Sun of Monday—the Consul went to the pier where the Quaker City lies, his purpose being to ascertain whether she was fitting out for an expedition to Cuba. He went on board the vessel, and found the persons in charge exceedingly reticent, and when he announced his official character, the gentlemen with whom he conversed became mutes for the nonce. The Senor, however, ascertained by personal observation that the steamer was not designed to carry more passengers and freight, as munitions of war were on board and port holes had been cut for cannon.

HUNT FOR THE MARSHAL.

The Spanish Consul left the deck of the Quaker City with the impression that New York is in favor of Cuban independence, but he relied on the dispatches he had received from his Minister that the Federal authorities would check the spontaneous sympathy of the people with the insurgents, and, treasuring this feeling warmly in his bosom, he waited until yesterday to tell Gen. Barlow of his visit. He called at the General's office on Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock, and finding him absent, he retired.

[TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We cannot tell applicants for enlistment where they may go.]

☞ Here is the way they do things in New York. We copy the following verbatim from the New York Herald's advertising columns of Sunday:

Rossini's Solemn Mass,
At St. Stephen's Church,
East Twenty-eighth street,
Sunday Evening, May 9, 1869.
Kellogg, Testa, Boetti, Antonucci,
With increased orchestra, under the direction of Max Maretzek. Admission $1. Reserved seats $1 extra. For sale at the office of the church.

☞ John St. Legar Partridge, of London, England, is the inventor of a one-wheeled velocipede which he calls the "Victorine." It cost fourteen years of labor to perfect his principle, and he now challenges all comers with velocipedes of any pattern to a race at some town not more than 100 miles nor less than fifty miles from London. He also offers to give one mile start for every twenty miles of the course agreed upon, the race to take place on a road with fair average ascents and descents.

☞ Mr. Edmund Yates, who it is well known holds a high position in the English General Post Office, has been visiting those towns in which newspapers with the largest circulation are issued, with the view of ascertaining the opinions of the newspaper proprietors and others interested in the subject of cheaper postage for printed matter.

Railway News.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

DEPARTS.		ARRIVES.
7:20 A. M.	No. 1 Memp. & Nash. Mail (Daily except Sunday.)	10:30 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	No. 5 New Orleans Exp. (Daily.)	9:00 A. M.
10:00 P. M.	No. 17 Nashville Exp. (Daily.)	1:30 P. M.
7:55 A. M.	No. 7 Mt. Vernon Exp. (Daily except Sunday.)	2:30 P. M.
3:45 P. M.	No. 13 Bardstown Ac. (Daily except Sundays.)	9:20 A. M.
JEFFERSONVILLE, MADISON & INDIANAPOLIS R. R.		
6:30 A. M.	No. 3 Mail (Daily except Sunday.)	2:30 P. M.
9:50 A. M.	No. 17, New York Exp. (Daily except Sunday.)	11:10 A. M.
2:30 P. M.	No. 5, Express. (Daily.)	1:15 A. M.
11:30 P. M.	No. 7, Night Express. (Daily except Saturday.) Sunday special from Indianapolis	6:20 A. M. / 12:30 P. M.
LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI AND LEXINGTON R. RS.		
6:00 A. M.	No. 1, Passenger	10:25 A. M.
2:30 P. M.	No. 3, Passenger	7:30 P. M.
5:15 P. M.	No. 5, Lagrange Accom. (Daily except Sunday.)	8:10 A. M.
LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY AND CHICAGO R. R.		
9:30 A. M.	No. 2, Chic. Mail & Exp. (Daily except Sunday.)	7:00 P. M.

Campbellsville, Ky., has subscribed $3,500 towards the preliminary survey of the proposed Cumberland and Ohio railroad.

The Silver Palace car Lexington will leave at 2:30 P. M. to-day for New York, going through without change.

The trains on all the roads leading to this city arrived on time yesterday, and made close communications. Business, both freight and passenger, continues good.

It is stated that the Georgia Railroads have donated five thousand dollars to defeat the "county subscriptions" in East Alabama, for the Eufaula, Opelika and Guntersville Railroad.

The City Council of New Orleans have elected Messrs. Jos. M. Howell, J. L. Gubernator and C. McR. Self Directors of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroad on the part of the city.

O. B. Skinner, General Manager of the South Shore Line at Cleveland; C. L. Fitch, General Ticket Agent of the Mobile and Ohio railroad; J. B. Holmes, Agent of the Pennsylvania railroad; and W. A. Bates, General Southern Agent of the Erie, Atlantic, and Great Western railroad, were in the city yesterday.

The Lebanon (Ky.) Clarion says: "There will be a meeting in this city on the 2d of June to enable the stockholders of the Cumberland and Ohio railroad to elect a Board of Directors, as assurances are had that by that time the requisite amount of $250,000 will be subscribed to the stock of the company."

Governor R. K. Scott, of South Carolina, General J. W. Hairston, of Blue Ridge Railroad, Mr. A. B. Lafitte, of Charleston, South Carolina, Colonel James P. Low, of the Blue Ridge Railroad, Colonel C. M. McGhee, East Tennessee and Georgia, Hon. M. D. Bearden, Mayor of Knoxville, Hon. John H. Crozier, of Knoxville, Tennessee, Col. Adrian Terry, of the Knoxville Railroad, and other gentlemen representing the railroad interests centering at Knoxville, Tennessee, and the Charleston route to the seaboard, are in Cincinnati.

Among the improvements the authorities of the Petersburg (Va.) Railroad Company are now making at the principal stations along that route, is one that cannot fail to be pleasing and attractive, and that will adorn and beautify the grounds. On either side of the road, for a distance of one hundred and fifty yards, shade trees have been set out, which in a few years will not only make a handsome display, but will dispense a grateful shade, afford relief to the traveler and enhance the appearance of the premises. The trees are of the maple variety, quick in their growth, and bearing a thick and beautiful foliage.

The officers of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad are meeting with many difficulties in the grading of the road-bed between Charlestown and Jeffersonville. The farmers contend that the old grant of the right of way granted to the Fort Wayne and Southern Railroad, over fourteen years ago, does not hold good. The road takes an opposing position, and offers to pay the price agreed upon at that time, with interest, which will very nearly double it. In a few cases the right of way was not obtained. The managers of the road state that in some instances the land will be made tillable where it is now swampy. The railroad cannot use this land without draining it, and consequently it will be worth more after the railroad runs through it than before, aside from the value that a railroad always adds to lands cut off from the modern style of transportation. Under a law of the State of Indiana, any incorporated and responsible company has a right to lay down a track wherever it is necessary. It further provides that a jury of twelve disinterested men shall be impanelled, who shall consider the damage and benefits arising, and if the former overweigh the latter, they shall give judgment accordingly. It is confidently asserted that if impartial juries can be obtained the price of the land will be diminished, as the value of it will be more enhanced now than fourteen years ago; then deduct the fourteen years' interest and they will have but little left. The railroaders also claim that there is an evident intention to worry the road and throw every obstacle in the way of the construction of it. For instance, one farmer demands that the railroad shall purchase of him two-and-a-half acres where only one-and-a-half is necessary. Messrs. Howard & Read, two able lawyers of Jeffersonville, have been employed by the petitioners, who are as follows: William Prather, James Steward, John Wright, Thomas Shadburn, Squire John Gilmore, F. R. Lewis, T. J. Howard, S. H. Patterson, and others. The petitioners will be required to give a large bond, not less than $50,000, to secure the railroad against damages. There are about five hundred men employed on the road, and should the injunction be granted the damages will amount to about a thousand dollars per day should it be reversed by the Supreme Court. The petitioners represent at least a million of dollars, and as there is a good deal of money possessed on both sides the fight will be apt to last on this line if it takes all summer and winter too.

The following communication has been received by J. J. Porter, Esq., President of the Board of Trade of this city, and will be laid before that body at an early day:

"*J. J. Porter, Esq., President Board of Trade, Louisville, Ky.:*

"SIR—It is known to yourself and many members of the body over which you preside that a company has been organized in the city of New Albany, Ind., for the building of a railroad from that city, as near on an air line as may be found practicable, to a point at or near Mt. Carmel, in the State of Illinois. Our stock subscriptions in New Albany amount now to a sum over $380,000, which will be increased to $400,000.

"Stock subscription books have been distributed along the proposed line of road, and the people seem fully alive to the importance of the work, and are subscribing liberally towards it. What amount will be realized between New Albany and Mt. Carmel cannot at this time be definitely stated, but the company fully expect, from the information before them, at least the sum of $400,000 in addition to the New Albany subscription.

"The importance of this line of road to the city of Louisville I know is fully appreciated by quite a number of her prominent and influential citizens. They feel kindly towards it, and are anxious that their city should come forward and make a liberal subscription to it, believing it to be a road that will contribute largely to the advancement of the wealth and prosperity of her citizens.

"The most ardent friends of this enterprise in New Albany admit that the city of Louisville, with her position, will reap the lion's share of the prospective business of the road, yet they see that there are benefits which will accrue sufficiently to their city to justify the subscription they have made in the premises.

"The road runs through a rich agricultural region of country, producing wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley in abundance, while the tobacco growing interest in the counties of Dubois and Pike is in large excess of any other counties in Indiana. The finest of limestone for building and other purposes lies profusely embedded in the soil of Harrison and Crawford counties, while timber of a most excellent quality skirts the entire length of the projected enterprise. The coal interest, also, being one of the most valuable yet mentioned, is, I may say, inexhaustible in the counties of Pike, Gibson and Dubois, while in the county of Crawford salt wells exist (from which salt is now being manufactured of excellent quality), capable, as the proprietors assert, of making from three to four hundred barrels per day. These are some of the local interests that cluster around this projected road, of which the citizens of Louisville may, and will handle their profit, to say nothing of the advantages and importance the road will assume in being one of the connecting links in the great thoroughfare contemplated from Norfolk to St. Louis by the way of Louisville.

"Now, sir, what I desire is the influence and co-operation of the honorable body over which you preside in procuring from the city of Louisville, in her corporate capacity, a subscription to this road commensurate with its magnitude and the great interests involved in its completion to her citizens.

"Please lay this communication before your honorable body, and may I not expect its hearty concurrence and prompt and favorable action in the matter. Yours, &c.,
"AUG. BRADLEY,
"President N. A. and St. Louis Air Line R. R. Co."

Railway Correspondence.

ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY.
CINCINNATI, May 14.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal:]

GENTLEMEN: Will you please make the following corrections in the time of trains via Jeffersonville and Ohio and Mississippi railways, and oblige
Yours, very truly, W. L. SHATTUC, Asst. Pass. Agt.

Via Jeffersonville and Ohio and Mississippi.

Lv. Jeff...	6:30 am.	9:50 am.	2:30 pm.	11:30 pm.
Ar. Sey...	8:50 am.	11:40 am.	4:35 pm.	1:20 am.

[illegible] ... rived here by rail yesterday in advance of the boat, which will be here on Friday. Captain Holcroft has contracted to take 1,000 tons of railroad iron from New Albany to Shreveport, La., for the Southern Pacific railroad. The Virginia will commence loading with it upon her arrival here, and will leave on Monday next for Shreveport direct.

The Liberty No. 4, from St. Louis to Pittsburg, with four barges of iron ore, passed up Sunday.

Trains of the Erie and Atlantic and Great Western leave Cincinnati at [illegible] P. M. and 7 A. M.

COZZEN'S HOTEL, OMAHA, May 11.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal:]

We left Quincy, Ill., on yesterday at 8:25 A. M. on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, in company with the Hon. I. N. Morris, of Quincy, one of the U. S. Commissioners to receive the Union Pacific Railroad. We arrived here to-day at 11 P. M., having come by the Council Bluffs and St. Joseph Railroad from St. Joseph. The Commissioners rendezvous here and will probably start out to-morrow evening or the next morning to receive the road, where they expect to have a special train [illegible] will be provided and everything that is necessary to render the party comfortable. We understand that the celebration here yesterday was one of the grandest demonstrations ever witnessed in this city, which was given in commemoration of the completion of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific Railroad, the last spike of which was driven at 12 M. So the grand enterprise of connecting the two oceans is now accomplished, and the United States can now boast of the longest railroad ever built in the world. We arrived at St. Joseph at [illegible] this morning, and left on the St. Joseph and Council Bluffs Railroad at [illegible]. The road passes through one of the richest valleys of land I have ever seen. The road runs in a few miles of the Missouri river all the way from St. Joseph to Council Bluffs, and the road through the valley before spoken of about thirty miles north of St. Joseph, and continues in it all the way to Omaha, or over 100 miles. As I have stated before, this valley varies in width from one mile to five miles, very little of which is under cultivation, as nearly all belongs to "land sharks," who are holding it at too high figures for the poor men to buy it. This valley is almost as level as a floor, and is as rich as land can be, producing the very best of wheat and corn. The Council Bluffs railroad has only been built since August last, and yet it has a great many thriving and rapidly growing villages along the entire line. The grading of this road cost comparatively nothing, as the ground is very nearly as level as a dead level. Omaha is a thriving little city, but it is a little too large for its breeches, and I greatly fear it will die an ignominious death some of these long come shorts. For the present adieu. J. F. COSBY.

☞ The Gaulois announces that M. Taillefer, the cashier of one of the largest insurance companies in Paris, has embezzled a sum of 1,460,000 francs. Less clever than Mr. Higs, he allowed himself to be caught, and is now at Mazas. He had been thirty-nine years in the company's employ. The chairman proposed to hush the matter up, and offered to put down £20,000 toward making up the defalcations, but, the Gaulois adds, the other directors refused.

☞ Mrs. Scott Siddons is meeting with as much success in St. Louis as she did in the "Sunny South."

THE OLD DOMINION.

Gen. Lee's Visit to Maryland—The Conservatives of Virginia—The Policy of the South—Decoration of Confederate Graves—Stonewall Jackson's Tomb, etc.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

LEXINGTON, VA., May 10, 1869.

Gen. Lee has just returned from Baltimore, whither he went on a mission to enhance the prosperity of the State. The Valley road, in which he sought to enlist Baltimore, is one of great importance, not only to this region of country, and to the material interests of Baltimore, but as a great thoroughfare to the Southwest. There seemed to be very little hope of securing a favorable hearing from the city authorities, embarrassed as they are by a heavy debt incurred by their Radical predecessors; but the plain but powerful statement of Gen. Lee has presented the matter in such a light that it wears a new aspect of hope, and there is no doubt that the Valley Railroad will receive the aid required, if Baltimore can compass it in her present financial condition.

Our little community was greatly pleased at the sincere homage of heart and hand offered Gen. Lee in his visit to Maryland. The COURIER-JOURNAL is aware already that his visit to the White House was by invitation; and I am glad to see that it does not give credence to Radical reports of Gen. Lee's views. He has never given in words or conduct [illegible] to the sentiment that the South should ignore her past or humiliate herself to meet the views of Northern demagogues.

You must not judge too harshly of those men in Virginia who in their despair have favored any compromise, even negro suffrage, lest a worse thing come upon them. Many very good men have been unwillingly crowded into that false position after casting their eyes in every direction for help, and in vain. You are comparatively free from the misrule of military government and from the destruction of all prosperity in this saturnalia of mercenary adventurers and ignorant negroes who swarm like gad flies to all the offices of government; you are nearly free from the curse of carpetbaggery and scallywaggery, and it is hard to see to what straits men can be driven by the daily torture of an alien and hateful despotism. These men hope, by once getting a voice in the Government, to make themselves felt and heard. I am sure they are mistaken. The South has a policy, and it is not one of submission to insult and degradation. If we are taxed and not represented; if we are governed by miserable caricatures of humanity, placemen, and the tools of power, forced on us by bayonets; if we are to be held down by the United States Government while the Congo lords it over us—then are we no longer citizens; we have no lot, part or interest in the Government, but must regard it as our direst and most implacable enemy. If we are to be bound to the side of such an enemy, let it beware lest we prove a thorn in that side. The Government playing the part of the bully of nations, yet it dare not go to war with England or Spain. Do you know what that means? Our policy in the South is to demand a full measure of equal rights with other States; to compromise in no manner whatever honor or principle; to resist by all the moral force and all the pacific agencies in our power the injuries inflicted on us; to appeal to the public opinion of the world for redress; to wait our opportunity patiently, and, when it comes, take judgment for our debt, with interest and costs. Is that policy plain enough? Do you understand it? Well, it is time for some men to be honest enough to avow it, for four men out of five in the South believe in it.

To-day the people of Lexington decorated the graves of the Confederate dead. Among the officiating clergymen was the Rev. W. N. Pendleton, chief of artillery in the Army of Northern Virginia during the war. Among the persons assembled to do honor to the dead, was the old General-in-chief, and many of those who once followed him to the deadly fray. Here an armless sleeve; there a scarred face; and yet again lineaments that silently told the tale of inward agony, of wounds or sickness; all these were gathered to witness the woman and the child come with their floral tribute to lay on the last resting place of their departed comrades. The tomb of Stonewall Jackson was covered with the offerings of the people; but it was in tribute to the unknown dead, the nameless soldiers of a lost cause, that the popular heart overflowed most bounteously in a wealth of flowers. At this season of the year every dell in these wild hills is carpeted with the violet, the blue lupin, the larkspur, the [illegible], and a hundred other varieties of wild flowers of [illegible] colors; the scarred face of every cliff is festooned with wild honey-suckle and columbine, and blossomed with the [illegible] magnificent calyx of the trillium; all of these in boundless profusion, and mingled with the rarer but scarcely more splendid products of the garden and hot-houses, were brought to symbolize the unfading memory alike of the illustrious chief who fell in battle and rests on the other side of the river, and of the honored [illegible] who have been wept, perhaps, in the distant Southwest.

After appropriate religious services a beautiful ode was sung by a select choir with pathos and effect. It was from the pen of that gifted poetess, Mrs. Margaret J. Preston, the author of Beechenbrook and of a hundred ballads that have stirred the hearts and ennobled the souls of the Southern people since the war. W. P. J.

Republican Meeting.

[Reported for the Courier-Journal.]

At a meeting of the Republicans of the county of Owen, held at Owenton, on Friday, May 14th, 1869, on motion, Dr. J. R. English was called to the chair, and Capt. W. P. Bacon appointed secretary.

The object of the meeting being explained, to appoint delegates to the convention called to meet at Lexington, on May 27th, the following Republicans were appointed to represent the county in said convention:

B. F. Thomas,	Jesse A. Suter,
J. Monroe Walker,	Joseph M. Coates,
Jesse McPherson,	Wm. Schwetska,
J. S. Schooler,	B. G. Hancock,
George S. Low,	James D. Orr, Sr.,
Thomas H. Ritchey,	Sam. Stevenson,
C. B. Gross,	Henry Reed,
Barnard Vanderen,	J. R. English,
W. P. Bacon,	Henry Lynn,
A. B. Thomasson,	Daniel Webster,
R. Warford,	Thomas Foster,
M. Hampton,	J. C. Green,
W. W. Coates,	N. C. Wiley,
R. E. Foster,	Henry C. Coates,
L. D. Bassett,	George Marshall,
John H. Coates,	G. M. Smith.

☞ "The Boston friends of Chief Justice Chase have raised $2,500 to place his statue on the proposed Lincoln monument at Washington; those of Bishop Simpson have met to arrange for a similar treatment of that divine; and Bishop Simpson will have his statue canvassed for as a representative of the Sanitary Commission."—[Exchange. Why not add Butler, Turchin and McNeil?

☞ For the first time in the history of France, a sailing vessel, a little fore-and-aft schooner, is moored in the Seine, directly alongside the Tuileries. Frenchmen daily throng the quays and bridges in her vicinity, in order to gaze at the wonderful stranger. Even the Emperor and all the Imperial family have paid visits to the tiny craft.

☞ Two colored gentlemen settled an affair of honor in Savannah, Ga., the other day, by a "butting contest." No great amount of damage done.

MORRIS E. JONES,
PHONOGRAPHER,
Law and General Reporter,
Courier-Journal Editorial Rooms,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
The Only Short-hand Establishment in the City.
TESTIMONY taken (in short-hand) in the courts and for commissioners. Verbatim reports of the proceedings of conventions, associations, &c., taken with accuracy, and transcriptions furnished with promptness. Orders from abroad requiring the services of a reporter can have their work done promptly, and upon the most reasonable terms. Address as above given. a30 dtf

THE GREENWOOD
Washing Machine
Can be seen in operation at
No. 69 Green st., bet. Second and Third.
THE cheapest and only perfect machine in the United States. Price $12. Manufactured and sold by SAWYER & CO., Louisville, Ky. Orders promptly attended to. Great inducements offered to purchasers of county rights. a15 d&wlm

LAKE ICE.
I AM prepared to deliver pure Northern Lake Ice to my old customers and as many new ones as will give me their custom. Office No. 111 Second street, between Market and Jefferson.
a1 d2m FRANK. S. GOSNELL.

THE PLACE, NO. 91.
IF you want your clothes cleansed, dyed, and color restored, go to J. H. MONTGOMERY'S, the most reliable place in the city, to be suited. a29 dtf

W. H. REDIN,
ARCHITECT,
142 Main St., bet. Fourth and Fifth,
mh9 LOUISVILLE, KY. d3m

U.S. HOTEL,
Louisville, Ky.
STOCKTON, LEAHY & CO., PROPRIETORS.
$2 50 PER DAY.
mh7 dtf

Washington Foundry,
MANUFACTURERS of Steam Engines and Boilers, Saw and Grist Mill Machinery,
Wool Carding Machines,
Machine Cards, and Smut Mills.
DOWDALL, PAGE & CO.
a26 d2m Cor. Second and Morgan sts., St. Louis.

COAL.
HAVING formed a copartnership with J. D. JOHNSON, of Pittsburg, Pa., for the purpose of transacting a wholesale and retail business in Coal, under the style of JAMES O'CONNOR, BRO. & CO., we are now prepared to furnish, by the barge load or in any quantities, delivered, the best Youghiogheny Coal (for general use), Pomeroy (for cooking), and Cannel Coal (for parlor use), very low for cash. Call at our yard, where we will be pleased to see our patrons, manufacturers, and the public, in want of Coal, to call and see us at the old stand of Olmstead & O'Connor.
OFFICES—43 Third street; Brook street, between Market and Jefferson.
JAMES O'CONNOR, JOHN O'CONNOR, J. D. JOHNSON.
fe17 d2m

COAL! COAL! COAL!
JOHN McCLOSKEY, Pittsburg.
CHAS. MILLER, Agent, Louisville.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN PITTSBURG, YOUGHIOGHENY, and other COAL for parlor use, double screened, also cooking and steam purposes.
Office—East side Second, No. 83, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky.
Coal delivered above and below the Falls and on the Cars. a29 d2m

JEFFERSON SAW MILLS
On River, between Wenzel and Cabell.
H. WOODS FERGUSON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS and dealers in all kinds of Ash, Cherry, Walnut and Gum Sawed Pine, Poplar and Oak Building Lumber, Flooring, Weather-boarding, Shingles, Laths, Bed Slats, Pickets, Table Legs, Chair Rounds, Bannisters, Bench Boards, Frame Stuff, Bed Rails, &c., ... [illegible]
H. WOODS FERGUSON & CO.

PIANOS.
J. HINZEN. R. ROSEN.
HINZEN & ROSEN,
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS
Market st., north side, bet. Sixth and Seventh,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
An assortment of good second-hand Pianos for sale or rent very cheap. ... [illegible]

RAILROADS.

Louisville and Nashville
—AND—
MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE
RAILROAD LINE.
[illegible]
ON and after MAY 9, 1869, trains will run as follows: [illegible]
ALBERT FINK, Gen'l Supt.

Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad.
ON AND AFTER APRIL 4, 1869, passenger trains will run daily (Sundays excepted), as follows: ... [illegible]
SAML. GILL, Gen. Supt. la30 dtf

Jeffersonville, Madison, and Indianapolis Railroad.
[illegible]
The Only All Rail Route to the East, North and West.
PASSENGERS taking this route arrive in Eastern cities, several hours in advance of those taking United States mail-boat same day. ... [illegible]
Jeffersonville, Ind., Feb. 1, 1869.

MEDICAL.

Dr. G. W. Lancaster,
104 1-2 [illegible] ... [illegible]

A CARD TO THE LADIES.
Dr. Duponco's
Golden Periodical Pills!
For Females.
Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever cause, and
ALWAYS SUCCESSFUL AS A PREVENTIVE.
... [illegible]
THE LEUCORRHOEA, OR WHITES
In all the above diseases the pills
ACT LIKE A CHARM.
PRICE $1 PER BOX; SIX BOXES, $5.
... [illegible] Sold by one Druggist in every city and town in the United States. ... [illegible]

DR. GATES'
PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY.
THE oldest Dispensary in Louisville. All forms of Venereal and Private Diseases ... [illegible]

TO THE LADIES.
[illegible] ... Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 8 A. M. to 12 M.

Dr. H. ROSENGARTEN,
Consulting Physician,
No. 85 Third St., Near Market, Up Stairs
f12 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

Galen's Head Dispensary.
Office No. 70, Jefferson street, between Second and Third streets.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
ESTABLISHED 1845, and chartered by the Legislature of Kentucky, 1851, "for the treatment of all diseases of the urinary and generative organs of both sexes," including spermatorrhoea or seminal weakness from whatever cause, gleet, stricture, varicocele, syphilis in all its stages, affections of the kidneys and bladder, and the diseases of women. A Medical Pamphlet, containing sixty large pages and numerous illustrations on a new method of treating the above diseases without mercury, and important advice on marriage, &c., sent under seal for 25 cents.
The Consulting Surgeon of this celebrated Dispensary, and Author of the above work, may be consulted personally or by letter on all the diseases of which it treats. Patients at a distance treated by mail, and medicine sent to any part of the country on receipt of a statement of the case.
Consultations private, and all business strictly confidential.
Read the above work before seeking medical aid elsewhere, and thus avoid quackery. Address GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,
la15 d Louisville, Ky.

Circular, Mill, Muley, Gang, and Cross Cut
SAWS!
EVERY Saw that leaves our factory is Oil Tempered and Patent Ground, perfectly true and even, and made of uniform temper by our patent tempering process.

AXES!
... [illegible]

... [illegible]

HILL'S GOLD PEN
MANUFACTORY.
NO. 80 FOURTH STREET, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky. Price List sent free. Address R. C. HILL & CO. STENCIL BRANDS CUT TO ORDER

REMOVAL.
K. Tiherman & Co., Wholesale Liquor Dealers,
HAVE removed from 223 Market, ... to 89 MAIN STREET, between Second and Third sts. ... [illegible]

CALIFORNIA
Wines and Brandy!
FROM THE VINEYARDS OF
M. KELLER,
Proprietor of Rising Sun and Los Angeles Vineyards
C. P. MOORMAN & CO.,
No. 27 East Main St.,
Sole Agents for the Atlantic States. ... [illegible]

Courier-Journal.

SUNDAY AND MONDAY, MAY 16 AND 17.

THE NEWS.

No fractional currency was printed last week.

The wheat, corn and other crops are reported very promising in all parts of Kansas.

Mr. Owen Wales, for many years a prominent grocery merchant of St. Louis, died on Friday, aged 76.

The gold market was excited yesterday and closed at [illegible]. The weekly bank statement is regarded as favorable.

It is intimated that a number of Polish exiles in [illegible] contemplate [illegible] upon their coming to this country.

The Spanish Cortes have rejected the proposition for a federal republic by a vote of 182 to 64.

It was rumored in London yesterday that Napoleon was about to issue a peace manifesto and reduce the army.

Five thousand dollars' worth of jewelry was stolen from Hill's store, in Canandaigua, N. Y. yesterday.

Mr. Howard, our new Chinese Minister, is urging that that mission should be made first-class. [illegible]

The Universal Peace Society closed its session in New York yesterday. There was but a slim attendance, and the speeches were uninteresting.

The New York Board of Police Commissioners failed to organize yesterday, several ballots being taken for President without an election.

An epidemic has broken out among the horses of the New York street railway companies. Twelve of one stable and ten of another died last week.

The temperance men of Iowa have called a State Convention, to meet at the capital, on the 10th of June, for political action and prohibitory movements.

A white man named Arch Jenkins was murdered yesterday at Nelson Furnace, on the Bardstown railroad, by a negro named Wm. Taylor. The negro was arrested.

The safe of the Douglass axe manufacturing establishment, of East Douglass, Mass., was opened by burglars on Friday evening, and from $15,000 to $20,000 in cash was stolen therefrom. The safe was literally torn to pieces.

The new whipping post and pillory erected in the jail yard of Newcastle, Del., by the city authorities to supply the place of the ancient and worn out one, was inaugurated yesterday with the usual interesting ceremonies.

A fight took place on Friday in the National capital between Col. Duncan and Col. Capehart, aspirants for the office of Superintendent of the Interior Department, in which the former was worsted.

It seems that the cause of the detention of the City of Cork at quarantine, in New York, on Tuesday, was that out of 640 passengers one had the small-pox. All on board had been vaccinated.

Letters which left San Francisco on the evening of the sixth of May were distributed at the [illegible] in New York before 9 o'clock Friday morning. Passengers arrived in New York Tuesday in eight days from San Francisco.

Considerable interest was excited in Richmond yesterday by a statement that the United States grand jury had found indictments against several [illegible] for perjury in taking the iron-clad oath after having aided the rebellion.

An explosion occurred early yesterday morning in Jersey City, in [illegible] & Co.'s cotton and oil manufactory, and immediately after the extensive building was wrapped in flames. The building [illegible] was destroyed, involving a loss of [illegible].

The amount of business done at the St. Louis [illegible] during April, including money orders [illegible] was [illegible].

Madame Parepa Rosa has accepted an invitation to sing in the grand chorus of the National Peace Jubilee at Boston. In her letter she says as to terms she leaves them entirely with the committee, as to nothing, except pleasure of joining in so great an undertaking, can actuate an artist.

A new era has seemingly dawned upon Austria. The Emperor Francis Joseph, in his speech to the Reichsrath on Friday, expressed the hope that all would support the constitution, as Austria offered full liberty to the people of every nation, and guaranteed their right of self-government. He was loudly cheered.

Captain E. McBarre Timothy, late of the United States army, who last fall at the American Hotel, Atlanta, Ga., shot and killed in self-defense Richardson, a member of the Georgia Constitutional Convention, was yesterday found not guilty of the charge of murder and released from custody.

At the Boston Billiard Tournament on Friday, the first game was won by Wilmouth over Davis, by 300 to 199. The second game was won by Moriarty over Colby by 300 to 160. In the evening Brooks beat Colby by 300 to 276, and Wilmouth beat Colby by 300 to 266. There was a large attendance.

The Assistant U. S. Treasurer advertises that he will receive proposals for one million of 5-20s of January issue, up to noon next Wednesday. The bonds to be purchased are announced for a sinking fund, and the proposals for a similar amount will be received every Wednesday. The accrued interest will be paid in coin.

The New York Mail says: "We are informed that the stockholders of the Tribune decided, at their meeting last evening, to abolish the office of managing editor, and that Mr. Hassard will be in charge of the paper during the day and Mr. Whitelaw Reid at night. Mr. Young thus loses his position, but is not removed from the paper."

The Memphis Opera House has been handsomely arranged for the approaching convention. It has been divided into sections for the different States with ample arrangements for delegates and members of the press. The order of ceremonies provides for a display of the fire department, a grand procession on the first day, and a series of excursions, banquets, hops, &c., during the remainder of the session.

During a thunder storm at Eddyville, New York, this morning, the lightning struck a building of the Delaware and Hudson canal, setting it on fire. Before the flames could be subdued five barns, two stores, and a storehouse, and the buildings and ways of a ship yard, together with a boat, were destroyed. Three hundred horses were fortunately rescued from death.

The President's proclamation in relation to the Virginia election is published this morning. It names the 6th of July as the time for submitting the Constitution passed by the Richmond Convention in December, 1867, to the voters of Virginia registered at the date of such submission for ratification or rejection, and submits to a separate vote the disfranchisement and test-oath clause. The voter is to vote a ballot designated for the Constitution or against the Constitution, and is allowed to vote a separate ballot for or against either or both of the excepted provisions.

The tide of emigration is setting westward. Thirty-seven thousand dollars worth of Kansas Pacific Railroad lands were sold by the National Land Company in the month of April. The lands were sold to actual settlers, mostly in tracts of from forty to one hundred and sixty acres, averaging about three dollars per acre. The emigration to the line of the Kansas Pacific road is greater than ever before. Colonies from all parts of the country are forming and moving on these lands. One hundred and fifty families from Northern Ohio went up during the past month and settled near Bavaria, in Saline county, and many more from the same region are expected.

Mortuary Report.

HEALTH OFFICE,
LOUISVILLE, May 15, 1869.

The following is the monthly report for week ending May 15, 1869:

DISEASES.

Still-born	7	Congestion of Brain	1
Consumption	5	Convulsions	1
Small-pox	5	Croup	1
Whooping Cough	4	Dropsy	1
Heart Disease	2	Enteritis	1
Meningitis	2	Epilepsy	1
Old Age	2	Marasmus Sen.	1
Pneumonia	2	Paralysis	1
Cholera Morbus	1	Unknown	4
Total			42

SEX.

Male	19	Female	23
Total			42

COLOR.

White	34	Black	8
Total			42

NATIVITY.

America	38	Germany	2
Ireland	2		
Total			42

AGE.

Under three years	20	3 to 6 years	3
6 to 10 years	1	10 to 20 years	3
20 to 30 years	1	30 to 40 years	3
40 to 50 years	3	50 to 60 years	2
60 to 70 years	3	70 and over	3
Total			42
Without medical aid			4

SAMUEL MANLY, M. D.,
Sec'y Board of Health.

BATHING AND BREATHING.

An Island Park for the City of the Falls.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

Many suggestions have been made about parks, public squares and different locations, but none seem to have been so favorably received as to preclude any more high about the matter. Every one has his favorite scheme, [illegible] of which is [illegible] for other reasons. I have a scheme, which I claim to be the cheapest and best of all those that have come before the public. The Sand Island, or Willow Bar, right above or in front of the city, would make an excellent little park or better breathing place. The island will become larger from year to year by the accumulation of sand, gravel and mud deposited there by the river. Let the city go and build a bridge across the channel to the island, and, instead of emptying all the garbage of the city at the outskirts of the city, sometimes among thickly-settled places, which creates all kinds of sickness, &c., let all such stuff be hauled over that bridge to the island, which will grow in a few years above the high-water mark; let then and there a number of large bathing-houses be erected for male and female, for children and adults, like in some other cities. As the island up to a nice little park, with walks and winding ways; have seats and benches constructed for the accommodation of the public. This little island park would, no doubt, in a few years hence, be a source of income to the city in a material way; but the gain which the citizens would derive from this would be more health among the young and old of the city.

In spring, summer and fall months, should you have sick children, and the physician advise you to take them out in the fresh air, could you go to a more agreeable spot in or around the city than this little island, where you could inhale the pure, fresh air from the river? Besides the place would be easily accessible from all parts of the city.

The island would cost very little now; the filling up would cost nothing, as the city has already the expense of removing the garbage, &c. Of course it would be a year or two before the place could be used as indicated.

Medical.

[For the Courier-Journal.]

The following resolutions were passed by the Louisville Obstetrical Society at its regular semi-monthly meeting last night. There was but one dissenting voice:

Resolved, That this society most heartily endorses the action of the American Medical Association at its late meeting in New Orleans on the question of medical education, unanimously disapproving of the low-fee system of medical instruction.

Resolved, That the Secretary be directed to have a copy of these resolutions to the Richmond and Louisville Medical Journal, to the daily papers of this city, and that he also forward, as soon as practicable, a copy of the same to the permanent secretary of the association, Dr. Atkinson, of Philadelphia.

THE CITY.

Deaths.

There were 42 deaths in the city last week.

A Refractory Female.

Isabella Williams, colored, was lodged in the First street station-house yesterday on a peace warrant.

Episcopal Convention.

The Episcopal Convention to be held at Henderson will commence its deliberations on Wednesday, the 26th inst.

Hauled In.

James McMahon, dead drunk, was hauled to Clay-street station-house yesterday, and was the only arrival at that popular resort.

Nursery.

The market-houses and green groceries are now undergoing daily inspections. Decayed meats and vegetables will now be looked after.

Burial of Andrew Spangenberg.

The remains of Mr. Andrew Spangenberg arrived here by the mailboat yesterday morning, and were buried at Cave Hill in the afternoon.

An Extraordinary Pleading.

In the Common Pleas Court yesterday, a pair of human bodies was [illegible] as evidence in a case which will probably come up this week.

Attempted Burglary.

About 12 o'clock last night three men attempted to break into the house of Mrs. Dr. Johnson, on Jefferson street, opposite the Frankfort depot. They were working at the front door, when they were heard by some ladies and made off.

Treasurer of the Sinking Fund.

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will meet this (Monday) evening, to elect a Treasurer, the Board of Aldermen having refused to confirm Reuben L. Post, who was elected two weeks ago.

Presbyterian Female School.

The stockholders of the Presbyterian Female School of this city are to meet at the office of the Falls City Tobacco Bank this (Monday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock, to adopt a new constitution and by-laws, and to transact other business that may come before them.

A Big Business.

Twenty boxes of English Chester pigs were shipped by express from this port a day or two since, consigned to parties in various localities South and West. They were bred by A. G. Herr, of this county, and made up the largest shipment from this city ever made by any one breeder.

Women for the Penitentiary.

Maggie Mitchell and Jennie Davis, two Marshall-street prostitutes, who were arrested some time last month by Detectives Tiller and Gilmore on charge of burglariously entering the house of G. F. Spanninger, were yesterday convicted in the Circuit Court. The jury fixed the punishment of each at three years' imprisonment.

Whitsuntide at Woodland Garden.

To-day, Whitsuntide, will be celebrated at Woodland Garden by two sacred concerts—one in the afternoon and the other in the evening. Music will be furnished by the Great Western Star Band. On Monday evening there will be concert music, and there will also be dancing in the large hall.

Walnut-Street Baptist Church.

At this old time-honored house of worship services for to-day will be as follows: 11 A. M.—services conducted by the pastor; subject—"The Transfiguration of Christ." 3 P. M.—Children's Missionary meeting. 8 P. M.—Reports from the recent "Southern Baptist Convention." Addresses by Rev. R. M. Dudley, Rev. J. A. Kirtley and the Pastor, A. T. Spalding.

A Fight for the Quarter.

Three ragged urchins who had captured a large dog, and pulled him to the police headquarters, fought long and well yesterday over the mooted question as to which should have the twenty-five cents reward. One seized the animal by the narrative, another gathered his ears, and the third pulled stoutly one of his hind legs. The poor brute was well nigh dead before the boys could be taken off.

Personal.

A flattering call is made this morning upon E. A. Pearson, Esq., to become a candidate for the Legislature in the Seventh District (Tenth Ward). Many mechanics and laboring men promise to support him.

E. H. Osborn, Esq., the special agent of the Messrs. Chickering & Sons, the renowned piano manufacturers, is at the Galt House.

General E. St. George Cook, successor to General George H. Thomas in the command of this military district, arrived here yesterday.

John Overton, Esq., the well-known hotel man of Nashville, is in the city.

Pretty Girls in Louisville.

A Louisville correspondent of the Macon (Ga.) Telegraph thus brags on Fourth street and its pretty promenaders:

"Yes, visit us in the flowery month of May, and you will understand, almost as by intuition, what we are scribbling about when we say that Fourth street especially offers attractions to a stranger which he will find it impossible to resist. We hazard nothing and speak by the card when we affirm that, during twelve hours on any bright day in the month of May, a greater number of pretty girls trip lightly along Fourth street, Louisville, Kentucky, than through any other thoroughfare in the known world; and so strong are we in the faith that we unhesitatingly throw down the gauntlet, prepared to fight anything or anybody upon the question in debate."

Baptist Anniversaries.

The Kentucky Baptist Ministers' Meeting will convene in this city at the Walnut street church, on Tuesday evening next, and the General Association at 10 o'clock on Thursday morning. Arrangements have been made for half-fare transportation over the Louisville, Nashville and Memphis railroads and branches, the Lexington and Covington roads, and also on the regular river packets.

Committees to receive delegates and assign them homes will be in waiting at the lecture room of the church, to which, on arrival, the delegates are requested to repair.

The Baptist denomination in Kentucky, in point of numbers, intelligence, wealth and influence, is second to no other denomination, and the meeting will doubtless be one of great interest.

Decoration Day.

Thursday next, the 20th inst., has been set apart for the decoration of the graves of the Confederate dead in Cave Hill Cemetery. The occasion this year will be attended with ceremonies of unusual solemnity, and Cave Hill will be wreathed with the pale flowers that speak so eloquently of the fallen. The following lines, sent us from Lexington, Va., are beautifully appropriate to the day and its sad ceremonies:

Past, the clash and clang of battle—
Past, the terrors, trials, fears—
Past, the deadly roar and rattle,
Yet, we meet in tears.

Not a shout of exultation
Breaks the sobbing silence deep;
On the death-day of a nation
Is it strange we weep?

But the homage sad we render,
Softens with a proud relief,
And a solemn joy and tender
Mingles with our grief.

Oh, the heroes wrested from us
Have not lived nor died in vain!
For their memory's bow of promise
Spans our years of pain.

Countless eyes have conned their story—
Countless hearts grown brave thereby:
Let us thank the God of glory
We had such to die!

Where had been the Church's honor,
When the overwhelming flood
Of her foes rushed fierce upon her,
But for martyrs' blood?

Where the lofty acclamations,
O'er the wrench of thraldom's chain?
Where the grandeur of the nations,
But for patriots slain?

Shall we then in sad procession,—
Heads low bowed upon the breast—
Only bring our tears to freshen
Graves where heroes rest?

Rather lay the rose and laurel,
Glad with dew, above the sod—
Learn their lives' majestic moral,
Wait, and trust in God!

The foregoing beautiful verses were sung as a hymn at the decoration of the graves in the churchyard at Lexington. They are referred to by our correspondent from that place in his letter, which appears elsewhere in this issue of the COURIER-JOURNAL. The writer, Mrs. M. J. Preston, is one of the noblest women of the South. We adopt her appropriate stanzas in lieu of prosier remarks of our own. She speaks to the heart of us all.

CRESCENT CITY GIRLS.

Their Magnificent Appearance at the Galt House Ball.

Much to our regret we failed to obtain on the evening of the late ball a description of the elegant toilettes worn by the ladies from New Orleans. Each outfit was worthy to have adorned a real princess of the proudest lineage. In so far as nature beautified and cultivated them, to say nothing of art, the wearers of these charming ball trousseaus were more than princesses. They were angelic in the highest sense. What wonder that they captivated so many hearts and will linger as a joy forever in the memories of all who saw them?

Mrs. G. W. B—k, in a rich lavender silk, black gimpure lace panier, caught up with wreaths of clustering moss rose-buds, a corsage à la Pompadour, trimmed with rich lace and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Lawrence, in brocade silk and rich lace shawl; her two daughters in white tarlatan; mixed flowers on dress and hair, and sashes tastefully arranged.

The Misses R—e, also in white tarlatan over purple, made in the purest Parisian style.

Miss E— made a most tasteful appearance in white silk, with pink overdress.

Miss H—d, in white, with Roman colors on the skirt and a rich variegated wreath encircling her brown hair.

Miss E. M—r, white tarlatan, with green and white garland, and her sister, Mrs. T. L. S—e, in rich India muslin over pink silk, Marie Antoinette waist with rich lace, and sash to match.

Miss B—k in tarlatan, rich flowers on skirt and waist, with fine black hair coiffured in most becoming style.

Miss L—d, in blue silk, with suitable trimmings and handsome head-dress.

Miss D. S—e, dress of tarlatan, simply made, the overskirt caught up with a wreath of crimson flowers and gold, with rich green leaves, all frosted with diamond powder, the wreath extending over the Grecian waist to the shoulder, a spray falling thence over the arm. A head-dress of the same flowers, &c., gleamed amid a wreath of beautiful dark hair.

Misses B—ll, the eldest in rich striped silk and head-dress to match, the youngest in tarlatan elegantly trimmed with rich green satin ribbons.

The Misses R—ye, with dresses showing the taste of the fair wearers.

Miss B—e, in a white tarlatan with blue stripes, was among the most tastefully dressed and fascinating of the groupe.

OUR SABBATH SCHOOLS.

Twenty-fourth Session of the Jefferson County Sunday School Association.

The twenty-fourth session of the Jefferson County Sunday School Association was held in the Methodist church in Jeffersontown on Thursday, the 13th inst. The Association was more numerously represented than for several years past. The session was a very pleasant one, and we trust that the spirit manifested by the delegates is the evidence of an increased zeal in the great Sunday school work. The following is a synopsis of the proceedings:

The convention opened at 10 o'clock A. M., President Brown in the chair. A few minutes were devoted to singing and prayer; after which the Secretary read the minutes of the last semi-annual session. Rev. N. Badger, of Louisville, delivered an excellent address of twenty or thirty minutes to teachers and friends of Sunday Schools, inciting them to greater zeal and perseverance in their work.

Music—led by the Chestnut street Methodist choir—"We are coming, blessed Saviour."

The constitution of the Association was read, and thirty-seven new members were enrolled.

The annual election for officers was held, and resulted in the election of Theodore Brown, Esq., President; R. C. Levi, Esq., Vice President; W. H. Bulkley, Treasurer, and W. W. Sentenny, Secretary. These elections were all unanimous.

Written reports from Sunday Schools were called for, and the following thirty-three schools responded: Beech Grove, Woodside, Jeffersontown Methodist, Jeffersontown Lutheran, Mount Holly Methodist, Portland Baptist, Cedar Creek, Woodview Family School, Pleasant Grove, Calvary, Oakland, Elm Grove Farm, Pennsylvania Run, Fern Creek, Reedy's Chapel Methodist, Middletown Methodist, Shady Side, Christian Sunday School, Fourth and Walnut, Louisville, College-street Presbyterian, East Baptist, Chestnut-street Methodist, First Union Mission School, Fourth Presbyterian Church Sunday School, Hope Mission, Shelby-street Methodist, Preston-street Mission Sunday School, St. Andrews' Protestant Episcopal Sunday School, Gethsemane Sunday School, Twenty-first-street Mission Methodist Sunday School, Thirteenth-street Mission Sunday School, Walnut-street Methodist Sunday School, Caldwell-street Mission School. These thirty-three schools report 3,567 children enrolled, and an average attendance of 2,490 children. These reports do not by any means embrace all the children in attendance upon Sunday Schools in the county and city; probably not half, or even a third; but it is known to all that a vast number of children are not receiving Sunday School instruction.

After the reports were read the Question Committee proposed the following question for discussion:

"How shall we gather into Sunday schools the multitudes of children not now attending them?"

Moved by Rev. R. D. Blair that the Chair appoint a committee of three, whose duty it shall be to prepare, or have prepared, suitable essays for the convention. Also a committee of three whose duty it shall be to report suitable questions for discussion. The Chair appointed on the Essay Committee Rev. G. W. Brush, Rev. R. D. Blair and Rev. N. Badger.

On the Question Committee he appointed Rev. Joseph E. McDonald, C. C. Cary and Lindsay Prather, the first named in each case to be Chairman.

On motion, the convention adjourned till two o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The convention opened promptly at 2 o'clock. Prayer by Rev. Jos. McDonald.

On motion, P. W. Goose, J. O. Campbell, and Wm. H. Buckley were continued as Executive Committee.

On motion, President Theo. Brown was elected a delegate from this association to the State Sunday School Convention.

On motion, the question reported for discussion was taken up and spoken upon by Messrs. Campbell, Goodson, Henderson, Badger, Bush, Buckley, Brown, Prather, Cary, and Hardy. Pending the discussion the following, offered by J. O. Campbell, was adopted:

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this convention that the best way to get the children into the Sunday School is by earnest effort in visiting and prayer by the friends of Christ among the parents and children of their own neighborhoods, as well as by making our Sunday Schools so attractive as to draw and hold them to the school.

The Treasurer's report was read and a collection, amounting to $22 25, taken to defray the expenses of the convention.

The next session of the convention will be held at Mill Creek Methodist Church, on the first Thursday in November next.

The following resolution by G. W. Brush was adopted:

Resolved by the Jefferson County Sabbath School Convention, That the superintendents of schools be requested to report to the next session of this convention the number, as far as can be ascertained, of their pupils who regularly attend public worship on the Lord's Day.

Various prudential motions were made and adopted, when, on motion, the convention adjourned.

THEO. BROWN, President.
W. W. SENTENY, Secretary.

SACRED ANNIVERSARY.

The Feast of Weeks, or Day of the First Ripe Fruit.

Wherever dispersed over the globe, the Israelites will this day celebrate the great "feast of weeks," so called because of the seven weeks which they count from the passover day to this day. It is observed in accordance with the command expressed in the Bible, Deuteronomy 16—9: "Seven weeks thou shalt number from the time that the sickle is first laid on the standing corn; thou shalt commence counting the seven weeks, and then thou shalt make the feast of weeks in honor of the Lord." This feast is also called the "harvest feast," or "day of the first ripe fruits," because on this day it was usual to bring the first fruits as an offering to the Lord in the temple on Mount Moriah; but now, when they can no longer bring the fruit of the land as an offering in this manner, it is customary for the descendants of Abraham to bring their children (the fruits of their heart) before the altar of the Lord, to be confirmed by their rabbis into the religion of their forefathers, who, tradition tells us, stood on this day under Mount Sinai, amidst thunders, lightning, and heavy clouds, and heard the voice of the Great Master of the universe out of the midst of fire, clouds, and thick darkness, proclaim: "I am the Lord, thy God; thou shalt have no other gods before me." As the awe-stricken hearers responded, "All that the Lord hath spoken we will do," so do the confirmants at the altar take upon themselves to walk in and obey the precepts of Israel. Hence the day is also celebrated as a memorial of the day of revelation on Mount Sinai. There is a marvelous sublimity in the fact that the descendants of the same people who, 3,181 years ago received the law from God himself, still proclaim in the same faith: "Hear, O, Israel; the Lord is one," who said unto Isaiah, "I am the first and I am the last, and besides me there existeth no God." Truly are these peculiar and ancient people to be regarded with wonder.

The Temple, on the corner of Sixth street and Broadway, will be the scene of a grand and beautiful service at 10 o'clock this morning. A number of lovely little girls and sprightly boys will be confirmed by the Rev. Dr. Kleeberg, the Rabbi of the Temple. The music by the grand organ and choir, led by the Rev. Mr. Gotthelf, will be of unusual excellence. No doubt the Temple will be densely crowded by people of all denominations.

A HORRIBLE DEATH.

Terrible Fate of a Louisville Man.

The Cairo Evening Bulletin publishes the following account of the death of John Humes, of this city, who was killed on the steamer Stella at that place a few days ago:

While the stern-wheel towboat Stella was lying at our wharf, this morning, John Humes, of Louisville, Ky., and another man, approached her stern in a skiff, stopping at the wheel, by the direction of the mate, to attach a line to one of the wheel arms. This job accomplished, Humes attempted to crawl up between the pitman and the fan-tail; but, at the moment about half his body had passed through, the wheel commenced a revolution, the pitman slowly, but with a giant's strength, closing upon the body of the poor man, like the blade of an immense pair of shears, crushing flesh and bones as it closed upon him, until the wheel caught upon the center, and, of course, stopped. In this excruciating and horrible condition Humes was suspended, his hips and abdomen pressed and crushed into a space of three or four inches. With all his faculties about him, the suffering man screamed to the engineer to "back" and relieve him; not to go ahead, for the worst had not yet been reached. But, as stated, the wheel had stopped upon the center and could not be forced into a backward revolution. In this situation of affairs the only thing that could be done was done. Steam was applied, the wheel made its forward revolution, still further crushing, mangling and grinding the wretched sufferer, until a complete revolution loosened the terrible grip of the iron and timber upon his body, and let him drop into the river below. Still living, the wounded man was picked up by parties in a skiff, but by the time he reached the boat, death came and relieved him of his sufferings.

The remains of Mr. Humes will arrive here this morning. The funeral will take place tomorrow (Monday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his mother, on Jefferson street, between Brook and Floyd.

COMMERCE.

Louisville Delegates to the Memphis Convention.

The indications now are that the commercial convention to assemble in Memphis on Tuesday next, the 18th inst., will be one of the largest and most influential that have ever assembled in the Southwest. It cannot be otherwise than that questions of vital interest to the South and West will be proposed for deliberation and action, and as Louisville has most intimate and important commercial relations with the sections that will be the most largely represented, we are glad to know that his Honor Mayor Bunce has appointed delegates to represent this city. The delegates are as follows, viz: Dr. J. M. Keller, Gen. G. W. Chilton, W. G. Overton, Esq., W. H. Dulaney, Jno. B. Davies, George Brobston, M. W. Lattue, and N. E. Miller. Delegates will present their credentials at the ticket office in the Nashville depot, where they will be furnished free passes for the round trip. Arrangements have been perfected at Memphis for the entertainment of the Louisville delegation. So far as we are advised the objects of the Memphis Convention are eminently proper. It is possible, however, and there are surmises to the effect that forces will be put in operation calculated to impair the commercial prosperity of Louisville and in antagonism to her interests generally. We are not however disposed to indulge in opinions so foreign to our estimates of the business men of the South who have shown a commendable disposition to be on terms of business intercourse mutually advantageous, and which are not warranted by the courteous and frequent invitations extended for our citizens to participate in the business of the convention. These invitations requesting attendance were received by officers of the city, by the Governor of the State, and by the Louisville Board of Trade, and we are glad to learn that our interests will be watched with dignified solicitude and guarded with becoming spirit by the gentlemen who have been appointed by the Mayor.

AMUSEMENTS.

St. Louis Hall.

Who has not been to the Grand Catholic Fair going on at St. Louis Hall? Such an array of beauty and brightness, grace and elegance as have nightly convened there through this past week, is seldom to be seen in places of public amusement in this city. We are glad to say that this Fair will continue until Wednesday, 19th inst. There are still some elegant presents waiting to be raffled off, and any and all who wish to offer ornaments at the domestic shrine and still be charitable, are welcome to the Fair. The admission fee is only twenty-five cents, within the bounds of all who desire to aid in public interests and charitable purposes. The sodality table is graced with all imaginable delicacies to tempt the appetite and attract the eye. No one can enter the hall without observing the tasteful arrangement of everything about it. Mrs. Deal's table also will attract attention, and Miss Nelly Marshall and Miss Emma Arbegust will sell their positions as postmistresses that there is some governmental discussion going on about pennyposts and office clerks. Paper and envelopes are for sale at the office, for any one wishing to reply to correspondents.

Opera House.

To-morrow (Monday) evening, Mr. R. D. Ogden, an actor well known in the South, commences an engagement at this house, when the "Ticket-of-Leave Man" will be performed. It is not generally known, yet nevertheless true, that this drama (one of Tom Taylor's best) was originally produced in this country at the New Theater, Richmond, Va., in the days of the Confederacy. Mr. Ogden was then manager of the theater in that city, which, by the way, is one of the most complete establishments in the United States, although built during the war (1863). Mr. Ogden has just closed a very successful engagement in Galveston, Texas, and comes to us highly indorsed by the press of that city.

On Friday evening, Mr. Duffield, the popular manager of the Opera House, will take a benefit, when we hope to see the house filled from pit to dome. Mr. D. has used his utmost endeavors to cater for the dramatic appetite during the season, and has succeeded admirably. A fine bill will be presented for the occasion. We shall speak of it more fully hereafter.

Brignoli.

Lovers of high art are already enchanted with the prospect of hearing Brignoli. No tenor in America has ever been so popular. He is indeed next to Mario, the most faultless tenor who has graced the lyric stage during the present generation.

The troupe of which Signor Brignoli is the head is an admirable combination. M'lle Marie Durand, the prima donna, is a rising star. By many excellent judges she is considered superior to Miss Kellogg. There are also Signor Petrilli, baritone; Signor Sarti, buffo; and Signor Locatelli, basso—all artists of merit. Signor Stefanone, who is Musical Director, will be remembered by most of our musical people as a most accomplished musician.

The company will open at Weisiger Hall tomorrow evening in Don Pasquale. This will be followed on Tuesday evening by the Barber of Seville, and on Wednesday evening by a series of operatic selections.

A Coming Treat.

Those who delight in the truly beautiful should not fail to be present at Weisiger Hall on Thursday and Friday nights next, for a concert of the finest amateur voices in the city will be given on each night in question for the benefit of the ladies' sewing society of the Christian Church, at the corner of Fourth and Walnut streets, to enable them to purchase carpets and cushions for their church when it shall have been finished. Every citizen tired of the unsightly appearance of the building has now an excellent opportunity of assisting, by a small contribution, to making it, what every public building should be, an ornament to the city. Tickets fifty cents, for sale at Esterle's jewelry store, on Fourth street, between Walnut and Green, Dr. Ramsey's, on Fourth street, between Jefferson and Market, Crump's book store, between Market and Main streets, and at the door.

Benefit Week.

In the course of dramatic events it becomes necessary to "benefit" the attaches of all the first-class temples of Thespis. This time-honored custom will be observed at the Opera House the ensuing week. Among other benefit candidates is that most agreeable and worthy young gentleman, Johnny R. Botto, assistant treasurer. His chance at an appreciative public is set apart for Thursday evening. Not one of those upon whom he has bestowed his genial smiles and polite attentions the past season will deny him audience on Thursday evening. A capital performance may be looked for.

The Rink.

A very brilliant company assembled at the rink last night. All of our distinguished guests who remained in the city were present, including Gen. Beauregard and Gen. Smith. The skating was highly interesting, the music charming, and the tout ensemble picturesque.

THE COURTS.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

HON. E. S. CRAIG, JUDGE.

SATURDAY, May 15.

Jane Hill and Kate Murphy, like all other women, have a right to put on a bend but not to go on a "bender." As they did on Friday. For this unfeminine exploit they were charged $5 each and required to give $100 bond for thirty days.

Dennis Kelly and Matthew Smith emerged from the pen in a state of interesting used-upness. They had been trying to effect a "triple alliance," with the Bourbon King as head-center; this old stager soon fomented discord, as might have been expected. He broke up the plot and betrayed his co-conspirators. Kelly was taxed $5 cash and $100 bond to run two months; Smith also contributed a "V" and a $200 bond good for two months.

Terence Corrigan was arraigned on the serious charge of exhibiting himself statue-quely. He successfully pleaded not guilty, and was discharged.

Nathan Davis stole $75 worth of property from John J. Armbruster, and was held in $400 bond to answer on Monday.

John Williams, the youth from Africa who robbed Hamilton Mead of $15, was remanded in default of $300 bond to answer the charge of grand larceny.

JEFFERSON CIRCUIT COURT.

HON. H. W. BRUCE, JUDGE.

Commonwealth against Ellen Taylor, indictment for stealing money and clothing. The jury found the accused guilty of the charge, and fixed her punishment at one year in the penitentiary.

Mackey Mitchell and Jennie Davis were then arraigned for burglariously entering the house of G. F. Spanninger. The jury after hearing the evidence and arguments of counsel, returned a verdict of guilty as to each of the accused, and fixed the punishment of each at three years in the penitentiary.

Charles Harvey was last arraigned. He is indicted for having burglar's tools in his possession, and entering the store of Billing & Driesbach. He was convicted. The jury fixed his punishment at three years in the penitentiary. He is a young man about twenty-two years of age.

MEDICAL FEES.

Many Questions on Medicine Teaching in Louisville.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

There seems to be some anxiety to start an agitation in this city on the subject of fees for teaching medicine, and it is among the possibilities that there are two sides to the question involved. Whether there are or not, this is certainly true: If appeals are to be made to the public, that public is entitled to the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth on the questions. I purpose to ask a few plain questions which admit of clear and precise answers.

First. The American Medical Association has been engaged for at least twenty-two years in repeated and earnest efforts of a useful character to elevate the standard of medical education in this country. Year after year the Association appealed to medical colleges and to the general profession throughout the country on this most important matter and prescribed methods for the accomplishment of the object. Why is it that throughout these twenty-two years of effort on the part of the American Medical Association, not one movement was aroused in this city in furtherance of this most essential reform? No more attention was given the subject here, and in but one instance elsewhere. As far as I have been able to glean information, three of the suggestions had come from a convention of steam doctors. Why is this? The American Medical Association has been as great, as commanding in its influence, as professional in its acts during those twenty-two years as it is now. Why was it wholly snubbed by the medical men of this city, in the highest and most valuable reform movements it undertook to suggest to and urge upon the entire medical mind of the United States? Does it not look somewhat curious, at least, when we see the great and serious suggestions of the American Medical Association falling for over twenty years on the medical mind of Louisville like snow-flakes on the river, and compare this long quietude with the recent quick zeal, the hurried rush, the intemperate haste that the subject of fees has roused up? Is this the kind of elevating movement that should characterize a noble profession?

Second. The sudden conversions that jump before the public mind demand attention. The people of this city, to say nothing of those of the Commonwealth, have a right to know all that can be known about the new seed that are to be sow for improved crops. In relation to the conversions that are oscillating in this city before the public gaze, we wish to know something of their ground-work. The conversion of "the wickedest man in New York city," which attracted the public view some time ago, was not more marvelous than some of the conversions of which I speak. Some of the parties who boastfully inaugurated what is called "cheap medical teaching," and who persisted in it as long as they could, have become sudden converts to the idea that such practices are "monstrous," that they are "degrading, ruinous, and injurious." What converted them? Only two years ago a new medical faculty was organized here, which commenced its career by charging but a fraction over half the price for its tickets that was charged by the University school.

Why is it, that that which was regarded by the gentleman who are screeching now over this fee business, as eminently professional, righteous, holy, and "not violative of ethical honor" during the past two years, has suddenly become iniquitous, unprofessional and the acme of depravity? There should be good, clear, and forcible reasons for this marvelous change of front. It will not do to say that it is because of the recommendation of the American Medical Association, unless good reasons can be given why no one of its urgent suggestions, pressed on medical attention for twenty-two years, has had any respect shown it by these same parties.

Third. Were the exemplars of "cheap" medical teaching in this city, who have followed the business as far as they could, engaged in degrading their profession by this persevering work? If it was not wrong during the time they were engaged in it, what has changed its nature? Is this an instance of the old ox and bull goring story? At any event, are these recent practitioners of the "iniquity" the proper material for preachers of the new doctrine? Does not modesty become them in view of their career in what they now call "iniquity?" If the watches of other people do not run quite as fast as theirs, are they to make the welkin-ring and pain the ear of night with their din about time being out of joint, and coolly ask others to take time from them?

I have asked these questions, Mr. Editor, because they are pertinent. They are preliminary to others of a very grave character, and which are of great moment to the city of Louisville.

Again: Who authorized your correspondent Medicus to speak for "two" schools of medicine in this city? One of the "two" has not yet spoken on the subject. Is it not advisable, in view of some things that are well known, to wait for official action?

I say to these turbulent gentlemen:
"If there's a hole in a' your coats,
I rede you tent it;
A chiel's amang ye takin' notes,
And faith he'll prent it."

3 IN A CORNER.

CITY FEATURES.

AN ATTRACTION.

New Signs at Block & Co.'s Candy Establishment.

One of the most attractive store-fronts in the city is that of C. G. Block & Co., candy manufacturers and wholesale dealers in plain and fancy candies, fancy groceries, domestic and foreign fruits, nuts, toys, fancy goods, fire-works, etc., No. 105 Market street, between Third and Fourth. Three large and showy signs, painted by that unrivaled and popular artist, Charles P. Brenner, constitute the main feature of this imposing front. Of the two upper signs the lettering is of beautiful commercial script, and the lower one is of the bold, round Dunie order, all in gold leaf, with the background of solid black. They are designed and finished in Mr. Brenner's happiest style. While the work bespeaks in him a rare talent, it also indicates an enterprise on the part of Block & Co. fully in keeping with their great reputation.

☞ Wide-end ties, bows, Lisle thread, and gauze merino under-shirts, linen and cotton drawers, twelve different styles of white linen-bosom shirts, and other gents' furnishing goods, in endless variety, at J. Winter's, corner of Third and Market streets.

☞ Portland, Maine, designated by the poet Longfellow as "the beautiful town that is seated by the sea," is destined, says one of our exchanges, too become the great summer resort for the whole West and South. In its climate it has no superior, being situated on high and commanding ground and always favored with a cool and delightful breeze. With its magnificent landscapes and ocean views, pleasant drives both inland and sea-shore, beautiful harbor, with its accommodations, excellent fishing and sea bathing, cool and invigorating air, with city, sea-shore and country combined, it is truly one of the pleasantest sojourning places on the continent.

The new and favorite Falmouth Hotel therein opened by Messrs. Ramsay & Wheeler in June last, has already established a wide reputation as being one of the model hotels of the world. To those seeking a pleasant summer home, we advise a visit to Portland, and that they place themselves under the care of Messrs. Ramsay & Wheeler, of the Falmouth.

☞ A fresh supply of spring and summer coatings and cassimeres just received at the fashionable merchant tailor establishment of J. Winter, corner of Third and Market streets, second floor.

A Word to the Ladies.

Dora Schultz has opened her new emporium of fashion, 103 Fourth street, and the ladies are invited to call and examine her establishment. She has decidedly the choicest and most complete stock of ladies' goods in the city. Her facilities for supplying in advance the latest and newest styles is evidenced by the fact that she has a special agent employed in Paris, who keeps her advised and furnished with the newest facts and fancies in the way of fashions. The ladies have here a rare opportunity to keep up with the times.

☞ The "WILLIAMSON" shoulder brace at Green & Green's, an effective device for making the crooked straight.

Fresh Meats and Vegetables.

Mr. E. H. Vernon, who has, at the corner of Sixth and Chestnut, one of the best stocked family grocery stores in the city, has arranged to keep hereafter, at all times, a fresh supply of meats and vegetables, which will be the very best to be procured. The cellar he uses is light, clean and cool. This certainly will prove a great convenience to house-keepers in that portion of the city, and it is their interest to see that the enterprise is liberally patronized.

☞ Those elegant and at the same time cheap spring suits at J. Winter's, corner of Third and Market streets, are admired by all. Go and see them.

To Epicures.

That prince of caterers, Mr. James Carr, of the Spurrier House saloon, Sixth street, near Main, sets an extra lunch this morning at 10 o'clock, to which the public generally and his friends particularly are invited. The first course will consist of oyster and clam soups, which will be followed by the choicest meats and vegetables the market affords. The best of liquors and cigars will be found in abundance.

Wall Paper.

We notice our friends Fitch & Lindsey, on Fourth street, near Main, receiving large shipments of paper hangings. This firm has received this season some of the handsomest patterns the New York manufacturers can boast of. Their stock is complete, and we understand they are selling at remarkably low prices. Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Fine Lisle thread and zephyr undershirts at Green & Green's.

The Home Washing Machine.

Besides doing the washing in so short a time as to seem almost miraculous, it does it simply by currents of water passing through the goods, causing no wear to the fabric, and thus saving its cost many times a year in this way alone. We have tried it, and ought to know.

☞ The "STANDARD" shirt made to order at Green & Green's. A half dozen for $18.

Dry Goods.

The greatest bargains of the season in dry goods are now to be had at the great closing-out sale of the splendid stock of all kinds of dry goods at Trade Palace, corner of Fourth and Jefferson. See the large advertisement. Ladies, now is the time to lay in your summer goods.

The Fifty Cent Store

still flourishes. Crowds of ladies and gentlemen go there daily to make selections from the large and elegant stock of beautiful goods, at 50c for the choice of any article on exhibition.

Millinery.

Mrs. A. Nelson, No. 101½ Fourth street, has just opened a splendid stock of summer millinery, of the very latest Paris styles. Her goods are beautiful and the prices reasonable.

Turtle.

Sea green turtle just received, and will be served in all the various styles, at Walker's Exchange.

☞ We call attention of those wanting dry goods to the advertisement of Richard Isaacs, who is going to quit the business, and is selling out at cost.

☞ See Mrs. Roe & Grinnell's advertisement of dress-making in another column.

☞ The lady who took the lace collar and handkerchief, through mistake, from No. 124 Fourth street, on Tuesday evening, the 10th inst., will please return them immediately.

E. A. Pearson for the Legislature.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

As the time approaches for the election of Representatives to the lower house of the next General Assembly, citizens should select gentlemen who will reflect honor and credit upon our rapidly growing city; gentlemen who will wield an influence and command respect in the Legislature; gentlemen who will in the discharge of their duty look to the interests of the city at large as well as the ward represented; gentlemen who are identified with the true interests of the city, are those most desired by her citizens to represent them. In this connection while we do not wish to disparage the claims of those who are before the people, we would respectfully and most earnestly request our fellow-citizen E. A. Pearson to become a candidate for the Legislature from the Seventh District (Tenth Ward). Mr. Pearson has resided among us for many years. He is familiar with our citizens and is identified with the mechanical interests of our ward. He is the friend of the mechanic and laboring man, and, as such, they will find in him a gentleman worthy and able to protect their interests. Should Mr. Pearson consent to become a candidate he will be warmly supported by

MANY MECHANICS AND LABORING MEN OF THE TENTH WARD.

☞ Ex-Queen Isabella is supposed to be "hard up." Her mother, Maria Christina, has steadily refused to let her have any money, and few of the merchants who have sold goods to the royal family have been able to obtain payment of their bills. Father Claret, it is suspected, left Isabella because she had not money enough at her disposal.

Monetary and Commercial.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL,
SATURDAY EVENING, May 15, 1869.

In reviewing the market of the last week, we can see that there has been an improvement, although a slight one, toward a larger supply of currency. Borrowers are compelled to put forth the best efforts for the passage of their paper, and in the latter part of the week were in a degree successful. This gives a reassured hope that the anticipations of increasing funds, which we have on former occasions expressed, will soon be realized.

EXCHANGE—Has maintained its rates very well, when it is taken into consideration the great drawback in the small amount of cash funds. It is now quoted as buying at 50@75c discount and selling at par to 1-10 premium.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.—Are but little asked for in this market. The prices are firm and advancing. The annexed table gives the advances in each series for the week beginning May 10 and closing May 15, 1869, inclusive:

Five-twenties, 1861, advanced	2¼ per cent
Five-twenties, 1862, "	1⅜ "
Five-twenties, 1864, "	1⅜ "
Five-twenties, 1865, "	1 "
Five-twenties, 1865, "	1⅛ "
Five-twenties, 1867, "	1⅛ "
Five-twenties, 1868, "	1⅛ "
Ten-forties, "	⅞ "

The following are the closing quotations of the market:

	Buying.	Selling.
Five-twenties, 1861	121	122
Five-twenties, 1862	120	121
Five-twenties, 1864	115½	116½
Five-twenties, 1865	116	117
Five-twenties, 1865, new	117½	118½
Five-twenties, 1867	117½	118½
Five-twenties, 1868	117½	118½
Ten-forties	108½	109½

The following shows the course of prices in New York for the past three days:

	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Adv.	Dec.
20's of 1861	120¾	121¼	123	¾	..
5-20's of 1862	120¾	120	121	1-10	..
5-20's of 1864	115½	116	116½	⅜	..
5-20's of 1865	116½	116½	117	⅜	..
5-20's of 1865, new	118	118½	118½	⅜	..
5-20's of 1867	118¼	118½	118½	⅜	..
5-20's of 1868	118	118½	118½	⅜	..
10-40's	108⅞	109	109½	⅜	..

Gold and silver have both been very freely offered. The brokers have bought very freely on liberal margins. The demand here was very light and the express companies report large shipments. This is sold upon arrival in New York, and the proceeds go towards supplying the exchange market. The prices have fluctuated but the tendency has been upward, the total advance being 2 per cent.

The following is an exhibit of the fluctuations in the gold premium during the week ending this evening:

	Opened.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closed.
10th	137⅜	137⅞	137⅜	137⅞
11th	137⅞	138⅜	137⅞	138⅜
12th	138⅜	138⅞	138⅜	138⅞
13th	138⅞	139⅜	138⅞	139⅜
14th	139⅜	139⅞	139⅜	139⅞
15th	139⅞	139⅞	139⅜	139⅞

RECAPITULATION.

Opened Monday	137⅜
Highest	139⅞
Lowest	137⅜
Closed Saturday	139⅝

The following are the closing rates in the market for gold and silver:

	Buying.	Selling.
Gold	138⅜	139½
Silver halves and quarters	130	
Silver dimes	129	

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS.—Locals have all been very quiet. Small sales have been made from day to day, which in the aggregate would make good sums. Beyond this it may be considered as very dull.

Messrs. MORTON, GALT, & Co., bankers, No. 153 Main street, quote as follows:

STOCKS.

National Bank, first	118 @120
National Bank, second	94 @ 95
National Bank, Planters'	94 @ 95
National Bank, City	98 @100
Bank of Kentucky	123 @124
Bank of Louisville	95 @ 96½
Merchants' Bank	123 @124
Commercial Bank	81½ @ 82½
Northern Bank	118 @120
Citizens' Bank	114 @115
People's Bank	103 @104
Mechanics' bank	101 @102
West'n Fin'cial Corption bank (new)	94 @ 95
Falls City Tobacco bank	98 @100
Masonic bank	102 @103
Security bank	100 @102
Louisville Insurance Company bank	109 @110
Farmers' bank	98 @100
Western Insurance Company bank	121 @122
German Insurance Company bank	150 @151
Gas Company stock	103 @104
L. & F. R. R. (preferred)	100 @101
L. & F. R. R. (common)	65 @ 68½
Jeff., Mad., & Ind. R. R.	98 @ 99
Louisville & Nashville R. R.	65½ @ 66½

BONDS.

City for street improvements	75 @ 77
City for bounty	75 @ 77
City for school purposes	78½ @ 79½
City for Jeff. Railroad	78 @ 79
City for L. and N. Railroad, M. S.	78 @ 79
City for L. and N. Railroad, L. B.	78 @ 79
City for wharf, new	78 @ 79
City for wharf, old	82 @ 85
City for water-works, old	78 @ 79½
City for water-works, new	78½ @ 79
Water-works bonds	79 @ 80
Canal bonds, first issue	94 @ 95
" " second issue	90 @ 93
" " third issue	77 @ 78
" " fourth issue	76 @ 78
Kentucky State bonds, old	90 @100
" " " new	92 @ 94
Jeffersonville Railroad bonds, old	92 @ 94
" " " new	79 @ 80½
L. & F. R. R. bonds (C branch)	— @ 85*
" " " (M. S.)	96 @ 98
" " " (L. E. br.)	91 @ 92
" " " (M. br.)	94 @ 96
" " " con'd mort.	— @ 90
City for Elizabethtown & Paducah RR	— @ 85*
Ohio River Bridge Company	— @100*

The following quotations show the course of prices in the New York market for the past three days:

	Thurs.	Friday	Sat.
New York Central	180½	182½	181½
Reading	96⅞	96¾	96½
Michigan Southern	106½	107	106½
Cleveland and Pittsburg	93	92⅝	93½
Chicago and Rock Island	128½	128½	137¼
Northwestern, common	91½	91½	91½
" preferred	102½	102½	102
Fort Wayne	155½	155½	155½
W. U. Telegraph Company	43½	44½	44½

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

for the week ending May 15, 1869, and for the last twenty-four hours, by the Frankfort, Nashville, Jeffersonville, and New Albany Railroads, and by the river. (Furnished by the Board of Trade.)

Articles.	Imports for the last 24 hours.	Exports for the last 24 hours.	Imports for the week.	Exports for the week.
Apples, bbls	..	2	144	29
Butter, pkgs	20	..	277	80
Bacon, tcs	27	177	273	674
Bacon, casks	72	138	388	630
Bale rope, coils	4	64	20	170
Bagging, pcs	50	30	1254	381
Barley, sks	1	..	100	25
Bulk meats, lbs	7880	690	71226	3330
Cement, bbls	225	2499	2092	10651
Cheese, bxs	..	20	322	261
Candles, bxs	126	58	195	215
Coffee, bgs	..	156	285	646
Corn, bgs	474	20	4479	538
Cotton, bales	287	224	1647	1789
Fruit, dried, pks	9	10	138	178
Eggs, bbls	34	10	330	70
Flour, bbls	329	758	2455	2614
Furniture, pkgs	257	307	1234	1525
Feathers, bags	17	9	123	17
Hay, bales	51	25	967	787
Horses, head	25	20	240	107
Hogs, head	20	496	1898	696
Hides, bls	33	..	484	338
Iron, pig, tons	300	4	1063	61
Iron, bls & pcs	327	1984	6523	6225
Lard, tcs	5	23	91	379
Lard, kegs	22	136	187	685
Malt, sks	..	..	15	55
Mdse, pkgs	761	1198	6004	6350
Mules, head	36	63	60	135
Nails, kegs	4	155	629	570
Oats, sks	26	..	249	11
Offal, sks	..	..	524	2
Potatoes, bbls	10	160	523	897
Rags, bags	100	..	506	4
Rye, sks	625	..	2404	66
Seeds, bags	..	19	279	105
Tobacco, hhds	178	230	1507	1150
Tobacco, bxs	63	238	413	1217
Whisky, bbls	87	255	499	1290
Wool, bags	48	15	338	15

Weekly Review of the Markets.

ALE AND BEER—A moderate business is reported in the various brands of ale and beer, and prices are steady. Dealers are selling Madison ale at $13 per bbl and $6 50 per half bbl. Madison ale in bottles $1 40 per dozen, with discounts to the trade. Lager beer is held at $12@13 per barrel.

APPLES—Sales during the week have been about equal to receipts, and prices have remained unchanged. We quote common $6, prime $7@8, choice $9 per bbl.

BAGGING AND ROPE—All the transactions we have to report in these commodities during the week have been between manufacturers and dealers, and prices continue steady. Stocks are steadily increasing, and the amount in sight of hemp, flax, and India is ample to cover the probable crop of cotton. We quote 2-lb Kentucky bagging at 22@23c; 1¾ lb Kentucky bagging at 16@16½c; machine rope at 8½@8¾c, and hand rope at 6¾@8c for common to choice.

BEESWAX—Is in good request, and prime lots find ready sale at from 38@42c per lb.

BATTING—Is in good supply and steady. Sales are made of No. 1 Cannelton batting at 30@31c; Maysville No. 1 batting at 27@28c; Maysville tissue at 30@31c.

BROOMS—Stocks are barely equal to the requests of the trade and prices rule very firm. We quote at $4 50@6 per dozen, according to quality.

BROOM CORN—We have no sales to report, and the market is bare, but there is quick sale for all that offers, and prices are firm at $3@3 50 per ton.

BEANS—Dealers report a very light demand, with limited sales on arrival at from $1@1 25, and from store at $1 50@2 00 per bushel, for strictly choice white navy.

BARK—Tanners are paying $9@10 per cord for chestnut oak.

BUTTER—Country butter is selling readily at 30 to 35c for good to prime, with sales of inferior at 24@25c. Ohio tub butter is held at 40@42c. New York is in light supply, and nominal.

COTTON YARNS—Stocks are large with liberal sales, and prices have undergone no quotable change during the week. We quote No. 500 at 19@21c, No. 600 at 17@19c, No. 700 at 15@17c per dozen, with occasional sales of outside brands at ½c lower; pound yarns at 40@42c. Carpet chain is selling at 42@44c for white, and 47@50c for colored per lb, and candlewick is steady at 42@44c.

CANDLES—There is a lighter but steady demand for star and tallow candles, and prices are steady. We quote at 21@22c for full weight star, and 15½@16½c for 12-oz. Tallow candles are steady at 14@15c per lb.

CORN MEAL—Transactions are confined principally to the local trade, and the demand is chiefly for bolted, which is steady at 75@80c per bushel, loose. Light sales kiln-dried, for shipment, are reported at $4@4 25 per bbl.

CEMENT—Is in good demand, with sales at $1 25@1 50 per bbl. We note sales to-day of 800 barrels at $1 25.

CHEESE—There has been a fair demand for Western Reserve, with liberal receipts. Factory is selling quite freely, and stocks are ample and prices a shade lower. We quote Western Reserve at 18@18c and factory at 19@20c. Pine-apple is steady at 28@30c.

COAL—The supply is large and prices rule low. Some sales are reported by barge-load at 10½c, though generally held at higher figures; sales are made at $4 per load of 25 bushels for Pittsburg, but in lots of from 100 to 300 bushels slight concessions are made.

CORDAGE—Dealers report prices steady. We quote Manilla at 22@23c; jute, 15@17c; hemp 15@17c. Cotton is firm and in fair demand at 42@44c per pound.

COOPERAGE—We have no change whatever to report in this department of trade. The demand is only moderate and with the exception of a demand for beef barrels for the Texas trade but little is doing. We quote iron hoop Bourbon barrels at $3 25; wood hoop (16-hoop) highwine bbls $1 80; oil bbls $2; pork bbls $1 30; lard tierces $1 50; ham tierces $1; bacon hhds $2 25; queensware tierces 75c; flour bbls 50c; half whisky bbls, iron hoop, $1 80; half whisky bbls, wood hoop, $1 25; ten gallon whisky kegs 90c; five gallon whisky kegs 80c.

CANNED GOODS—A fair demand for goods under this head is reported and prices are steady. We quote oysters, 1-lb, $1 45@1 60; oysters, 2-lb, $2 50@3 60; oysters, spiced, $4 50@5 25; lobsters, 1-lb, $2 25@3 40; lobsters, 2-lb, $3 50; damsons, 2-lb, $4; green corn, 2-lb, $3 50@4; green peas, $3 25; salmon 1-lb, $3 50; peaches, 2-lb, $4@4 25; strawberries, $3 50@4; strawberries, 3-lb, $3 25; pineapples, $4 50@5; cherries $4@4 50; blackberries, $3; raspberries, $4 50; currants, $3; whortleberries, $3 35; gooseberries, $2; pears, $3 50; plums, $5. Glass—Brandy peaches, $5 50; brandy cherries, $6; tomatoes, 2-lb, $2 50@3 75; jellies, $2 50@7 50; preserves, assorted $4@10; Worcestershire sauce, pints and half pints, $5 25@9 75; do imported, $8; catsups, tomato, $1 25@2 50; do walnut, $3 25; pie fruit, assorted, $4; pickles, American, $2 50@3 25; do English, $4 90@5 25.

DRIED FRUIT—Receipts during the past week have been upon a limited scale, and the season for activity has passed. Some lots, however, are selling, and prices are firm at quotations. We continue to quote apples at 12½c; quarter peaches at 11@13c; half peaches at 15@16c, and peeled peaches at 11@20c per lb on arrival.

EGGS—The market is well supplied, and prices are steady, at 14@15c per dozen on arrival in lots, shippers' count.

FLAXSEED—There is very little offering now and prices are nominal at $2 15 per bushel for prime seed.

FEATHERS—Continue in good demand, and fair to prime lots meet with quick sale at from 82@84c per lb.

FISH—Dealers report prices steady with a moderate demand, and stocks ample for the requirements of the trade. We quote:

Mackerel, No. 1, new, medium	$26 50@27 50
Do No. 1, do do hf bbl	13 50@14 00
Do No. 2, large, bbl	21 50@22 50
Do No. 2, do hf bbl	11 00@12 00
Do No. 2, medium	19 00@21 00
Do No. 2, do half bbl	10 00@11 00
Do No. 3, large	16 00@17 50
Do No. 3, do half bbl	9 00@ 9 50
Do No. 1, kits	3 00@ 3 10
Do No. 2, kits	2 65@ 2 75
Do No. 3, kits, family	2 10@ 2 20
White fish, half bbl	9 00@ 9 50

FOREIGN FRUITS—There is a fair demand for oranges and lemons, and prices are steady, with fair stocks. Raisins are in request and steady. We quote figs, new, per lb, 19@18c; currants, Zante, new, 15@18c; raisins, M. R., $3 50; do. new, $3 65; raisins, layer, new, $3 50@3 75; prunes, new per lb, 15@20c; lemons, per box, $8 50@9; oranges, per box, $10@11; dates, per lb, 13@14c; citron, 32@33c; Texas pecans, 20@23c; Kentucky pecans, 15@18c; filberts, 17c; walnuts, 18@20c; Brazils, 18c; peanuts, 9@10c; H. S. almonds, 22@25c; almonds, 20@30c.

GINSENG—As yet but little is arriving, and we have no sales to report. Prices are nominally unchanged, and we quote from 70@75c per lb for new and 80c for old.

GUNNY BAGS—The market is quiet, and we quote prices nominal at 20@20½c for bales and 22@22½c for resewed.

GRAIN BAGS—Are in seasonable supply and steady. We quote 3-bushel, 43@47c; 2½-bushel, 33@35c; 3¾-bushel, 63@65c.

HAY—A brisk trade characterized the early part of the week with fair receipts. The demand has slackened somewhat, and dealers have made slight concessions for round lots. We note sales of 40 bales at $22; 3 car loads at the depot at $20 50. We quote on the wharf, choice $22@22 50, prime $21@22, inferior $18@19, red top $17@19 50. From store, choice timothy $25, medium $21@22, red top $21@22.

HIDES—Prices are steady, and prime lots meet with quick sale at full prices. We quote green-salted at 11@11½c; dry-salted at 20@21c; dry flint at 24@25c; sheep [illegible] at 40c@$1 00.

HOPS—The market is reported quiet and prices nominal at from 10@15c per lb.

IRON COTTON TIES—Stocks are fair and accumulating, but sales are between manufacturers and dealers, and prices not given; we quote nominally at 8½@9c per lb.

IRON AND STEEL—A fair trade is reported, through transactions are for jobbing lots and prices are steady. We quote:

Bar, lb S C	4	Steel—	
Bar, R C	4	Cast, per lb	20@25
Hoop, cooper's	5	Amer'n blis.	15@17
Sheet	5 @ 5½	German	12@15
Boiler	6½@ 8	Plow slabs	10
Nail rod	9 @	Iron plow w'gs	6½
Castings	4 @ 5½	Steel do	11@11½
Pulleys	5 @ 6	Iron plow slabs	6

LIME—Is in good demand, with sales to-day of 1,000 bbls at $1 per bbl.

IRON, PIG—Is in good demand, and receipts are readily taken at full prices. We note a sale of 350 tons at $52. We quote hot blast charcoal iron per ton—No. 1 foundry $42@45; No. 1 mill $40@41; No. 2 foundry $40@41; Tennessee $40@41; cold blast Tennessee $50@60; car wheel $50@55; Alabama $45@50; Red River car wheel $60@65.

LEAD AND SHOT—Prices are steady. We quote pig lead 10½@11c; bar 11@11½c; patent shot $3 15@3 25; buck do $3 40@3 50.

LEATHER—Dealers report the market quiet and firm. The stocks are fully equal to the requirements of the trade. We quote:

Oak sole tan	43@45	French calf pr dz	$50@86
Hemlock sole	28@34	Phil's calf pr dz	45@55
Buffalo slaut'r	34@37	Hogskins	12@16
Harness	40@46	Eng. hog skins	
Skirting	40@45	each	5@12
Kipskin city lb	70@1 25	Calf scatings per	
Calf city	1 40@1 50	doz	34@60
Bridles per doz	36@42	Enam'd leather	
Upper per doz	45@52	per foot	24@28c

LUMBER—The demand is only moderate and dealers are well supplied. We quote rough:

Pine lumber, clear 1 inch, per M	$ 70 80
do 1¼ and 2 inches	70 00@75 00
do Second rate, 1 inch	60 00
do 1½ and 2 inch	60 00
do Third rate	30 00
Common pine lumber	30 00
Fencing	22 00
Hemlock lumber	15 00@18 00
Poplar	25 00@30 00
Flooring, clear and 2d, rate, per M	60 00@65 00
do Third rate	42 50
do Common	30 00
Hemlock flooring	30 00
Siding and weather-boarding, third rate, rough, per M	25 00
Third rate, dressed, per M	30 00
Shingles, 18 inch No. 1 pine, per M	6 50
do 16-inch pine, per M	6 00
do 16-inch poplar, per M	3 50@ 4 00

POSTS AND LATHS.

Cedar posts, 8 feet long	$ 35
Poplar laths, 4 feet long, sawed	3 00
Poplar laths, 4 feet long, cut	2 75

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—The sales during the past week have been fully up to the expectation of dealers, and prices on all the leading popular brands, of which stocks are ample, are fully maintained. We quote:

Va. extra lbs, in fancy pkgs	$1 05 @1 10
Va. fine bright	80 @ 90
Va. medium bright	70 @ 80
Va. common and mahogany, new	62½@ 70
Va. fine light-pressed and 10-inch	1 00 @ 65
Va. medium light-pressed	65 @ 65
Va. fancy roll and twist	75 @ 85
Va. pancake and fig	80 @ 90
Ky. fine bright, lbs	75 @ 80
Ky. medium and mahogany	60 @ 65
Ky. and Mo. ½ lbs and 10s, bright	65 @ 75
Ky. and Mo. ½ lbs and 10s, medium	60 @ 65
Ky. black sweet, ½ lbs and long 10s	62 @ 65
Ky. navy, ½ lbs, in caddies	65 @ 70
Ky. navy, lbs, in buts	65 @ 68

SMOKING.

Gold leaf	$ [illegible]
Favorite	[illegible]
No name	[illegible]
Bach Derling	[illegible]
Fruits and Flowers, in drums	[illegible]
Fruits and Flowers, in squares	[illegible]
Lone Jack	[illegible]
Andy Johnson	[illegible]
Big Lick, in 1, ½ and ¼ lb pkgs	[illegible]
Uncle Bob Lee	[illegible]
Brown Dick	[illegible]

NAILS—There have been liberal sales during the week and prices were steady. We quote 10d at $4, 8d at $4 75, 6d at $[illegible], 4d at $5 50@5 60. Horse-shoe nails—Putnam, 37@38c; Russell, 28@35c; Foster, 28@30c; pressed, 25@28½c; city-made, 35@40c.

OFFAL—A moderate local demand is reported and prices are unchanged. We quote bran at $15@16; shorts, $19@20; shipstuff, $23@24; middlings, $30@31; feed meal, $34 per ton.

OILS—We have no change to report in oils, and dealers report prices steady with a fair jobbing demand. We quote linseed oil at $1 15@1 16 for raw and boiled. Coal oil steady at 34@36c; benzine at 18@20c; No. 1 lard oil $1 40, No. 2 at $1 25; pure at $1 55; lubricating oil at 35@55c.

PEANUTS—Prices are steady with a fair demand, and sales are made in lots at from 8½ to 9½c per lb.

POTATOES—Receipts of new potatoes have made their appearance and are selling at $8 per bbl. Old potatoes are dull and nominal, prices ranging from 90c to $1 on the wharf, to $1 25@1 50 from store.

RICE—Is in fair supply. We quote Louisiana at 9½@10c; Carolina at 10½@10½c.

SEEDS—The demand is light and prices nominal. Hungarian and millet seed are held at from $1 75 to 1 85 per bush.

SOAP—Is firm, with liberal sales by manufacturers and dealers. We quote German No. 1 at 8½@9c, No. 2 at 7½@8c, rosin at 6½@7½c, and palm at 7½@8c.

SALT—The stocks are seasonably large and prices are steady. We quote Kanawha and Ohio river at $2 80@3 per bbl for 7-bush bbls, $2 25@2 45 for 280-lb bbls, or 40@43c per bush; dairy salt at $3 25@3 50 per bbl.

STRAW—Is in fair request and ranges at from $13 to $15 per ton from levee and store.

STARCH—Prices are steady, with sales of standard brands at 6½@7½c per lb.

SPIRITS—The market rules strong with a fair demand. We quote alcohol at $1 95@2; cologne spirits, $1 05@1 15; pure spirits, proof, $1 05@1 10; foreign Scotch and Irish whiskies, $4 50@6.

GINS—Old Tom gin, $1 25@1 35; Variot's Scheidam Schnapps, $1 25@1 35; Columbia, $1 50@1 75; foreign gins, $4 50@6.

BRANDIES—Domestic, $1 50@2; peach brandy, $4 50@6; apple brandy, $2 50@3; Catawba brandy, $4@4 50; blackberry brandy, $1 25@2 25; raspberry brandy, $1 50@1 75; brandy schnapps, per case, $8 50; cognac brandies, $7 50@15.

RUMS—St. Croix rum, $3 75@8; New England rum, $2@3; foreign rums, $4 50@8.

WINES—Port wine, $2@2 50; sherry wine, $2@2 50; ginger wine, $1 45@2; blackberry wine, $1 75@2 50; raspberry wine, $1 75@2 50; claret wine, $4 50@12 per case.

TALLOW AND GREASE—Receipts are moderate, and we quote buying tallow at 10@10½c and grease at 6@8c per lb.

WOOL—Is coming forward liberally, and dealers are buying at quotations. We quote at 30@34c for short or clothing wool, and 33@39c for combing wool, unwashed; 45@50c for washed.

WHITE LEAD—We quote strictly prime at 13½@14c; second quality 8@12c.

WOODEN WARE—Dealers are well supplied and prices are steady. We quote No. 1 tub, dozen, $11@12 50; No. 2 do, $10@11; No. 3 do, $9 50@10; buckets, painted, $2 60@2 75; cedar, iron-bound, $20@27; brass-bound, $25@27; churns, No. 1, $11; do No. 2, $10; do No. 3, $9; assorted $12.

WINDOW GLASS—The market is unchanged in every respect. The following are the card rates, from which a discount of 45@50 per cent is made to the trade:

6x8 and 8x10	$6 50	20x30 and 24x30	$12 00
8x14 and 10x10	7 00	20x40 and 24x38	13 00
10x14 and 12x18	8 00	25x36 and 30x44	15 00
12x18 and 18x20	9 00	20x45 and 32x44	16 00
12x22 and 18x30	10 00		

WHISKY—The market closes firm for raw at 95@96c, tax paid. We note sale 100 bbls old Kentucky, new copper, on private terms, 75 bbls Woodcock at $1 40, free; 50 bbls one-year old copper at $1 80, free. We quote rectified at $1@1 20; new steam copper at 70@80c, in bond; one year old Bourbon at $2@2 25, free; two year old Bourbon at $2 50@2 75, free.

Louisville Grocery Market.

There has been a moderate demand for goods in this department of trade since the date of our last weekly review of the markets, and prices have been fully maintained, with a slight advance, occasioned by the advance and firmness in the gold premium.

COFFEE—The market closes firm for all grades, and we quote Rio choice 26¾@27½c; prime 25@25½c; fair 22@23c; common 20@21c. Java is steady at 35@36c.

SUGARS—A moderate jobbing demand is all that we have to report, and the market closes firm. We quote New Orleans, common, at 12@12½, fair 12¾@13½c, fully fair 14¼@14½c, prime 15¼@15½c, choice 15¾@16c. Demarara is steady, with sales of choice at 15½@16c. Hard standard is firm at 17½@18c. White Havana is steady at 16@16½c. We quote As at 16½@16½c, Bs at 16@16½c, extra Cs 15½@16½c, circle Cs 15½@16c, yellow sugar at 14@15c.

MOLASSES—Is in fair supply and New Orleans ranges from 75@85c for fair to choice.

SIRUPS—Are steady at $1 10 for silver drips, 75@85c for golden drips, and from 55@65c for common quality.

Louisville Provision Market.

The prevailing feature of the provision trade during the past week has been that of quietness. The consumptive demand has been only moderate, and prices have been irregular, with a tendency to reduced quotations for bacon and lard. The unquestioned facts in regard to short crops and light stocks have not been sufficiently potential to create a speculative demand, and transactions are based upon the actual requirements of consumers. We note sales to-day of 80 casks bacon at 16¾@17c for clear rib sides, 13½c for shoulders and 17½c for clear sides; 23 tierces hams at 18@19½c for plain to fancy sugar-cured; 10 tierces lard at 18½c; 10 bbls mess pork at $31 25. We quote: Mess pork $31 25@31 50; rump pork $26 50@27 50.

BACON—Clear sides 17@17¼c; clear rib sides 16½@16¾c; shoulders 13½@13¾c; breakfast bacon 19@19½c.

HAMS—Fancy sugar-cured 19@19½c; plain 18@18½c.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides 15c; clear rib sides 15½c; shoulders 12½c.

LARD—Tierce, prime leaf, 18@18½c; keg 19¼@20c.

Louisville Flour and Grain Market.

FLOUR—There has been a fair local demand during the week and prices have undergone no quotable change. Dealers report fair stocks of all the grades, with fair though not large transactions for shipment to various interior points South. Telegraphic and mail advices give no assurances of any immediate improvement either in demand or price, and the probabilities now are that quotations will rule low. Sales to-day reported amount to 450 barrels assorted grades, and we continue our quotations: Fine, $4 75@5; superfine, $5@5 50; extra, $5 75@6; extra family, $6 25@6 50; A No. 1, $7@8 25; fancy, $8 50@9 25; rye flour, $7 50@7 75.

GRAIN—Dealers report the market devoid of animation, with but little doing except to supply the local demand. In the various descriptions of malt there has been a fair demand at full prices. Rye is steady, with daily sales of limited importance. Oats are reported firm with sales on advanced figures. There is very little doing in wheat and receipts are unimportant. Corn is in moderate request for distilling, and prices are steady. The sales to-day reported included 300 bushels ear corn at 65c, from store; 400 bushels shelled corn at 67c; 200 bushels oats at 71c, from store; 100 bushels rye malt at $1 55; 200 bushels rye at $1 47. We quote: Wheat, red and white, $1 30@1 50; corn, bulk, shelled, 65@70c; corn, bulk, ear, 60@63c; oats, bulk, 70@72c; rye, prime, $1 45@1 48; barley, No. 1, spring, $2; barley, No. 2, spring, $1 60@1 75; barley, No. 1, fall, —; malt, No. 1, fall, $2 50@2 60; malt, No. 1, spring, $2 25; malt, No. 2, spring, $2 10@2 15; rye malt, $1 50@1 60; corn malt, $1 10; oat malt, —; Canada malt, $2 35@2 40.

Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

The market during the past week has been active and firm, and prices have been fully maintained, desirable qualities commanding outside figures. We continue to quote:

Factory trash, common to good	$ 4 50@ 6 00
Factory lugs, common to good	6 00@ 8 00
Planters' lugs, common to good	6 00@ 6 50
Planters' leaf, good to fine	10 50@15 50

CLARKSVILLE AND WESTERN DISTRICT GROWTH.

Lugs, common to good	$ 5 75@ 7 50
Leaf, common to medium	7 50@10 00
Leaf, good to medium	10 00@15 00
Leaf, selections	16 00

CUTTING LEAF.

Lugs, common to good	$6 00@ 8 00
Leaf, common to medium	9 00@12 00
Leaf, good to fine	12 00@20 00

MANUFACTURING LEAF.

	Dark.	Bright.
Fillers, common to good	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wrappers, com'n to med'm	[illegible]	[illegible]
" good to fine	[illegible]	[illegible]
" selections	17	[illegible]

SALES—The following is an exhibit of the sales of the six auction warehouses for the week ending this evening, and for the current tobacco year:

Houses.	Sales for the week.	Sales for current tobacco y'r.
Pickett	[illegible]	5,610
Farmers'	[illegible]	1,888
Ninth street	[illegible]	2,606
Boone	157	2,799
Louisville	[illegible]	1,941
Planters'	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hhds	1,196	19,681

The sales to-day amounted to 106 hhds. with rejections of bids on 4 hhds, the market closing firm and buoyant.

The Pickett house sold 35 hhds at $4 80 for trash to $16 50 for Owen county leaf.

The Farmers' house sold 19 hhds at $5 60 for lugs to $11 75 for lightweight leaf.

The Ninth street house sold 23 hhds at $3 10 for scraps to $11 25 for medium leaf.

The Boone house sold 17 hhds at $3 50 for common lugs to $16 for Owen county cutting leaf.

The Louisville house sold 13 hhds at $4 for frosty trash to $11 75 for Logan county leaf.

RANGE OF BIDS—The following is the full range of bids:

One hhd at $16@16 50, 1 hhd at $15 and 15 25, 2 hhds at $13@13 75, 3 at $12@12 50, 3 at $11@11 75, 14 at $10@10 75, 14 at $9@9 50, 13 at $8@8 95, 21 at $7@7 90, 18 at $6@6 95, 3 at $5@5 95, 4 at $4@4 95, 1 at $3@3 10.

Louisville Cotton Market.

There has been a fair trade done in cotton since the date of our last weekly review of the market, and stocks have been considerably reduced, the number of bales reported to-day in the five principal warehouses being about 1,300.

The New York 3 P. M. dispatch reported cotton quiet but steady. Sales 450 bales for spinning, 380 for speculation, 310 for export, 530 for transit. Net receipts for the week at all the United States ports were 21,830 bales; exports for the week from the United States ports to Great Britain were 24,074 bales; exports of the week from all the United States ports to the continent were 73,600 bales. The stock on hand and on ship board not yet cleared at all the United States ports is 214,785 bales.

The sales reported to-day in this market amount to 136 bales, as follows: 53 bales middling at 26¼c; low middling at 25½c; good ordinary at 24c and ordinary at 23c; 22 bales good ordinary and low middling at 25c; 25 bales ordinary at 23c; 27 bales low middling at 25¼c; good ordinary at 24c and ordinary at 23c.

Louisville Dry Goods Market.

The market during the past week has been quiet, though dealers report a fair amount of business on orders and prices have ruled steady, though we note slightly lower quotations in a few brands of brown and bleached sheetings; stocks are still fully up to the requirements of the trade, embracing the fullest range of qualities and styles. We quote:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.		Amoskeag	32½
Appleton A	15	PRINTED CHALLIES.	
G't Western	15	Manchester	21
Anchor	15	Imperial	21
Penn Mills	15	PAPER CAMBRICS.	
Laurel Hill	15	English	12½@13
Macon	14½	Portland	12
Tallassa	15	[illegible] GOODS.	
Kennedale	15	Leno Checks	25@27½
Osnaburgs, 7-8	15	Grenadines	35@50
do 4-4	15	Mozambiques	23@25
Pepperell E, fine	15	Crape Marets	37½@75
do R	14	Printed lawns	20@45
do O	13	Solid colors	35@45
do N	12	PRINTS.	
BLEACHED.		Allens	12
Blackstone	16	[illegible]	11½
Hope	14	Cocheco	13½
Langdon, 36 inch	18	Dunnels A	12
do 34 inch	15	Lon. mourning	12
Lonsdale	18	Merrimac D	13½
Wamsutta	30	Pacific	13
N. Y. Mills	30	Spragues Fancy	13
Pepperell 6-4	32	Victory	10½
do 8-4	30	Bedford	10
do 9-4	32½	American	12
do 10-4	40	Arnolds	10@11
do 11-4	45	Duncan	10
TICKINGS.		Hamilton	12@12½
Conestoga, ex'd	32	Lancaster	12
do extra	29	Merrimac W	15
Everett	32	Richmonds	12
Falls City	27½	Spragues fancy	13½
do A	25	Wamsutta	12
do AA	28	COBURG JEANS.	
do AAA	30	Bates	32
Minnehaha	37½	Pepperell	30
STRIPES.		Amoskeag	35@37
Amoskeag	25	do satin	35
Albany	25	SPOOL COTTON.	
American	25	Clark's 6-cord	90
BROWN DRILLS.		do enameled	90
Pepperell	17½	Stafford Bros	80
Stark	17½	Brooks	1 00
Winthrop	16@17	Green & Daniels	80
DENIMS.		Gower's	85
Orden A brown	30	J. & P. Coats	90
Albany blue	15	Hadley	90
Amoskeag	35½	Willimantic, 6 cd	90
GINGHAMS.		do enameled	90
Glasgow	17½	Orr & McNaught	1 00
Hartford	17	WORSTED BRAIDS.	
Lancaster	18	Ocean colors	85
Scotch	22½	High colors, No. 50	40
CANTON FLANNEL.		JEANS.	
Hamilton brown	22½	Kentucky	30@40
		Eastern	25@30

Louisville Drug Market.

We have but few changes to note in our quotations, and business in this department of trade, though partaking of the general apathy, is not dull, and dealers generally express themselves satisfied with the amount of business done during the season. We quote:

Alum	$ 5½@ 6½
Calomel, lb	1 00 @ 1 20
Camphor, lb	1 00 @ 1 20
Cochineal, lb	1 00 @ 1 20
Chloroform, lb	1 00 @ 1 20
Copperas, bbls, lb	2¼@ 3
Copperas, kegs, lb	3 @ 4
Cream Tartar, pure	50 @ 60
Gum Opium, lb	12 00 @ 12 50
Indigo, lb	1 25 @ 1 50
Licorice, Calab, lb	40 @ 50
Magnesia, carb., 2 oz., lb	40 @ 45
Morphine, P. & W., oz	9 50 @ 10 00
Madder, lb	15 @ 16
Oil, Castor, No. 1, gal	2 75 @ 3 00
Oil, Bergamot, gal	1 20 @ 1 30
Oil, Olive, gal	4 50 @ 5 00
Oil, sperm, gallon	2 25 @ 2 50
Oil, tannery, gallon	1 15 @ 1 20
Oil, bergamot, pound	7 00 @ 7 50
Oil, cassia, pound	5 00 @ 5 25
Oil, lemon, pound	7 00 @ 7 50
Quinine, P. & W., ounce	2 40 @ 2 50
Rosin, bbl	4 75 @ 5 00
Soap, castile, Fr	15 @ 18
Soda, bicarb, Newcastle, casks, lb	5 @ 7½
Soda, bicarb, American, casks, lb	5 @ 6
Soda, sal, pound	3½@ 4
Soda, ash, pound	4 @ 4½
Salts, epsom, pound	4 @ 5
Snuff, maccaboy, pound	80 @ 90
Snuff, Garrett's pack, gross	15 00 @ 16 00
Snuff, Garrett's bottles, dozen	5 00 @ 5 50
Sulphur, roll, pound	5 @ 6
Saltpeter, commercial, pound	13 @ 15
Saltpeter, pure, pound	23 @ 25
Turpentine, bbls, gallon	57 @ 60
Turpentine, cans, gallon	70 @ 75
Venetian red, English, bbls, lb	4¼@ 5
Venetian red, English, kegs, lb	5 @ 5½

Louisville Horse and Mule Market.

Auction and private sales at the stable of B. W. Jenkins, corner of Fifth and Green streets, Saturday, May 15, 1869:

Brown horse $37, dun mare $124 50, bay horse $90, sorrel horse $95, black horse $90, bay mare $82 50, bay horse $124, gray mare $57 50, pair large mules $350, bay horse $124, pair small mules $120, bay mare $145.

The following are the sales made by Elias Levi, at his daily auction and sale stable, Seventh and Market streets, for the week ending May 15, 1869:

Bay mare $65, brown horse $190, black mare $22 50, bay mare $85, gray horse $40, brown horse $145, bay horse $75, brown horse $94, brown mare $75, brown horse $34, brown mare $75, black mare $25, bay horse $25, dun horse $65, black pony $65, black mare $70, sorrel horse $72 50, gray horse $140, bay horse $40, bay mare $54 50, bay mare $75, bay horse $120, bay mare $80, sorrel horse $22 50, bay mare $119 50, brown horse $35, gray mare $90, bay mare $70, brown poney $40.

New York Cattle Market.

[From the Journal of Commerce.]

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF ALL KINDS FOR THE WEEK.

	Beeves.	Cows.	Veals.	Sheep & Lambs.	Swine.
Nat'l Drove Yards	3,072	30	798	814	..
Hud. City D Yards	..	..	5	1,561	..
West End	1,234	..	..	..	..
N. J. Stock Yards	2,896	..	..	6,125	9,266
Chamberlin's	25	37	250	683	..
Hog Yards, 40th st	18	..	341	5,824	11,021
Forty-8th st	..	..	..	2,585	..
Sent butchers	..	..	1,500	500	..
Total	7,290	67	2,894	18,683	22,286
Last week	5,677	71	2,184	13,781	22,427
Corp'r week last year	5,132	92	2,554	12,067	24,003
Av. No. pr w last year	5,627	103	1,595	26,935	18,779

BEEVES FROM DIFFERENT STATES AT 100TH STREET, COMMUNIPAW AND WEST END.

New York	36	Texas and Cherokee	—
Pennsylvania	—	Connecticut	—
Ohio	365	Canada	40
Indiana	116	Kentucky	18
Illinois	5,125	Michigan	—
New Jersey	15	Iowa	100
Missouri	425	Massachusetts	—

REMARKS—It will be observed that the receipts have been very heavy, and, as a consequence, prices have given way ¼c per lb from this day week, after first advancing that much on Wednesday. We have had a good class of cattle, and, costing high both at the West and in transit here, owners have been losing "piles of money."

There was a strong market on Wednesday, with 1,900 on sale, but more than 2,000 were thrown into the yards on the following Friday, which broke the market. Yesterday there were 2,768 beeves on sale, but trade was very slow, and all could not be sold. It was a very hard market for owners. Butchers were well stocked up, and the weather was hot, so that few animals could be sold above 14c. The quality was very good.

In notes of individual sales it must be borne in mind that the droves at One Hundredth street were sold on Wednesday, when cattle were nearly 1c per lb higher than now.

The following are our quotations for Monday:

Prime cattle, per cwt	15 00@15 50
Medium to good qualities, per cwt	14 50@15 25
Poor, per cwt	14 00@14 50
Lowest grade, per cwt	11 00@13 00
General selling prices, per cwt	14 00@15 00
Average, per cwt	14 75

MILCH COWS—Very little trade is carried on in fresh cows at this season of the year, most persons having previously supplied themselves for the summer. None but good cows are wanted, and when these are sent in for sale, they bring good prices—$90@120. Some extra fine milkers, having beauty to recommend them, sell at fancy prices, or $ 10@125 per head. Common go at $45@60, and hang the longest.

VEAL CALVES—The arrivals are the largest of the season, and in consequence, are much lower in price, the best only bringing 11c to-day, with pretty good at 8c, and common at 5@6c. We note a sale of 85 at 7c per lb, with 142 which averaged $10 50 per head. They so slowly.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—The excitement of the week was all directed to the opening of a new market at Forty-eighth street, on the North river, where several of the salesmen and wholesale butchers have established a market of their own. The advent on opening was a grand affair, ending in a repast with music, speeches, &c. No one thought of buying sheep, so the market was extremely dull. Prices are without material change, though quite as high as last week; sheared sheep ranging from 6 to 8c, with a lot of 251 Ohio, 101 lbs, extra, at 8¼c; a car, 82 lbs, 7¼c, and a few State wool sheep—fine, 103 lbs, at 10c. Jersey spring lambs are much lower, selling at 9@15c, though few go above 14c. They are quite plenty.

The following are the sales reported for the week:

Hume & Elliott sold 2,736 sheep at an average of $6 21 each.

J. Kirby sold 3,582 sheep at $7 20.

Kase & Co. sold 665 sheep at $6 21 each, and 291 lambs averaging $3 16 per head.

SWINE—Receipts are large, and still we have a firm market at full prices, or 9¾@10½c per lb, with city dressed at 12½@13c. A car Ohio live hogs, 182 lbs, brought 9¾c; with some Illinois hogs, 168 lbs, at 10c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK AND MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 15—P. M.

Money market easy at 5@7 per cent on call loans, closing with 5 percent as the general rate, and 5 as an exceptional one. Prime discounts 9@[illegible].

[illegible] The decrease in specie is just about the week's exports. The heavy decrease in deposits is due to receipts of National bank notes from the interior.

BANK STATEMENT.

Loans	[illegible]
do increase	[illegible]
Specie	[illegible]
do decrease	[illegible]
Circulation	[illegible]
do decrease	[illegible]
Deposits	[illegible]
do increase	[illegible]
Legal Tenders	[illegible]
do increase	[illegible]

Sterling firm at 9½@9⅝ for sixty days, and 10½ for sight. [illegible]

The gold market was active and excited. Price opened at 138⅝, fell to 138¼, rose to 139⅞, and closed at 139⅝. [illegible] The carrying rates were [illegible] per cent.

The exports to-day were $[illegible], and for the week $[illegible].

Clearances at the gold exchange bank to-day were $[illegible].

Governments closed steady, but soon advanced and closed firm at the highest prices yet made. The continued supply of money is bringing new buyers into the market for currency bonds, and with the continuance of heavy importations are the causes of the upward turn. [illegible] Treasury [illegible]

Coupons [illegible]

State bonds quiet and unchanged.

[illegible]

The stock market during the morning was dull and rather heavy. [illegible] Reading [illegible]

The following were the closing prices:

[illegible]

Mining shares dull.

Copper at Boston—Copper Falls 5; Franklin 10; Hecla [illegible]; Hancock 4; Quincy 22.

Receipts at the Sub Treasury to-day	$[illegible]
Payments	[illegible]
Balance	[illegible]
Disbursements of coin interest to-day	[illegible]

IMPORTS FOR THE WEEK.

Dry goods	$1,[illegible]
General merchandise	4,[illegible]

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 15—P. M.

COTTON—Steady and less active; sales 2,800 bales at 28½c for middling uplands.

FLOUR—Receipts 3,272 bbls; market dull and 5@10c lower; sales 6,100 bbls at $5 25@5 85 for superfine State and Western; $5 90@6 30 for extra State; $6 [illegible] for extra Western; $[illegible] for white wheat extra; $[illegible] for round-hoop Ohio; $[illegible] for extra St. Louis; $[illegible] for good to choice do, closing dull. Rye flour quiet [illegible].

CORNMEAL—Quiet; sales 150 bbls Brandywine at $4 75.

WHISKY—Dull; sales 50 bbls Western at 95c for free.

GRAIN—Receipts, wheat none; market quiet, but [illegible]; sales [illegible] bush at $1 [illegible] for No 2 spring delivered, $1 [illegible] for amber Western, $1 [illegible] for white Michigan. Rye dull. Barley dull and drooping. Barley malt quiet. Receipts corn, [illegible]; market [illegible]; sales [illegible] bush at [illegible] for new mixed Western, [illegible] for old do in store, [illegible] for Western yellow. Receipts oats, [illegible] bush; market more steady; sales 51,000 bush at [illegible] for Western afloat.

COAL—Quiet.

[illegible]

GROCERIES—Rice quiet. Coffee dull, but steady. Sugar firm. [illegible]

PETROLEUM—Quiet at [illegible] for crude, and 32c for refined.

OILS—Linseed in fair request at [illegible].

PROVISIONS—[illegible] Pork [illegible] for new mess. Beef [illegible] Tierce beef dull. Cut meats [illegible]. Bacon [illegible]. Lard [illegible].

BUTTER—Heavy at [illegible] for Ohio, and [illegible] for State.

CHEESE—Firm at 15@22c.

FREIGHTS—To Liverpool firm for wheat per steamer.

METALS—Pig iron firm. Sheathing copper steady at 30c. Ingot copper firm and quiet at 23c for Baltimore and Lake Superior. [illegible]

LATER—5 P. M.

FLOUR—Closed dull and 5@10c lower.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and declining; shippers and millers [illegible]; sales [illegible] bush of No. 2 Milwaukee at $1 50 in store, [illegible] at $1 [illegible] for Western. Oats quiet at [illegible] for Western afloat. Corn quiet at [illegible] for new Western mixed, and 90c for old mixed Western in store.

PROVISIONS—Pork quiet at $31 for new mess. Beef steady and quiet. Cut meats steady and unchanged. Bacon nominal. Lard steady at 18½@18¾c for fair to prime.

WHISKY—Dull at 95@97c.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 15.

As usual toward the close of the week, the market is quiet and buyers favor buyers. We quote standard sheetings of the best makes at 15@16c, and heavy shirtings at 14c for goods like Cabot A and Augusta. The Bleached shirtings and sheetings are steady at 18c, and the better grades at 20c. Wamsutta brings 30c and the second Waterbed A 18c, and the A bring 16c. [illegible]

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, May 15—P. M.

EXCHANGE—Eastern firm at par to 1-10 discount buying, and 1-10 premium selling.

FLOUR—Quiet and steady. [illegible] spring extras.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and [illegible]; sales No. 1 at $1 [illegible], No. 2 at $1 [illegible]; closing at [illegible] for No 1 [illegible] for No 2. [illegible] Corn less active and lower; sales No 1 at [illegible]; [illegible] Oats [illegible]; Rye [illegible]; Barley quiet and unchanged.

HIGHWINES—Inactive and nominal at 89@90c.

GROCERIES—New Orleans molasses 80@85c. Sugar [illegible].

PROVISIONS—Mess pork inactive and firm at $30 75@31. Lard firm at 18½c. Dry-salted shoulders 11¾c; rough sides 15c; short rib middles 15½c; short clear middles 16c. Bacon quiet; shoulders 13¾c; clear sides 17c.

HOGS—Quiet at $8 25@8 75 for common, $8 90@9 25 for light and medium, and $9 35@9 60 for good to choice.

CATTLE—Quiet at $5@5 60 for medium, $6@6 50 for good, $6 75@7 for good to choice.

RECEIPTS—4,000 bbls flour, 4,000 bush wheat, 37,848 bush corn, 11,400 bush oats, 2,000 bush rye, [illegible] hogs.

SHIPMENTS—3,000 bbls flour, 4,304 bush wheat, 49,938 bush corn, 8,280 bush oats, 7,000 bush rye, 6,000 hogs.

FREIGHTS—More active and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, May 15—P. M.

TOBACCO—Active and lugs higher at 4½@5c for green and frosted, and 5@6½c for sound do; other grades unchanged.

COTTON—Nothing doing.

HEMP—Steady and firm, with sales at $115@130 for common to choice undressed.

FLOUR—Inactive at $4 60@5 25 for superfine; $5 25@5 50 for double extra; $7 25@9 25 for triple extra to fancy.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and unchanged; prime to choice spring in sacks $1 15@1 16; prime to strictly prime fall $1 45@1 50; choice to fancy red winter $1 [illegible]. Corn buoyant and firm for choice to fancy white at 71@73c; other grades inactive at 65@67c. Oats opened firm but closed dull and easier at 68@69c. Barley nominal. Rye inactive and easier at $1 [illegible].

WHISKY—Firm at 98c.

GROCERIES—Unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Steady, with a fair consumptive demand, and moderate jobbing sales. Dry-salted shoulders 12½c loose; clear sides 17c. Bacon shoulders 13¾c; clear rib sides 17c; clear sides 17½c, and 16½c for clear rib sides. Lard unchanged at 17½c.

CATTLE—In moderate demand at 4@7½c.

HOGS—Dull at $8@8 75 for fair to choice.

RECEIPTS—2,000 bbls flour, 16,000 bush wheat, 4,000 bush corn, 4,700 bush oats, 600 bush rye, 600 hogs.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, May 15—P. M.

FLOUR—Unchanged and quiet; family $6 25@6 50.

GRAIN—Wheat unchanged and quiet at $1 50@1 55. Corn quiet at 65c. Rye dull at $1 25. Barley, no demand.

COTTON—Unchanged; middling 27½c.

WHISKY—Very firm at 95c, but not offered to any extent at this rate.

PROVISIONS—Firmer and in better demand; mess pork is in good demand; 1,200 bbls at $30 50, now asking $31@31 50. Bulk meats held more firmly; shoulders 11¾c, and sides 14@15½c. Bacon firmer and in good demand; sales 316 hhds 13c, 16c and 16¾c for shoulders, clear rib and clear sides. Lard held at 17½c; the slight improvement in the demand has stiffened the holders of 300 tcs., but is now held at 17½@18c. The slight improvement in the demand has stiffened the feeling of holders.

BUTTER—Unchanged; fresh 28@30c.

EGGS—17c, and the supply light.

GROCERIES—No change.

OILS—Without change.

GOLD—139½ buying.

MONEY—Market easy.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, May 15—P. M.

COTTON—Quiet; middling 28½@28¾c. Sales 900 bales; receipts 1,681 bales; exports 3,104 bales.

GOLD—139¼.

EXCHANGE—Sterling 152½; New York sight drafts ½ discount.

FLOUR—Dull; superfine $5 37; double extra $5 75; triple extra $6 50.

GRAIN—Corn firmer; white 75@78c. Oats 76c.

BRAN—$1 25.

HAY—Prime $30.

PROVISIONS—Pork $32 25. Bacon 13½@17½c. Lard, tierce 18½c, keg 19@20c.

GROCERIES—Sugar, common 9½@10½c, prime 13½c. Molasses nominal; fermenting 35@45c.

WHISKY—Western rectified $1@1 02½.

COFFEE—Fair 15½c; prime 16½c.

MEMPHIS MARKET.

MEMPHIS, May 15.

COTTON—Quiet at 27½c. Receipts 28 bales; exports 99 bales.

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.

GRAIN—Corn 78c. Oats 75c.

HAY—$25@30.

PROVISIONS—Pork $32 50. Lard 18@19½c. Bacon quiet; shoulders 13½c, sides 17½c. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 13½c, sides 16½c.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.

FLOUR—Dull and weak; Northwestern extra family $6 25@7, Ohio do $7 25@8.

GRAIN—Wheat declining; red $1 55@1 60; amber $1 70. Rye unchanged. Corn very quiet; sales 3,000 bushels yellow at 87@88c; mixed Western unchanged. Oats steady at 80c.

PETROLEUM—Unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Unchanged.

WHISKY—Dull, freely offered at 94c free.

NASHVILLE COTTON MARKET.

NASHVILLE, May 15.

COTTON—Market dull; low middling 25c; good ordinary 24c.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

[By the Atlantic Cable.]

LONDON, May 15—P. M.

Consols for money 92¾, for account 92⅞. Erie 20¾; Illinois Central 95, and Atlantic and Great Western 25¼. Stocks quiet. 5-20s 78¾.

Tallow 43s. Sugar 39s 3d.

ANTWERP, May 15.

Petroleum 56¼f.

FRANKFORT, May 15—P. M.

5-20 bonds 84¼.

LIVERPOOL, May 15—P. M.

COTTON—A shade easier; middling uplands 11¼d, Orleans 11½d. Sales 8,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—California white wheat 1s 4d; red Western 9s 7d. Western flour 23s 6d.

GRAIN—Barley 5s. Peas 38s 6d.

PROVISIONS—Pork 100s. Cheese 82s. Bacon 59s 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 64s.

PETROLEUM—Unchanged.

TALLOW—43s 6d.

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Opera House.

☞ Engagement of the young actor Mr. R. D. OGDEN.

MONDAY EVENING, May 17, Taylor's great drama the TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN. Bob Brierly, Mr. R. D. Ogden.

☞ Saturday Grand Matinee.

Woodland Garden!

SUNDAY, MAY 16

BEING WHITSUNTIDE,

The day will be duly celebrated in this roomy and pleasant Garden by a sacred concert, both in the afternoon and evening. The

GREAT WESTERN STAR BAND

will execute some of their best pieces under the leadership of that excellent musical director CHRIS HAUPT. On

Monday Afternoon

and during the evening there will be not only concert music but also dancing in the large hall.

BEN. STRUBE, Proprietor.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

CONCERT

For the benefit of the

German Christian School Society,

MONDAY EVENING, May 24, by the teachers and pupils of said school. Admission 50 cents.

my11 dtd

Roller Skating

AT

GLOVER'S HALL!

Engagement of Mr. Eugene St. Clair,

the gentleman and artistic skater, who will give an exhibition of Skating at each opening assembly.

Mr. ST. CLAIR will be in attendance on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday afternoons, from 3 to 5; Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday from 7½ to 10½ P. M., to assist and give instruction in this fascinating accomplishment.

No admission charged for ladies or children in day assemblies.

Skates for Hire at the Hall.

my14 dtf

Mrs. O'DONOVAN (ROSSA)

AT the earnest solicitation of her numerous friends, this accomplished and eminent Irish lady has kindly consented to give one of her highly interesting entertainments, consisting of RECITATIONS, AT MASONIC HALL, on Monday Evening, 17th inst., at 8 o'clock precisely. Tickets [illegible]

COMMENCING EXERCISES.

Overture on Piano and Violin by those talented artists the [illegible], W. F. [illegible] McCann and Charlie Ward.

Introductory Address by Francis P. McGrade.

1. Beautiful City of Derry by M. Seaman.

Music.

2. Forging the Anchor by Sam'l Ferguson.
3. [illegible]
4. [illegible] the Malbury Tree [illegible]
Music.
5. Bells by Edgar A. Poe.
6. Bridge Mrs. O'DONOVAN (ROSSA).
7. Battle of Fontenoy by Thos. Davis.
Ballad by Joseph E. McGrath.
8. People Will Talk Thos. Hood.

Price of Admission Tickets 50 cts. my15 2t

GRAND PICNIC AND BALL.

THE MACHINISTS and LABORERS of J. W. DAVIS & CO.'S Foundry respectfully announce a GRAND PICNIC and a BALL, at night on Monday, May 17, 1869, at the LION GARDEN. [illegible]

THE MANAGERS.

GRAND SERIAL ENTERTAINMENT

AT WEISIGER HALL

On Thursday & Friday, May 20 & 21, 1869

Consisting of

Choruses, Quartettes, Solos, Dissolving Views and Floating Tableaux, &c.

THE proceeds of the above entertainment will be handed to the Ladies' Sewing Society of the Christian Church, corner Fourth and Walnut streets, to aid in furnishing and carpeting the same.

Tickets 50 cts. Doors open at 7½ o'clock. Entertainment commences promptly at 8 o'clock. [illegible] loaned by D. P. Faulds.

my15 dtf

BRIGNOLI,

The Prince of Tenors.

Mr. C. A. CHIZZOLA has the honor to announce, for positively

Three Nights Only,

AT WEISIGER HALL,

SIGNOR P. BRIGNOLI,

The sweetest silver-voiced Tenor of the day

Assisted by the young and distinguished Prima Donna Soprano,

M'lle MARIE LOUISA DURAND;

Signor PETRILLI, the renowned Baritone;

Signor SARTI, Buffo;

Signor LOCATELLI, Basso Cantante.

Signor STEFANONE, Musical Director and Conductor.

MONDAY EVENING, May 17, Donizetti's charming parlor Opera of DON PASQUALE.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 18, Rossini's masterwork the BARBER OF SEVILLE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 19, Grand Farewell Night. LUCIA, FAVORITA, and TROVATORE.

Reserved seats $2; Admission $1; Family Circle 50c. ☞ The sale of seats for the three nights only will commence at D. P. Faulds' music store on Thursday, May 13. [illegible] the three nights will close on Friday, May 14. my11 dtf

PLEASURE EXCURSION.

THE steamer BERMUDA, Capt. Ike Shalla, has been chartered for a select pleasure excursion to Madison and return, leaving the city wharf WHITSUN DAY, at 7½ A. M., and arriving back at 9 P. M. [illegible] casion. Tickets can be procured only of the Managers.

MANAGERS.—Capt. John Sherley, Capt. Pink Varble, Capt. John Z. Davies, Capt. Jack Pierce, Capt. Jas. Brown, Capt. Gus. Montgomery, Capt. Dan. Sackman, Phil. T. Gorman, R. M. Woods Provisions, Henry C. Morgan, [illegible] John T. Levi, Bernard McNulty, Wm. Meriwether, Bernard Wade, Rich'd Waggener, Louis Webber, Chas. Kremer, E. Purcell, J. R. Crane, P. H. [illegible], Morgan, Fred. Bleyle, Jas. Caldwell, J. M. Haddell, Ed. Small, Geo. Stokes, of Jeffersonville.

my11 dtd

Market-st. Architectural Foundry

AND

IRON WORKS.

SNEAD & CO.,

Market, between Eighth and Ninth streets,

Louisville, Ky.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron Buildings,
Iron Fronts,
Railings,
Verandahs,
Window Caps,
Jails and Cells,
Bank Vaults.

Sidewalk Lights, Floor Lights, Roof Lights, } Hyatt's Patent.

And all Wrought and Cast Iron Work pertaining to Architecture.

Agents for Bank Locks from the works of the New Britain Bank Lock Co. & Linus Yale.

Contracts taken for Polished Plate and Rough Plate Glass. [illegible]

STEAMBOATS.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Co.

INDIANA R. E. NEAL, Master, For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans on Tuesday, the 18th inst., at 5 P. M.

E. T. Sturgeon, Sup't. R. C. Levi, Gen. F't Ag't.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Co.

MARY HOUSTON L. B. DUNHAM, Master, For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans on Sunday, the 16th inst., at 5 P. M.

E. T. Sturgeon, Sup't. B. C. Levi, Gen. F't Ag't.

Wanted—Steamboat,

CAPACITY between fifty and seventy-five tons; not to draw over 18 inches light. Address, giving full particulars, M. S. CASTER, Osage City, Missouri. my14 d6

Regular Memphis [illegible] and Arkansas River Tri-Weekly Packet Company. JOHN D. ADAMS, President. [illegible] leaves Memphis every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, for Napoleon and Little Rock, [illegible] for bills of lading to Arkansas and White rivers apply to mr8 dtf J. W. FORBES, Agent, 44 Fourth st.

"Old Reliable."

Louisville, Madison, and Carrollton Packet. LEONORA No. 2. NOAH NEAL, Master. G. W. LILLEY, Clerk. Leaves the foot of Fourth street for Madison, Carrollton, and all intermediate landings every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 o'clock M. ap13 dtf THOS. SMALL, Agent.

TOWBOAT DART FOR SALE.

Now lying at Pittsburg with [illegible] complete repair, and well [illegible] every particular. She was [illegible] docked and had her [illegible] and [illegible] new put on her. Her power is 12 [illegible] cylinders, 5 feet stroke, 3 boilers, [illegible] Dimensions as follows: 129 feet long, 21 feet beam, 4 feet hold.

Persons desirous of buying a towboat cheap will find this a rare opportunity. Address THOS. FAWCETT, my13 d10 51 Water street, Pittsburg, Pa.

STEAMBOATS.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

SHAMROCK G. W. CULLUM, Master, Will leave as above on This Day, the 16th, at 12 M. MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

Louisville and New Orleans Packet Co.

ROB'T E. LEE JOHN CANNON, Master, For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans on Friday, the 21st, at 5 P. M.

E. T. Sturgeon, Sup't. B. C. Levi, Gen. F't Ag't.

For Memphis and Arkansas River, Direct.

LAWRENCE H. U. HART, Master, Leaves on Tuesday, the 18th, at 5 o'clock P. M. MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Clarksville and Nashville.

CAMELIA GOLDING, Master, Will leave as above on Tuesday, the 18th, at 12 A. M., from city wharf. MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Cairo, St. Louis, and St. Paul, Direct.

MESSENGER JESSE DEAN, Master, Will leave as above on This Day, the 16th, at 5 P. M. from city wharf. MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

Regular Kentucky River Packet.

BLUE WING No. 2.

SAM. SANDERS, Master. GEO. M. WOODS, Clerk. Will leave for Frankfort every Wednesday at 5 o'clock P. M., and every Saturday at 5 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to

J. W. FORBES & CO., Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI.

OLD RELIABLE

U. STATES MAIL LINE STEAMERS.

FARE $3 50, including meals and state-room. Freight one dollar less than by any other line.

UNITED STATES MAIL MORNING LINE AT 10 A. M. One of the magnificent steamers MAJ. ANDERSON SAM. HILDRETH, Master, GEN. BUELL C. DAVID, Master, making close connections.

EVENING LINE AT 5 P. M. One of the new and splendid double-decked palace steamers ST. CHARLES D. WHITTEN, Master, GEN. LYTLE R. W. WADE, Master, only of the Cincinnati line.

☞ All Railroad Tickets between Louisville and Cincinnati will be received for passage on boats and entitle the holder to meals and state-rooms, free.

☞ Both lines connect with the Cincinnati and Lexington, [illegible] Eastern passengers by this route have no change from Cincinnati to New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

☞ One of the above boats leaves every Sunday [illegible] railroad tickets are [illegible]

☞ Tickets for sale at the Galt House and Louisville Hotel offices, and by special conductors on all railroads.

☞ All the above boats leave from the Company's Wharfboat, foot of Third street.

sep10 dtf JOE CAMPION, Agent.